Singapore

Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards - Certification


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Report Highlights:
The report provides information on export certificates that the Singapore government requires. The Agri-Food and Veterinary Authority is the national authority responsible for ensuring food safety and food regulations in the country. While Singapore maintains a generally liberal and open trade system, it has strict regulations on the imports of meats, poultry and shellfish – for mainly food safety reasons. For detailed information on Singapore’s regulatory infrastructure and import control policies, and overview of laws and requirement for imported food/agricultural products, please refer to the latest version of GAIN FAIRS Country Report /Narrative 2016.
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SECTION I. LIST OF ALL EXPORT CERTIFICATES REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT (MATRIX):

Complete details can be found on the [FSIS Form Export Library (Singapore)](http://www.fsis.usda.gov)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Products</th>
<th>Title of Certificate/s</th>
<th>Attestation Required on Certificate</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Requested Ministry</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Poultry</td>
<td>FSIS forms 9060-5 and 9435-1</td>
<td>Slaughter/Production Dates</td>
<td>Food Safety</td>
<td>Agri-Food &amp; Veterinary Authority of Singapore (AVA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Letterhead Certificate (FSIS Form 2630-9)</td>
<td>Mainly AI related matters including heat treatment</td>
<td>Food Safety</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pork</td>
<td>FSIS forms 9060-5 &amp; 9435-1</td>
<td>Slaughter/Production Date; Trichinae testing (9060-5) Pork was treated to destroy trichinae (9435-1)</td>
<td>Food Safety</td>
<td>AVA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Letterhead Certificate (FSIS Form 2630-9) for Hog Casings</td>
<td>Free of FMD and swine diseases</td>
<td>Food Safety</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beef</td>
<td>FSIS forms 9060-5 &amp; 9435-1</td>
<td>Slaughter / Production Date</td>
<td>Food Safety</td>
<td>AVA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Letterhead Certificate(FSIS Form 2630-9)</td>
<td>Mainly BSE related matters</td>
<td>Food Safety</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Boneless and bone-in cuts are allowed provided the establishments are in the Agricultural Marketing Service's (AMS) Beef Export Verification program for Singapore.

There is a registration and approval process with AVA for processed beef and beef offal products, which establishments must complete prior to export. The
registration and approval process is in addition but separate from the AMS EV program requirements. Please click [here](#) for the report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frozen oysters, frozen blood cockle meat, frozen cooked prawns, frozen raw/cooked crab meat and live oysters</th>
<th>Any State Export Health Certificate</th>
<th>Each consignment must be accompanied by a health certificate issued by the competent authority of the exporting country, certifying that Singapore’s animal health and food safety requirements have been complied with. Each consignment must be accompanied by a health certificate issued by the relevant authority of the exporting country.</th>
<th>Food Safety</th>
<th>AVA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Live oysters</td>
<td></td>
<td>Import is only allowed from countries which meet AVA’s requirements for a shellfish sanitation program. Aside from the U.S., countries currently approved are Australia, Canada, France, Ireland, the Netherlands, New Zealand and U.K.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh fruits and vegetables (unprocessed and raw fruits and vegetables)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>According to the Control of Plants (Import &amp; Transshipment of Fresh Fruits &amp; Vegetables) Rules, fresh fruits and vegetables imported should not contain any prohibited pesticide, or Levels of pesticide residue or toxic chemical residue exceeding the prescribed levels specified in the Ninth Schedule of the Food Regulations or recommended in the Joint FAO/WHO Codex Alimentarius Commission.</td>
<td>Food Safety</td>
<td>AVA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processed food</td>
<td>Health certificates and laboratory analytical reports may be required for specific food products. Documentary proofs are required for specific foods to indicate that the imported products are produced under sanitary conditions in regulated establishments; including infant cereal and formulas, pasteurized liquid milk, minimally processed fruits and vegetables and traditional cakes.</td>
<td>Varies according to specific food products</td>
<td>Food Safety</td>
<td>AVA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Mineral Water &amp; Spring Water</td>
<td>Authentication Certification Map of site location Export health cert including microbiological analysis &amp; chemical analysis results</td>
<td>Microbiological tests and chemical tests to confirm that microbe level and chemical residue level not to exceed those laid down in the Food Regulations Act</td>
<td>Food Safety</td>
<td>AVA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packaged drinking water</td>
<td>Export health cert including microbiological analysis &amp; chemical analysis results</td>
<td>Microbiological tests and chemical tests to confirm that microbe level and chemical residue level not to exceed those laid down in Food Regulations Act</td>
<td>Food Safety</td>
<td>AVA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soy sauces, oyster sauces and sauces containing soy or oyster sauce</td>
<td>Analysis report and 3-MCPD laboratory</td>
<td>Analysis report that ingredients must not be detected with more than 0.02 ppm of 3-monochloropropane-1,2-diol (3-MCPD)</td>
<td>Food Safety</td>
<td>AVA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table eggs, further processed egg products, such as cooked omelets, frozen egg patties, and hard boiled eggs.</td>
<td>AMS Sanitation Certificate</td>
<td>Name of producer / manufacturer; including the plant number on the certificate. The form indicates that the AMS number refers to the plant number. Product is wholesome, fit for human consumption; and free from</td>
<td>Food Safety</td>
<td>AVA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Processed eggs and foods containing eggs, such as liquid, frozen, or dried eggs, with or without added ingredients.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FSIS Form 9060-5EP (Egg Product Export Certificate of Wholesomeness)</th>
<th>Exporter and importer’s names and addresses; certificate number - Pre-printed serial number for FSIS Form 9060-5EP; and establishment/plant number. Eggs should meet FSIS requirements and eligible for commerce. Products are fit for human consumption.</th>
<th>Food Safety</th>
<th>AVA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FSIS Letterhead Certificate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:**

