Canada

Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards Report

FAIRS Export Certificate Report

Approved By:
Evan Mangino

Prepared By:
Maria Arbulu

Report Highlights:
The report highlights certification requirements for food and agricultural products exported to Canada, and supplements the FAIRS Narrative Report CA18069.

Key Words: Canada, CA18069, CA18070, FAIRS, Certificates
Executive Summary

This report highlights export certificates issued by U.S. government authorities to comply with Canadian import standards and regulations. It is an update to the 2017 Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards (FAIRS) Export Certificate Report CA17049. This is not intended as a compendium of Canadian import requirements, but rather as a supplement to the FAIRS Narrative Report CA18069. It was prepared by the Foreign Agricultural Service in Toronto, Canada for U.S. exporters of domestic food and agricultural products. While every possible care was taken in the preparation of this report, this information is provided only as guidance, because requirements may have changed since this report’s preparation, or because clear and consistent information about these requirements was not available.

FAS/Canada strongly recommends that U.S. exporters verify the full set of import requirements through the Canadian Food Inspection Agency’s Automated Import Reference System (AIRS). As a good business practice, U.S. companies should consult with their Canadian customers to ensure products meet Canadian import requirements. As a caveat, final import approval of any product is subject to the importing country’s rules and regulations as interpreted by border officials at the time of product entry.

Section I. Export Certificate Matrix:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product(s)</th>
<th>Title of Certificate</th>
<th>Purpose/Attestation</th>
<th>Issuing Authority</th>
<th>Authority Requiring Certificate</th>
<th>Electronic Copy Attached</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>NAFTA Certificate of Origin&lt;br&gt;CBP, form 434</td>
<td>To claim preferential tariff treatment</td>
<td>Bureau of Customs and Border Protection</td>
<td>Canada Border Service Agency (CBSA)</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meat and Poultry</td>
<td>Certificate for Export of Meat and Poultry Products&lt;br&gt;(Form 9135-3 and 9135-3A)</td>
<td>Product Safety and Wholesomeness</td>
<td>Food Safety and Inspection Service&lt;br&gt;Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS)</td>
<td>Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA)</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eggs</td>
<td>Export Certification&lt;br&gt;FSIS Form 9060-5EP</td>
<td>Wholesomeness</td>
<td>FSIS</td>
<td>CFIA</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bison (Buffalo)</td>
<td>USDA Beef Export Verification (EV) Program Certificate</td>
<td>To attest to eligibility to export beef to Canada</td>
<td>Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS)</td>
<td>CFIA</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pet Food</td>
<td>Zoosanitary Certificate</td>
<td>U.S. origin and food safety</td>
<td>Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS)</td>
<td>CFIA</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh Fruits and Vegetables</td>
<td>SC-205 Certificate of Inspection for</td>
<td>Grading and Quality</td>
<td>AMS</td>
<td>CFIA</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Section II. Purpose and Type of Export Certificate(s)

#### A. All Products: NAFTA Certificate of Origin

The North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) is a trilateral agreement among Canada, Mexico, and the United States under which most products enter into Canada duty free. To obtain this preferential treatment under, U.S. exporters must validate that the food products they are shipping to Canada qualify for duty free treatment. All exporters may review treatment of their products under NAFTA by locating the specific rules of origin treatments, which are described by chapter starting on page 117 of the [NAFTA Rules of Origin text](#).

Once exporters have validated that their product is eligible for duty free treatment, they can complete the Customs and Border Protection NAFTA Certificate of Origin (Form 434) for shipments exceeding $2,500 in value. Completing the form correctly is imperative. Misinformation on this document may affect future shipments. Once completed, all U.S. exporters must retain a copy of the form for up to five years.

To complete Form 434, the U.S. exporter will need to identify their Harmonized System (HS) tariff classification number on the form. The World Customs Organization (WCO), an independent international body is responsible for developing and updating these product classifications. HS
codes are updated periodically, and companies should review their classification numbers on the Census Bureau website for accuracy and compliance.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that U.S. exporters identifying more than the first six digits of an HS code on their NAFTA form should use the Canadian HS codes, which can be found on this CBSA webpage or this CFIA webpage. While the first six digits of an HS code are the same for Canada, Mexico and the United States, the last four to six digits are unique to each country and will vary slightly from the U.S. codes. Since U.S. export shipments are inspected by the CBSA, it is important for U.S. companies to use Canadian HS codes minimize delays or misinterpretations at the border.

