Germany as part of the European Community has implemented EU regulations for the import of products of animal and plant origin. The US export certification requirements for most products destined for the EU have been harmonized. The few products not yet harmonized are subject to German national regulations.
The export certification requirements for most products destined for the EU market have been harmonized. Germany, as a member of the European Union (EU), conforms to all EU regulations and directives. We therefore recommend that this report is read in conjunction with the EU FAIRS Export Certificate Report which can be found on the FAS website: 
http://gain.fas.usda.gov/Pages/Default.aspx or obtained from the U.S. Mission to the EU in Brussels, Belgium (USEU). Please see link for direct access: EU FAIRS Certificate Report 2017

Please note, rules on the certification of imports are complicated and in practice not always harmonized across EU Member States. The few products not yet harmonized are subject to German national regulations. The competent German authority needs to be consulted on a case-by-case basis to address requirements for non-harmonized products.

Imported products must meet existing Member State requirements and products must be accompanied by the proper certification at port of arrival. In general, health certificates are required for all imported products of animal origin and phytosanitary certificates are needed for all plant products that could introduce pests into the EU. In Germany, food safety is the primary responsibility of the federal states (Bundesländer). Official surveillance is co-ordinated by the respective state ministries or, in city-states, by the respective senate administration department.

Export certificates must be in the official language of Germany, which is German. Certified translations of the certificates into German may be used. The import of special products like blood, blood products, and material containing epizootic pathogens must be approved by the responsibility of the federal state. Usually the importer (or possibly an exporter) applies to the authority with all relevant details. There is no set form for this kind of application.

EU food legislation is translated into the 24 official languages in use in the EU-28 (including German) and is published in the Official Journal. The Eurlex website http://eur-lex.europa.eu/en/index.htm provides free access to European Union laws.

This report should be read in conjunction with the EU FAIRS Export Certificate report prepared by the FAS Office in the U.S. Mission to the European Commission (USEU). For additional information on US
export certifications for the EU market, please see the USEU Brussels website: http://www.usda-eu.org/reports/

USDA FAS Contacts in Berlin, Germany
Foreign Agricultural Service
American Embassy
Clayallee 170
14195 Berlin
E-mail: agberlin@state.gov
Tel: (0049) (30) 8305 1150