FSIS - Food Safety and Inspection Service  
AMS - Agricultural Marketing Service.
AMS’ Sanitation Certificate is expected to be an official form and specific to the Processed Eggs and Egg Products Export Verification (PEEPEV) Program by next year.

**SECTION II. PURPOSE OF SPECIFIC EXPORT CERTIFICATE(S)**

Please refer to the Matrix under Section I.

**SECTION III. SPECIFIC ATTESTATIONS REQUIRED ON EXPORT CERTIFICATE(S)**

Please refer to the Matrix under Section I.

**SECTION IV. GOVERNMENT CERTIFICATE’S LEGAL ENTRY REQUIREMENTS**

Essentially all food / food products entering Singapore must originate from sources approved by AVA. Overseas food establishments exporting specific types of food are required to obtain the relevant accreditation / procedures; including meat and meat products, processed eggs, fresh table eggs, poultry and poultry products, certain types of processed food, and fish and fish products. Applications are to be submitted through the competent authorities of exporting countries. Fresh fruits and vegetables and certain types of processed food products must be obtained from establishments regulated by the overseas competent authorities. However, no application for AVA accreditation is required.

Upon meeting the requirements for the approval of imported food sources and also conditions for specific types of food, the next step would require applying for an import permit via the TradeXchange system. AVA requires an import permit for all food and food products brought into Singapore, irrespective of the mode of transport – i.e. air, land, sea or parcel post.

**Meat and poultry products**
Every consignment of imported meat products must be accompanied by a health certificate issued by a veterinary authority of the exporting country, essentially certifying that Singapore’s animal health and food safety requirements are met. Consignment of meat products will be inspected by AVA – including consignment of meat and poultry is physically examined for wholesomeness and freedom from disease and spoilage; and samples of meats and poultry are routinely taken for laboratory microbiological tests. Some consignments may be placed on “hold and test” pending the outcome of the laboratory analysis.

For the U.S., all FSIS export certificates accompanying the meat product must be signed by a FSIS veterinarian; and the veterinary degree must be indicated after the signature.

**NOTE to Exporter:** There is a registration and approval process with AVA for processed beef and beef offal products, which establishments must complete prior to export. The registration and approval process is in addition but separate from the AMS EV program requirements. Information regarding this process and details of Singapore’s residue limits for beef offal are detailed in the *GAIN Report Singapore Opens Market to Full Range of U.S. Beef Products*. Please click [here](#) for the report.

**Shellfish**

Generally, fish and fish products can be imported from any country without obtaining a health certificate. Imported fish products are subject to mandatory inspection by AVA before sale is permitted. Sampling for laboratory analysis may be required. Some consignments may be placed on “hold and test” pending the outcome of the laboratory analysis before sale is permitted. An import permit issued by the AVA, is required for every consignment of fish products.

Stringent control is directed towards selected high-risk shellfish products such as oysters, clams, mussels, scallops and cooked crab meat. High-risk shellfish products may only be imported from sources with acceptable shellfish sanitation programs. As these selected shellfish products are considered as high-risk products, each shipment must be accompanied by a health certificate issued by the competent authority of the exporting country, certifying that Singapore’s animal health and food safety requirements have been complied with.