Here are some tips for U.S. exporters when completing Form 434:

- **Tip:** The HS tariff schedule is set up where the less processed foods like fresh foods are listed in the earlier chapters and the more processed foods are listed in the later chapters (e.g., vegetables are in chapter 7 and cereal preparations are in chapter 19).

- **Tip:** In field 6, insert the six-digit HS classification number. If required to provide an 8-12 digit classification number, then identify and enter the Canadian Tariff Classification Number in field 6. **Do not** use the U.S. 8-12 digit classification number.

- **Tip:** In field 7, the most likely preference criterion for food products will be “A” for raw or natural crops, or “B” for food products produced in the United States.

- **Tip:** In field 9, entitled “Net Cost,” **do not** provide a dollar amount. The exporter needs to identify the method used to determine origin; either through the net cost method (enter “NC”) or not (enter “NO”).

- **Tip:** In field 10, only the United States, Canada, or Mexico are valid answers. Products originating in non-NAFTA countries are not eligible for duty free treatment under Form 434.

U.S. exporters seeking assistance validating their product may view U.S. Census Bureau educational modules on YouTube. Further assistance is available through local U.S. Export Assistance Centers or through the agricultural State Regional Trade Groups (SRTGs). Exporters in the Food Export USA SRTG regions may contact the Food Export helpline.

**Retaliatory Tariffs on U.S. Agricultural Products**

On July 1, 2018, the Canadian government imposed a 10 percent “surtax,” on selected U.S. food and beverage products. Exporters are encouraged to consult Table 3 on Canada’s Department of Finance website for the official list of products subjected to the surtax. For additional information, please see FAS/Canada GAIN Report CA18046.
B. Meat, Poultry and Processed Egg Products

The USDA’s Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) is responsible for certification of all fresh, frozen and packaged meat, poultry and processed egg products. New exporters of these products may review these requirements and at:

*Exporting Shipment Requirements to Canada*
http://www.fsis.usda.gov/wps/portal/fsis/topics/international-affairs/exporting-products/export-library-requirements-by-country/Canada

**Meat and Poultry**
The USDA Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) is responsible for certification of meat, poultry and processed egg products. Exporters are encouraged to confirm product export requirements on the **FSIS Export Library**, which contains information on eligible and ineligible products for certification, as well as slaughter, processing, labelling, marking and all other documentation requirements.

FSIS Forms 9135-3 and 9135-3A, Official Meat Inspection Certificate for Export of Meat and Poultry Products to Canada, certify that U.S. meat and poultry exports to Canada meet the eligibility, safety and wholesomeness requirements laid out in the Canadian Meat Inspection regulations for imports of meat and poultry from the United States. Additional information can be found on the **FSIS Procedures, Requirements & Exporter Responsibilities for Canada webpage** Instructions for completing FSIS Forms 9135-3 and 9135-3A can be found [here](http://www.fsis.usda.gov/wps/portal/fsis/topics/international-affairs/exporting-products/export-library-requirements-by-country/Canada). (Note: FSIS Forms 9135-3 and 9135-3A must be signed by an official Veterinarian.)

> **Tip:** Your shipment may be detained, returned or destroyed by CBSA if the shipment export certificate number (on the original export certificate) does not match the number used on the export certificate stickers adhered to individual containers.

**Meat and Poultry Label Verification**
Exporters of meat and poultry products should read the Labeling Requirements section of the **Export Library** closely. Certain labels applied to U.S. meat and poultry exports must be approved by FSIS. Labels that deviate from U.S. domestic requirements must be submitted, along with supporting documentation verifying Canadian government acceptance of the deviation, to the FSIS Labeling and Program Delivery Staff (LPDS).¹ LPDS recommends U.S. exporters obtain an e-authentication account and process label approval requests through the online **Label Submission and Approval System**. However, paper applications for label approval submissions (FSIS Form 7234-1) may be mailed to:

**USDA, FSIS, OPPD, LPDS**
Labeling Distribution Unit  
Stop Code 3786, Patriot’s Plaza III, 8-168  
1400 Independence Ave SW  
Washington, DC 20250-3700

For additional information, please contact LPDS at 1-800-233-3935.

