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Report Name: Hong Kong Proposes to Amend the Harmful Substances in

Food Regulations

Country: Hong Kong

Post: Hong Kong

Report Category: WTO Notifications, Agriculture in the News, Sanitary/Phytosanitary/Food Safety

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Report Highlights:

The Hong Kong government (HKG) has launched a public consultation on its proposed amendments to the Harmful Substances in Food Regulations. Comments are to be submitted before March 15, 2021. The HKG has already notified the World Trade Organization (WTO) of the proposed amendments.

The Hong Kong government (HKG) has recently conducted a public consultation inviting the industry to comment on its proposed amendments to the Harmful Substances in Food Regulations. This report will provide a summary of the proposed changes. Comments should be submitted to the Centre for Food Safety on or before March 15, 2021 at harmful-sub-consultation@fehd.gov.hk. U.S. exporters are welcome to copy ATO Hong Kong at atohongkong@usda.gov on their submissions.

The HKG has already notified the World Trade Organization (WTO) of this regulation amendment exercise. With that, the WTO has issued notification SPS/N/HKG/45 on the subject alerting WTO members.

Hong Kong's control of harmful substances is regulated by the <u>Harmful Substances in Food</u> <u>Regulations</u>, which contains two schedules. Schedule One lists the maximum concentration of 39 substances allowed in specified foods and Schedule Two¹ specifies seven substances which are prohibited in foods.

With regard to amending the regulation, the HKG indicated that their proposed changes are based on risk assessments with reference to local diets and the General Standard for Contaminants and Toxins in Food and Feed of the Codex Alimentarius Commission. In the absence of Codex standards for certain substances considered to pose a risk to Hong Kong people because of dietary habits, the HKG has proposed respective maximum levels (ML) by referencing those from other countries.

The Proposed Changes

The HKG intends to update and strengthen the regulatory control of harmful substances in food with respect to three types of mycotoxins (aflatoxin, deoxynivalenol, and patulin) and five types of other harmful substances in three specified food groups: namely edible fats and oils, condiments, and formula products intended for infants. The proposed changes also will prohibit the use of partially hydrogenated oils which are the main source of industrially-produced trans fatty acids.

A) Setting/Revising Maximum Levels of Three Mycotoxins:

Substance	Food / Food group	Proposed ML	ML under existing regulation	Notes	
1 Aflatoxin					
Aflatoxins, total	Non-ready-to-eat peanuts, almonds, Brazil nuts, hazelnuts, and pistachios	15 μg/kg	Peanuts or peanut products: 20 µg/kg	Referencing Codex	
	Non-ready-to-eat		Any other food:	Referencing Codex	

¹ Dienoestrol; Diethylstilboestrol; Hexoestrol; Avoparcin; Clenbuterol; Chloramphenicol, Salbutamol

	products of the above food		15 μg/kg	
	Spices	_		Draft Codex ML is 20/30 µg/kg; keeping existing ML
	Ready-to-eat peanuts, almonds, Brazil nuts, hazelnuts, and pistachios			Referencing Codex
	Ready-to-eat products of the above food	- 10 μg/kg		Referencing Codex
	Dried figs	_		Referencing Codex
	Any other food	5 μg/kg		Referencing the standard other countries
Aflatoxin B1	Any food intended to be consumed principally by persons under the age of 36 months	0.1 μg/kg	nil	Referencing the standard other countries
Aflatoxin M1	Infant formula and follow-up formula intended to be consumed principally by persons under the age of 12 months	0.025 μg/kg	nil	Referencing the standard of other countries
	Any other milk and dried milk	0.5 μg/kg	nil	Referencing Codex
		2 Deoxyniv	valenol	

Deoxynivalenol	Any food containing cereal intended to be consumed principally by persons under the age of 36 months	200 μg/kg	nil	Referencing Codex	
3 Patulin					
Patulin	Apple juice and other beverages to which apple juice has been added	50 μg/kg	nil	Referencing Codex	

B) Setting Maximum Levels of Harmful Substances in Three Specified Food Groups

Substance 1 Setting Ma Benzo[a]pyrene	Food / Food group aximum Levels (ML Any oil or fat or	Proposed ML s) of Two Harr 5 μg/kg	ML under existing regulation regulation Nil	Notes Edible Fats and Oils Referencing the	
	any mixture of oil and fat		(HK set an action level of 10 μg/kg in 2013)	standard of other countries	
Erucic acid	Low-erucic acid rapeseed oil	2 per centum by weight of their fatty acid content	Any oil or fat or any mixture thereof: 5 per centum by weight	Referencing Codex	
	Any other oil or fat or any mixture of oil and fat	5 per centum by weight of their fatty acid content	of their fatty acid content	Keeping existing standard	
2 Setting Maximum Level (ML) of A Harmful Substance in Condiments					
3- monochloropropane 1,2-diol	Solid condiments	1 mg/kg		Referencing the standard of China	
	Any other condiments	0.4 mg/kg	nil	Referencing Codex	

3 Setting Maximum Levels (MLs) of Three Harmful Substances in Formula Products Intended for Infants					
Benzo[a]pyrene	Infant formula and follow-up formula intended to be consumed principally by persons under the age of 12 months	1 μg/kg	Nil	Referencing the standards of EU and Korea	
Glycidyl fatty acid esters (expressed as glycidol)	Powdered infant formula and follow-up formula intended to be consumed principally by persons under the age of 12 months	50 μg/kg		Referencing the standard of the EU	
	Liquid infant formula and follow-up formula intended to be consumed principally by persons under the age of 12 months	6 μg/kg	Nil		
Melamine ²	Liquid infant formula and follow-up formula intended to be consumed principally by persons under the age of 12 months	0.15 mg/kg	Milk and any food intended to be consumed principally by persons of an age group into which children under the age of 36 months	Referencing Codex	
	Milk other than liquid infant formula and follow-up formula intended to be consumed principally by persons under the age of 12 months	1 mg/kg		Keeping existing standard	

 $^{^2}$ The MLs of melamine in "any food intended to be consumed principally by pregnant or lactating women" at 1 mg/kg and "any other food" at 2.5 mg/kg stipulated under the existing Regulations would remain unchanged.

Any other food		Keeping existing
intended to be		standard
consumed		
principally		
by persons under		
the age of 36		
months		

C) Banning Partially Hydrogenated Oils (PHOs)

Based on the World Health Organization's recommendation, the HKG proposed to regard PHOs as a prohibited substance banning the import of any edible fats and oils containing "PHOs" and the sale of any food (including edible fats and oils) containing "PHOs".

In addition, in line with the listing PHOs as a prohibited substance, the HKG is proposing to stipulate the labeling requirements for hydrogenated oils under the labelling regulation. If hydrogenated oils are contained in prepackaged foods, they have to be indicated in the ingredient list.

Timeframe

The public consultation will end on March 15, 2021. The HKG did not indicate when it will announce the result of the consultation and present the legislative proposal to Legislative Council for approval. However, the HKG promised in the consultation paper to grant a grace period of 18 months after the enactment of the amended regulation for the industry to cope with all the changes.

Details

Detailed information on the proposed amendments is contained in the consultation paper which could be retrieved at this link.

Attachments:

No Attachments.