Restrictions also apply for fish species listed under the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES). Exporters are required to obtain the following permits that must be accompanied every product under the CITES:

- CITES import permit from AVA
- CITES export/re-export permit from the country of export

Imports are not allowed for some high risk products, including the following:

- Chilled shucked raw oysters
- Chilled cockle meat
- Chilled cooked prawn/shrimp
- Chilled crab meat
**Fresh Fruits and Vegetables**
In general, fresh fruits and vegetables imported from the U.S. do not require export health or phytosanitary certification, but usually must undergo routine checks on arrival and are tested for pesticide residues. Exporters must ensure that the containers (baskets, cartons, etc.) of the produce are labelled properly, including: name and address of the producers, product description and date of export/packing. For processed food products and fresh fruits/vegetables, no application for AVA accreditation is required.

For preserved fruits and vegetables, exporters are required to comply with the labelling requirements stipulated in the Food regulations, including microbiological standards, the use of food additives (e.g. chemical preservatives, sweetening agents, colors, etc.) and the maximum limits for various pesticide residues. For minimally processed peeled fruits and vegetables, microbiological and chemical tests are carried out on these products. For certain commodities, such as groundnuts, pistachios, cashew nuts and corn, upon importation they are subject to inspection and chemical analysis for aflatoxins or other mycotoxins. They can only be allowed for sale in Singapore after they have passed laboratory tests.

**Processed foods**

The import and sale of food products in Singapore are governed by the Sale of Food Act and Food Regulations. Importers must ensure that the food products imported for sale in Singapore comply with the food standards and labelling requirements stipulated in the Food Regulations.

Supporting documents such as health certificates and laboratory analytical reports may be required for specific food products when applying for import permits. When submitting the documents, please state the Unique Reference No of the declaration and the AVA Registration Number on the top right hand corner of each document.

For certain types of processed food products, exporters have to produce documentary proof that the imported products are produced under sanitary conditions in a regulated establishment. The regulated source documents that AVA accepts as documentary proof include:

- Certificate of HACCP (Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point)
- Certificate of GMP (Good Manufacturing Practices)
- Health Certificate (issued by competent food or veterinary authority of exporting country)
- Attestation of export (issued by competent food or veterinary authority of exporting country)
- Factory license (issued by regulatory authority of the exporting country).

All imported processed food products are subjected to inspection. Samples may be taken for laboratory analysis. In certain cases of food items, a conditional approval message will be posted on the import permits to require traders to contact AVA for an inspection.

**Specific food products**

For the import of specific food products, additional documents such as laboratory reports and health certificates may be requirement during import permit application. Examples of specific food products include mineral water, soy sauce and oyster sauce.
For additional information on specific food products and their requirements, please click [here](#).

- **Bottled natural mineral water and drinking water**

According to AVA, there are several types of bottled drinking water imported into Singapore, including the following:

- Natural mineral water is obtained directly from underground with or without ozonisation. Natural mineral water contains trace amount of minerals. The amount and type of mineral present in natural mineral water vary with the location from where the water is extracted.
- Packaged drinking water includes spring water, mineralized drinking water and distilled water. They are drinking water that are obtained from different sources or that have undergone different forms of treatment.
- Spring water is underground water that flows naturally to the surface of the earth.
- Mineralized drinking water is drinking water with added minerals.
- Distilled water is water purified by the process of distillation, which involves a process of turning the water into steam and re-condensing it by cooling.

Before importation, the importer is required to submit the following documents to AVA:

- The original copy of the certificate issued by the government controlling authority of the country of origin to certify that the natural mineral water or spring water is genuine.
- Site plan showing the source of the natural mineral water
- A health certificate showing that the natural mineral water to be imported complies with the standards required by Regulation 183A of the Food Regulations
- Label of the products to show that the labelling complies with the requirements of the Food Regulations.

The health certificate is required from the country of origin for every consignment of all types of bottled drinking water, and it should provide the following information:

- Description of product
- Product codes, batch number or marking. This should be indicated on the product label/carton box
- Departure date from the exporting country and name of vessel
- Particulars of exporter
- Particulars of consignee
- Results of microbiological & chemical tests.

Upon arrival of the consignment, AVA will inspect, collect samples for laboratory analysis and then seal the consignment. The consignment will only be released to the market after the laboratory analysis report shows that the product complies with the requirements of the Food Regulations.

- **Soy sauce and oyster sauce**
Soy sauces, oyster sauces and sauces containing soy or oyster sauce as an ingredient, must not be detected with more than 0.02 ppm of 3-monochloropropane-1, 2-diol (3-MCPD). Importers are to submit analysis reports to AVA prior to importation. The analysis report must come from an independent laboratory on the level of 3-MCPD (3-monochloropropane-1, 2-diol) in the soy/oyster sauce for consideration before importation. The report should include the brand of sauce, type of sauce, grade of sauce, country of origin, batch number, date of laboratory test, name and country of laboratory, level of 3-MCPD detected (fresh weight), detection limit of 3-MCPD (detection limit should not exceed 0.01ppm) and % dry matter.