¹ Deviations as defined by FSIS are those components on a Canadian label not permitted or used for the U.S. market, such as bilingual labelling, net quantities expressed in metric units, nutrition facts, specific claims related to natural, gluten free, ethnic food certification, health claims, etc.
**Tip**: Consult the FSIS [Do’s and Don’ts](#) for submitting Form 7234-1.

**Eggs and Processed Egg Products**

Eggs and egg products are import controlled products and subject to a tariff rate quota (TRQs) system in Canada. U.S. exporters must work with a Canadian importer that has available ‘quota’ to legally import eggs. Requirements for U.S. egg product exports to Canada may vary from state to state, and U.S. producers are urged to review the requirements before shipping.

As of August 15, 2015, FSIS inspectors now issue an Egg Product Export Certificate of Wholesomeness (FSIS Form 9060-5EP) for each export shipment.

For processed products containing small amounts of egg products (such as imitation egg products, frozen egg patties, and frozen omelets) manufacturers may voluntarily participate in the Processed Egg and Egg Products Export Verification Program operated by the USDA Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) and export to Canada using the USDA Export Certificate for Further Processed Egg and Egg Products (LPS-234). The program verifies the processed egg product is wholesome for export. A list of companies approved to export these products to Canada is available [here](#).

For questions concerning shipments of FDA-regulated products containing eggs that were previously certified by FSIS, contact FSIS at 1-855-444-9904 or by e-mail at importexport@fsis.usda.gov.

**C. Bison - USDA Export Verification (EV) Program**

Meat and meat products derived from bison (or buffalo) are eligible for export to Canada. However, Canada applies the same bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) requirements for these products as applied for beef and beef products. Since U.S. BSE regulations do not apply to bison, meat and meat products derived from bison must be raised and produced under an approved AMS Export Verification (EV) program. Only those suppliers meeting the requirements of the EV program are eligible to export specified products to Canada. Additional information about the EV program and a list of EV approved establishments can be found on the AMS website.

**D. Pet Foods – Veterinary Export Certificate for Processed Pet Foods and Treats**

As of July 1, 2016, all export shipments of U.S.-origin, heat-processed, shelf-stable pet foods, treats, and compound must be certified for export to Canada by Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) Veterinary Services (VS) on the basis of APHIS inspection and approval of the manufacturing facilities. For the latest requirements and certificates for APHIS-regulated pet foods, please visit [this webpage](#) on the APHIS IREGS website. For the latest Canadian restrictions on APHIS-regulated products, please click on [this link](#) from the APHIS IREGS website.
E. Ready-to-Eat Products - EV Program

This program was initially established for closed-faced sandwiches exported to Canada. Canadian requirements dictate that closed-faced sandwiches be produced under a Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) plan. In the future, this program is likely to include other RTE programs. Only those manufacturing establishments participating in this EV program are eligible to export to Canada. For more information on the EV program, please refer to this AMS webpage.

F. Fresh Fruit and Vegetable - Inspection Certificate

All fruits and vegetables imported into Canada must meet the requirements of the Safe Food for Canadians Regulations. All fresh fruit and vegetable exports to Canada require an AMS export verification and certificate. Please contact the nearest Specialty Crops Inspection field office for more information or to request an export certificate.

The importation of leafy green vegetables from the United States are limited to those growers and suppliers that have met the Leafy Green Good Agricultural Practices (GAP) food safety guidelines and are a signatory to the California Leafy Green Products Handler Marketing Agreement. Import requirements for U.S. leafy greens are on this CFIA webpage.

Regulations exempting U.S. apple shipments to Canada weighing more than 100 pounds from U.S. inspection and certification can be found on this AMS webpage. See the FAIRS Narrative Report for link to Ministerial Exemption.