- **Fresh Eggs**

Eggs must come from AVA-approved layer farms and only from the following countries: U.S., Australia, Japan, West Malaysia, New Zealand, Sweden and Korea. Each consignment of fresh eggs must be derived from a single farm.

Every imported consignment must be accompanied by a veterinary health certificate issued by the relevant veterinary authority of the exporting country, and the certificate must be dated within seven days of import.

- **Processed eggs**

Eggs must be imported from AVA-approved sources. Please click [here](http://www.fas.usda.gov/scriptsw/AttacheRep/attache_lout.asp) for AVA database to search for approved overseas food establishments.

Each consignment of processed eggs must be accompanied by a health certificate issued by the competent authority of the exporting country. This is to certify that the imported products comply with Singapore’s animal health and food safety requirements.

**SECTION V. OTHER CERTIFICATION/ACCREDITATION REQUIREMENTS**

For further details on food requirements in the Singapore market, please check FAS/Singapore Food and Agricultural Import Regulations & Standards Country Report/Narrative, Exporter Guide and Retail Report at the following web portal:


**APPENDIX I. ELECTRONIC COPY OR OUTLINE OF EACH EXPORT CERTIFICATE**

FSIS Form 9060-5
# Sample Certificate for Importation of Meat and Poultry into Singapore

**Identification**
- **Product as Labeled**
- **Shipment Marks**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EST. PLANT NO. ON PRODUCT</th>
<th>MARKED WEIGHT OF LOT</th>
<th>NUMBER OF CARTONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Marked Weight**
- **Exported By** (Applicant’s name and address, including zip code)
- **Destination** (Name and address of Consignee)

**Date of Manufacture** (month/day/year) (Complete for processed product only)

**Date of Slaughter** (month/day/year) (Complete for fresh/hot cut product only)

**Certification**

1. The United States was free of foot-and-mouth disease and rinderpest for 6 months immediately prior to the date of export.
2. The products are fit for human consumption and every precaution has been taken to prevent contamination prior to export.
3. The United States has been free of swine vesicular disease and Classical Swine Fever during the last 6 months. (This requirement applies only to pork and pork products.)
4. The pork was treated to destroy trichinae by one of the methods described in Section 318.10 of USDA Regulations. (This requirement applies to pork meat and pork tongues. It should be deleted for pork by-products and meat of other species.)
5. The poultry and/or poultry products are free from evidence of Newcastle Disease and foul cholera. (This requirement applies only to poultry and poultry products.)
6. The canned products have been manufactured and inspected in accordance with Sections 318.301 through 318.311 of USDA Regulations. (This requirement applies only to canned products.)
7. The meat was not treated with chemical substances or preservatives that are injurious to health.
8. The meat was derived from animals which were slaughtered, processed, packaged, and stored under sanitary conditions under official veterinary supervision in federally inspected establishments. The Director-General, Age-Food and Veterinary Services recognize all federally inspected establishments as eligible to export to Singapore.

**Official Seal**

**GIVEN** (City, State)
**DATE** (Name of Month, Day, Year)
**SIGNATURE OF MV VETERINARIAN** (Veterinarian DVM, etc.)
**TYPE NAME OF MV VETERINARIAN AND CIRCUT NUMBER**

FSIS Form 9435-1  
Page 11
Letterhead Certificate for Beef and Beef Products produced on
or after May 5, 2015 for Export to Singapore

Date Issued: __________________ Certificate Number: __________________

1. The United States is recognized by the World Organization for Animal Health (OIE) as
   having negligible BSE risk, satisfying the conditions in Chapter 11.5 of the 2013
2. The product was derived from cattle that were born, raised and slaughtered in the United
   States or imported from countries approved by the government of Singapore.
3. The product was not derived from suspect or confirmed BSE cases, or suspect or
   confirmed progeny or cohorts of BSE cases, as described in the Terrestrial Animal Health
   Code adopted by the OIE.
4. The product was derived from cattle that were slaughtered in the United States and were
   not subjected to a stunning process with a device injecting compressed air or gas into the
   cranial cavity, or to a pithing process.
5. The product was derived from cattle that were subject to ante-mortem and post-mortem
   inspection.
6. Specified risk materials\(^1\) have been cleanly removed from products shipped to Singapore
   without contamination of the meat.
7. In the case of processed beef, the meat is not derived from mechanically
   separated/recovered meat.