G. Live Animals and Live Reproductive Organisms - Animal Health Export Certificate

APHIS Veterinary Services (VS) issues health certificates certifying the herd and animal health status for live animals and live reproductive organisms exported from the United States. Depending on the type of animal, additional tests and vaccinations may be required.

Visit the APHIS IREGS website for the most up-to-date information on export requirements and restrictions related to live animal exports to Canada.

Travelling and Shipment of Pets to Canada

Although the scope of this report is largely focused on commercial shipments, FAS/Canada periodically receives calls from U.S. visitors traveling with or shipping their pets to Canada. While, certification is not required for cats or dogs, CBSA may request vaccination records. In addition, inspection fees and quarantine may be required for certain pets. Visitors are encouraged to work closely with their veterinarian to ensure all paperwork are prepared before traveling. The latest information related to pets entering Canada is on this CFIA webpage.

H. Plant and Plant Products Phytosanitary Certificate

APHIS Plant Protection and Quarantine (PPQ) is responsible for issuing the phytosanitary certificate attesting that plants or plant products are free from quarantine pests, practically free from other injurious
pests, and conform to the current phytosanitary regulations of Canada. For more information, please visit the APHIS PPQ export website.

Section II. Other Export Certification/Accreditation Requirements

A. NOAA Inspection Certificate

The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Seafood Inspection Program offers a variety of professional inspection services that ensure compliance with all applicable food regulations. In addition, product quality evaluation, grading and certification services on a product lot basis are provided. Benefits of obtaining a certificate include the ability to apply official marks, such as the U.S. Grade A, Processed Under Federal Inspection (PUFI) and Lot Inspection. Additional information on certification requirements for Canada is on this NOAA webpage.

B. Products Regulated by the Food and Drug Administration

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration issues a Certificate of Export for some products destined for Canada, including food additives, supplements, infant formula and medical foods. Some of these certificates are on a voluntary basis. They generally indicate that the product is marketed in the United States and eligible for export. Such certificates are neither guarantees nor a certification of the product's safety nor its quality. Certificates of Export are issued at the request of a U.S. company by the FDA Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (CFSAN) or by a state governmental authority.

For more information, contact export certification offices within CFSAN and visit the FDA export webpage.

C. Organic

On June 17, 2009, the United States and Canada jointly announced an organic equivalence arrangement, the first one of its kind. The equivalence arrangement followed a review by both nations of the other’s organic certification program and a determination that products meeting the standard in the United States can be sold as organic in Canada, and vice versa.

Producers and processors that are certified to the USDA National Organic Program (NOP) standards by a USDA-accredited certifying agent do not have to become separately certified to the Canada Organic Products Regulation (COPR) standards in order for their products to be represented as organic in Canada. Likewise, Canadian organic products certified to COPR standards may be sold or labeled in the United States as organically produced. Both the USDA Organic seal and the Canada Organic/Biologique logo can be used on certified products from both countries. More information on the equivalence arrangement can be found on the CFIA Organic Products webpage. Information on specific requirements for U.S. organic products exported to Canada can be found on this AMS webpage.

U.S. firms are reminded that the import and sale of organic food products in Canada are governed by the same rules and regulations that apply to non-organic food products. No distinction is made between organic and non-organic food with regard to import requirements. Currently, all Canadian
packaging and labeling, grade, and inspection regulations apply equally to organic and non-organic foods. Organic claims are required to be printed in English and French. For more information, please refer to the FAS/Canada FAIRS Narrative Report CA18069.

Section III. Specific Attestations Required on Export Certificate(s)

Export certificates require the attestations of an approved USDA inspector or veterinarian. U.S. exporters are recommended to first contact their local state agencies. U.S. food and agricultural companies should be aware there may be user fees on certain commercial shipments. Please check with the respective authorizing government office. See below for the nearest contact.

U.S. Contact Information:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Certificate</th>
<th>Issuing Authority</th>
<th>U.S. Contact</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Requires Harmonized Tariff Classification Number</td>
<td>U.S. Department of Commerce for the first six digits</td>
<td><a href="https://uscensus.prod.3ceonline.com/">https://uscensus.prod.3ceonline.com/</a> Email: <a href="mailto:eid.scheduleb@census.gov">eid.scheduleb@census.gov</a> Tel. 1-800-549-0595, ext.#2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FSIS -Form 9135-3/9135-3A.</td>
<td>FSIS</td>
<td>Food Safety and Inspection Service District Offices Email: <a href="mailto:MPHotline.fsis@usda.gov">MPHotline.fsis@usda.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name of Certificate</td>
<td>Issuing Authority</td>
<td>U.S. Contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificate for Export of Meat and Poultry Products to Canada</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Export Certification Bison EV Program Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Inspection Certificate RTE EV Program National Organic Program Table Eggs Program PEEPEV Program</td>
<td>AMS</td>
<td><a href="http://www.ams.usda.gov/services/imports-exports">http://www.ams.usda.gov/services/imports-exports</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phytosanitary Certificate for Plants and Plant Products</td>
<td></td>
<td>Live Animals - Email: <a href="mailto:AskNCIE.Products@aphis.usda.gov">AskNCIE.Products@aphis.usda.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Plants – Email: <a href="mailto:AskNCIE.Products@aphis.usda.gov">AskNCIE.Products@aphis.usda.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Oceanic and</td>
<td>NOAA</td>
<td><a href="https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/regions">https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/regions</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email Regional Offices:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name of Certificate</td>
<td>Issuing Authority</td>
<td>U.S. Contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Inspection Certificate</td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/contact-directory/regional-offices">https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/contact-directory/regional-offices</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Food Drug Agency (FDA) Certificate of Export</td>
<td>FDA</td>
<td><a href="http://www.fda.gov/Food/GuidanceRegulation/ImportsExports/Exporting/ucm151486.htm">http://www.fda.gov/Food/GuidanceRegulation/ImportsExports/Exporting/ucm151486.htm</a> Email: <a href="mailto:CFSANExportCertification@fda.hhs.gov">CFSANExportCertification@fda.hhs.gov</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix I. Electronic Copy of Selected Export Certificates

Example: NAFTA Certificate of Origin

(Effective January 1, 2017, HS codes for some agricultural and food items have been updated)
Example: FSIS Form 9135-3, CERTIFICATE FOR EXPORT OF MEAT AND POULTRY PRODUCTS
Example: Application for Approval of Labels
Example: Pet Food and Treats Certificate (1 of 2)

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Example: Pet Food and Treats Certificate (2 of 2)

Page __ of __

I, the undersigned Official Veterinarian, designated by the Government of the United States of America, certify that this office has on file a Notarized Affidavit(s) from the manufacturer(s) [identified above or the attached addendum] OR a valid APHIS approval(s) of the manufacturing facility(ies) to verify the accuracy of the statements below:

1. The certified pet food and/or pet treats were processed in a facility or facilities located in the USA and authorized by the official competent veterinary authority in the United States to manufacture pet food containing animal products and by-products.

2. The certified pet foods and/or pet treats in the shipment may include the following [check all that apply]:

   - Pet foods and/or pet treats with no bovine-origin ingredients except exempt ingredients: i.e., milk or milk products, hide-derived gelatin or collagen, and tallow with a maximum level of insoluble impurities of 0.15% by weight.
   - Pet foods and/or pet treats with non-exempt bovine-origin ingredients.

3. In the case of pet foods or pet treats containing tallow, the tallow used is protein-free with a maximum level of insoluble impurities of 0.15% by weight.

4. In the case of pet foods or pet treats containing bovine meat, offal, or any bovine ingredients other than exempt ingredients, they meet the following requirements:
   
   a. Bovine-origin raw materials [meat, offal]:
      
      i. were harvested in the United States from U.S.-origin cattle or legally imported cattle that:
         
         • were presented live for slaughter AND
         
         • were not subjected to a stunning process prior to slaughter, with a device injecting compressed air or gas into the animal cavity, or to a pithing process, and were humanely rendered unconscious prior to being bled

   AND/OR (check all that apply):

   a. Were legally imported from a country or countries recognized by the CFIA to be of:

      - Negligible BSE Risk Status OR
      - Controlled BSE Risk Status [insert name of country or countries]:

      and that:

      • do not contain AND
      • have not been contaminated with bovine specified risk materials (SRMs) *.

   b. All bovine-origin rendered protein materials * originate only from countries of Negligible BSE Risk Status.