Signature of FSIS Veterinarian: ________________________________

Printed Name: ________________________________

Title/Professional Degree: ________________________________

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\(^1\) Specified Risk Materials refer to the brain, skull, eyes, trigeminal ganglia, spinal cord, vertebral column (excluding the
vertebrae of the tail), the transverse processes of the thoracic and lumbar vertebrae, and the wings of the sacrum) and dorsal
root ganglia from cattle 30 months of age and older, and the distal ileum of the small intestine and the tonsils from all cattle.

Certificate Edition: 05/05/2015
FSIS Form 2630-6 (8/89)

EQUAL OPPORTUNITY IN EMPLOYMENT AND SERVICES
Letterhead certificate: Poultry (Restricted States)

United States  Food Safety  Washington, D.C.  
Department of Agriculture  and Inspection  20250  
Service

FSIS Letterhead Certificate for Poultry and Poultry Products for Export to Singapore when consignments include product from restricted states

Date issued: Certificate Number:

1. Highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) and H5 and H7 low pathogenic avian influenza (LPAI) are notifiable diseases in the country of export.

2. The birds from which the meat was sourced were not vaccinated against Notifiable (H5 and H7) subtypes of Avian Influenza as defined by the World Organization for Animal Health (OIE).

3. The poultry meat and poultry meat products were heat processed to a core temperature of 60 degrees Celsius for at least 567 seconds, or 65 degrees Celsius for at least 42 seconds, or 70 degrees Celsius for 3.5 seconds, or 73.9 degrees Celsius for 0.51 seconds.

4. The poultry from which the meat was derived were born, raised, and slaughtered in USA, or were legally imported as day old chicks from countries with equivalent poultry health status.

Signature of FSIS Veterinarian: ________________________________

Printed Name: ________________________________________________________________________________

Title/Professional Degree: _______________________________________________________________________

FSIS Form 2800-8 (09/16)  
EQUAL OPPORTUNITY IN EMPLOYMENT AND SERVICES
FSIS Letterhead Certificate for Poultry and Poultry Products for Export to Singapore

Date Issued: Certificate Number: ____________________________

1. Highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) and H5 and H7 low pathogenicity avian influenza (LPAI) are notifiable diseases in the country of export.

2. The birds from which the meat was sourced were not vaccinated against Notifiable (H5 and H7) subtypes of Avian Influenza as defined by the World Organization for Animal Health (OIE).

3. USA has been free from low pathogenicity avian influenza (LPAI) of the H5 and H7 subtypes for the past three (3) months prior to export.

4. The poultry from which the meat was derived were born, raised, and slaughtered in USA, or were legally imported as day old chicks from countries with equivalent poultry health status.

Signature of FSIS Veterinarian: ____________________________
Printed Name: _________________________________________
Title/Professional Degree: ________________________________
Letterhead Certificate for Hog Casings to Singapore

Date Issued: __________________
Certification Number: __________________

1. The hog casings originated in the United States of America
2. The hog from which the casings were derived from were slaughtered on
3. The establishment control number of the U.S. slaughterhouse: ________________
4. The establishment control number where the casings were prepared and stored:
5. The casings were processed between (date of slaughter) and (date of packing on the package)
6. The USA is free from the foot-and-mouth disease, African swine fever, classical swine fever, swine vesicular disease and Teschen disease
7. Casings were packed:
   a. So that each package contains products derived from a single species of animal only
   b. They were not exposed to contamination before export, they are packed in clean new or disinfected packaging containers
   c. Each barrel is numerically marked and contains establishment numbers
   d. Hog casings were stored for not less than 30 days after the slaughter of the animals from which they were derived

Signature of the Official Veterinarian: ____________________________

Printed Name: ____________________________

Title/Professional Degree: ____________________________
Letterhead Certificate for Egg Products Intended for Export to Singapore

Date Issued: ___________ Certificate Number: __________________________

1. This product was processed under USDA supervision in an official establishment.
2. The products have been handled and packed in a hygienic manner.
3. This product is fit for human consumption.
4. No additive and/or coloring matters injurious to health are added.
5. This product has been pasteurized at _____ °C for _____ minutes, in a process that destroys micro-organisms, including Salmonella.

Signature of FSIS Veterinarian: ________________________________

Printed Name: ____________________________________________

Title/Professional Degree: __________________________________

FDIS Form 2000-9 (6/06)  EQUAL OPPORTUNITY IN EMPLOYMENT AND SERVICES