5. The certified pet foods and/or pet treats were sufficiently heat processed to ensure the destruction of pathogens that represent a risk to public or animal health.

6. Precautions were taken to prevent cross-contamination of the finished products with any animal origin product or by-product derived from animals of a lesser zoosanitary status.

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Place: ____________________________

Date: ____________________________

Official Stamp:

Signature of Official Veterinarian

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* Bovine-origin rendered protein products / rendered proteins include those bovine-origin products produced in rendering facilities, including animal origin meals such as rendered meals, protein digests, hydrolysates, etc.
# USDA-AMS FV-205 Certificate of Inspection for Canadian Destinations

**CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION FOR CANADIAN DESTINATIONS**

**NOTICE TO APPLICANT/SHIPPER:** The ORIGINAL of this certificate must accompany regulated shipments to Canada and be presented to Canada Customs for entry. If the original does not accompany shipment, the shipment may be marked away or placed under detention for failure to comply with Agriculture Canada's Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Regulations.

**DATE RECEIVED:**

**RECIPIENT:**

**APPLICATION/SHIPPER:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT</th>
<th>NUMBER AND TYPE OF CONTAINERS</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT (COUNTRY, SIZE, GRADE, VARIETY, ETC.)</th>
<th>GRADE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**PRODUCT BLOCK:** FOR USDA USE ONLY

**APPLICANT NO.:**

**REMARKS:**

I, the undersigned, a duly authorized inspector of the United States Department of Agriculture, do hereby certify that samples of the human described product were inspected and the grades as shown by said samples were as herein stated.

**FEE:** $________

**OVERTIME:**

**EXPENSES:**

**INSPECTOR'S SIGNATURE:**

**COSTS:** $________

**ESTIMATED TOTAL:** $________

**CANADA CUSTOMS/APPLICANT**

**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**
**AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE**
**FRUIT AND VEGETABLE DIVISION**

**C-097253-9**
EXAMPLE: STATE APPLICATION FOR INSPECTION AND CERTIFICATION OF PLANTS AND PLANT PRODUCTS

No Phytopathology Export Certificate can be issued until an application is completed (7 CFR 320).

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0575-0092. This form is required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 75 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE
PLANT INSPECTION AND QUARANTINE
APPLICATION FOR INSPECTION AND CERTIFICATION OF DOMESTIC PLANTS AND PLANT PRODUCTS FOR EXPORT

INSTRUCTIONS: APPLICANT - Forward original to the Officer In Charge where inspections, treatments, and certifications are to be performed. Complete items 1 thru 11. OFFICE - Complete items 12 thru 17.

1. NAME AND ADDRESS OF EXPORTER
2. NAME AND ADDRESS OF FOREIGN CONSIGNEE
3. NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT (or exporter's agent)
4. PLACE WHERE ARTICLES WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION AND/OR TREATMENT AND CERTIFICATION (Port and location)
5. APPROX. DATE OF DEPARTURE
6. PORT OF EXPORT
7. DESCRIPTION OF ARTICLES TO BE CERTIFIED
   a. QUANTITY AND NAME OF PRODUCE AND BOTANICAL NAME
   b. NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCE
   c. DISTINGUISHING MARKS
   d. CERTIFIED ORIGIN
   e. DECLARED MEANS OF CONVEYANCE
   f. DECLARED POINT OF ENTRY
   g. SIGNATURE (applicant or exporter's agent)
   h. DATE

EXPORT INSPECTION DATA - (To be filled in by Plant Protection and Quarantine Office)

8. LOCATION OF ARTICLES
9. % OF MATERIALS EXAMINED
10. % OF MATERIALS INFECTED
11. FINDINGS AND/TREATMENT GIVEN (Use reverse if necessary)
12. SIGNATURE
13. DATE AND TIME INSPECTED

FPR FORM 072
FAPE 2005
Example: Aquatic Animal Health Export Certificate (1 of 4)

AQUATIC ANIMAL HEALTH EXPORT CERTIFICATE

LIVE AQUATIC ANIMALS (Fish/Molluscs/Crustaceans) FOR FOOD SERVICE OR RETAIL USE FROM THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO CANADA

NOTE: THIS CERTIFICATE IS NOT TO BE USED FOR IN TRANSIT SHIPMENTS

Import Permit No. __________________

SECTION 1 - ORIGIN OF AQUATIC ANIMALS

State/Territory and Country of Export: __________________

Issuing Authority: United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) – Animal Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS)

Name and Address of Consignor:

Name and Address of Premises(s) of Origin:

SECTION 2 - DESTINATION OF AQUATIC ANIMALS

Country of Destination: CANADA

Name and Address of Consignee:

SECTION 3 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport means and conveyance identification: __________________ (flight #, etc.)

SECTION 4 - DESCRIPTION OF CONSIGNMENT

☐ Cultured  ☐ Wild

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species (scientific name)</th>
<th>Common name</th>
<th>Quantity or total weight (kg)</th>
<th>Lot identifier or date code</th>
<th>Lifestage</th>
<th>Disease(s) to which species is susceptible</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

1. Cultured refers to the keeping of live aquatic animals with some method of intervention in the rearing process such as feeding, seeding or protecting from predators.
Example: Aquatic Animal Health Export Certificate (2 of 4)

Export Certification Requirements for Live Aquatic Animals
(Fish/Molluscs/Crustaceans) for Food Service/Retail Use

Zoosanitary Requirements for Cultivated Aquatic Animals:

1. The OIE listed disease(s) listed in Section 4 is/are compulsorily notifiable to the competent authority in the exporting country and/or reports of suspicion of non-OIE diseases of concern are investigated by the competent (federal or state) authority.

2. The aquatic animals to be exported are not under any restriction by the exporting country’s competent authority or intended for destruction or slaughter for disease control purposes.

3. The transport water that is used is sourced from the premises of origin of the aquatic animals, or has been treated in a manner that will prevent the introduction of the disease(s) in Section 4.

Federal endorsing official name and address

Date and signature of Federal endorsing official

Official Stamp:
Example: Aquatic Animal Health Export Certificate (3 of 4)

PRODUCER'S DECLARATION for live aquatic animals for food services and retail use.

I. Producer's details

Name and address of production facility:

II. Animal

Description of Animal:

Origin of Animal:

Date of export as appears on the packaging or immediate container of the animals:

III. Animal Management:

1. For finfish species, the shipment is, to the best of my knowledge, free from visible ectoparasites and intermediate hosts.

2. Either

   □ To the best of my knowledge, only those species specified in the import permit are included in the shipment and the shipment is free from fellow travellers.

   OR

   □ For molluscs, if the shipment is not free of fellow travellers, then the shipment has been treated in a manner which will destroy the fellow travellers.

(Check the appropriate box)
IV. Packing and Shipping Attestations:

1. The aquatic animals are packaged in shipping containers, holding units and/or conveyances that are either new or cleaned and disinfected.

2. The shipping containers and/or holding units prevent release of the shipping contents (e.g., water or animals) while en route.

3. The aquatic animal(s) being presented for importation are packaged in a manner which prevents contact or exchange of animals or water between different shipments of aquatic animals on the same conveyance.

4. The package was labeled indicating the detailed contents, including the location in which the aquatic animal(s) was born, the taxonomic name of the aquatic animal(s), whether the aquatic animal(s) was(were) wild or farmed, and the number or biomass of the aquatic animal(s) in the shipment.

Signed

Date

Position within the Company:

Name and address of Company employee:
Glossary of Acronyms

AMS – Agricultural Marketing Service of USDA
APHIS – Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service of USDA
BtB – Beyond the Border
CFIA – Canadian Food Inspection Agency
EV – Export Verification
FDA – Food and Drug Administration
FSIS – Food Safety and Inspection Service of USDA
HACCP – Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point
NAFTA – North American Free Trade Agreement
NOAA – National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
NOP – National Organic Program
PPQ – Plant Protection and Quarantine
RTE – Ready-To-Eat
SFCA – Safe Food for Canadians Act
SFCR – Safe Food for Canadians Regulations
USCOEA – United States-Canada Organic Equivalence Arrangement