Report Name: Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards Country Report

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Report Highlights:

This report provides information on the laws and regulations for food, import rules for food, and contact information in the Czech Republic. It is recommended to read the EU-28 Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards, because the Czech Republic, a member of the European Union, follows the EU directives and regulations. The following sections include updates: I., V., VII, and Appendix I. Please note notification requirements for importers of certain foodstuffs of plant origin in Section VI.

Disclaimer:

This report was prepared by the USDA/Foreign Agricultural Service in Prague, Czech Republic, for U.S. exporters of domestic food and agricultural products. While every possible care was taken in the preparation of this report, information provided may not be completely accurate either because policies have changed since its preparation, or because clear and consistent information about these policies was not available. It is highly recommended that U.S. exporters verify the full set of import requirements with their foreign customers, who are normally best equipped to research such matters with local authorities, before any goods are shipped. **FINAL IMPORT APPROVAL OF ANY PRODUCT IS SUBJECT TO THE IMPORTING COUNTRY’S RULES AND REGULATIONS AS INTERPRETED BY BORDER OFFICIALS AT THE TIME OF PRODUCT ENTRY.**
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Executive Summary

Czech Republic as a member of the European Union (EU) follows all EU directives, regulations, and obligations. This report focuses on food laws in force in the Czech Republic that cover areas which are not yet EU-harmonized. EU Regulations are explained in the Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards (FAIRS) report produced by the U.S. Mission to the EU in Brussels, Belgium, and referenced throughout this report as EU FAIRS Report. It is available at the FAS GAIN Report Database.

Section I. Food Laws:

In May 2004, the Czech Republic became a member of the European Union. All EU directives apply. Suppliers from the United States must be familiar with EU regulations and directives and Czech food laws for products and topics not harmonized at the EU level.

Any food industry area that is not regulated by the EU (non-harmonized), is regulated individually by member states. However, this regulation cannot restrict free movement of goods. This report provides a summary of Czech food legislation. EU Regulations are explained in the EU Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards (FAIRS) report prepared by the U.S. Mission to the EU in Brussels, Belgium, available at GAIN (usda.gov) or at https://www.usda-eu.org/trade-with-the-eu/eu-import-rules/fairs-reports/.

All EU regulations and directives can be obtained at the following web page: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/en/index.htm.

The Czech Republic follows the EU food safety approach based on risk analysis and traceability (of both inputs and outputs), with the aim of guaranteeing food safety and consumer protection. The Czech Ministry of Agriculture published a document “Food Safety and Nutrition Strategy for 2014–2020” that provides information on the system and implementation of food safety and nutrition policy in the Czech Republic. It is accessible on-line, in English, at: http://www.bezpecnostpotravin.cz/stranka/publikace.aspx.

For questions, clarification, or copies of the following regulations, please contact the FAS office in Prague, Czech Republic, agprague@usda.gov or call (011-420) 257-022-000.

The most important Czech national acts and regulations regarding food are as follows:

Food Act

The Food Act defines requirements related to:

- hygiene and sanitary condition of food production
- food, additives, foods for special diet, irradiation of food
- classification of slaughter animals
- packaging of food
- labeling of food
- placing of food on the market
- transportation of food and tobacco products
- the system of official control of food
- penalty assessment for non-compliance

Imported food products essentially have the same status as domestically produced products according to Food Act 110/1997, its amendments, and implementing decrees.

The most important national laws and regulations regarding food include:

- 69/2016 (meat, meat preparations, fish, other aquatic organisms and preparations from them, egg and egg preparations)
- 211/2019 (carcasses and animals intended for slaughter)
- 329/1997 (starch, legumes and oil seeds) amended by 418/2000 and 399/2013
- 398/2016 (spices, edible salt, dehydrated products, condiments, cold sauces, dressings and mustard)
- 18/20 (cereals, grains, pasta and bakery products)
- 76/2003 (sweeteners, honey, cocoa and chocolate) amended by 43/2005 and 148/2015
- 248/2018 (non-alcoholic beverages and concentrates for the preparation of non-alcoholic beverages, fruit wines, other wines and mead, beer, potable alcohol, spirit drinks and other alcoholic beverages, brewed vinegar and yeast). For more details, please see a notification detail here.
- 366/2005 (certain frozen foods)
- 58/2018 (requirements for food supplements and food enrichment) This decree (in Czech language, includes Latin plant names) provides conditions and limits for the use of certain plants and substances, as well as lists of plants and substances, which are prohibited for use in food and food supplements.
- 261/2016 (tobacco products), 82/2019 (labeling tobacco)
- 417/2016 (some types of food labeling)
- 231/2016 (collection, preparation and test methods for control samples of foodstuffs and tobacco products) amended by 78/2018
Decrees of the Ministry of Health connected to the Food Act include:

- 296/1997 (epidemiological risks)
- 475/2002 (mushroom classification)
- 133/2004 (food irradiation)
- 299/2012 (setting limit for erucic acid – at maximum 5 percent)
- 37/2017 (electronic cigarettes, refill containers and herbal products for smoking)

Veterinary Act

Primary veterinary laws and decrees connected to the food act by regulating conditions for veterinary control, animal diseases, and foodstuff safety include:

- Decree no. 94/2010 amended by 291/2012 (animal processing)
- Decree no. 128/2009 (veterinary and hygienic requirements for food companies) amended by 191/2013 and 445/2017

For veterinary certificates and information related to trade with commodities subject to veterinary controls, please see the FAIRS Export Certificate Reports for the Czech Republic and the EU-28 available at https://gain.fas.usda.gov/#/search.

Section II. Labeling Requirements:

EU labeling requirements and instructions on how to comply with the EU system are provided on our USEU website at http://www.usda-eu.org/trade-with-the-eu/eu-import-rules/eu-labeling-requirements/.
In the Czech Republic, decree no. 417/2016 provides general rules for some types of food labeling. Complete guidance, available only in the Czech language, can be found on the [food safety website](#), provided by the Ministry of Agriculture. The key principles and requirements are the following:

Consumer labels on food packages must be understandable, easily visible, permanent (i.e., not erasable), and not covered by other information or easily removable.

All labels on products intended for a Czech consumer must be in the Czech language. The standard U.S. label is not sufficient for being placed on the Czech market. Stick-on labels in Czech are widely used on imported products; the text on the original and Czech translation must be identical.

The Czech Agriculture and Food Inspection Authority (CAFIA) and the State Veterinary Administration (SVA) are the authorities for enforcing labeling requirements. CAFIA considers a general appearance of the label and confirms that it is not in any way misleading. A Czech label must be on the product in order to pass customs clearance, in other words before it enters the market. The label does not have to be adhered to the product before shipping.

Food samples do not have to be labeled. Products for the food sector must be labeled like products for the end consumer. Their packaging, however, must only include the name of the product, expiration date, quality category, and irradiation information. Other information from the label on products inside this package must be in the documentation.

Information that must appear on the label includes the following:

- Name of the product with the information about the product category and its preparation
- Producer and importer information with addresses
- Quantity – liquid products in milliliters, centiliters, or liters and solid products in grams or kilograms
- Expiration date. Form of the expiration date information varies according to the product. Some products (such as fresh fruit and vegetables) do not require an expiration date
- Storage instructions (such as temperature, exposure to daylight etc.)
- Usage instructions
- List of ingredients listed in the order of their amount in the product
- Lot number for identification tracking
- Information on food additives, enzymes, flavors, fragrances and/or ionization

If the product is packaged at a different location than where it is processed, it must be labeled with the name of the packaging company and address, name of the product, its quantity, additives, country of origin, and other requirements mentioned in special laws.

Decree no. 54/2004 (amended by decrees 402/2006, 473/2006, 157/2008, 35/2012, 46/2014 and 39/2018) gives regulations on labeling of special foods (diets, baby food, food for sportsmen etc.). These foods must follow the same regulations as other foods regarding labeling and include some additional information as mentioned in 54/2004 – specifics in processing if those cause the foods characteristics, protein origin (if this protein is mentioned in contents), category and other specification.
Tobacco products labeling is specified under decree 82/2019, which defines requirements for size, placement, and custom look of information and requirements.

Decree no. 58/2018 (repealing decree no. 225/2008 amended by decree 352/2009) defines food supplements - such as vitamins and minerals - they must be labeled with the words “doplněk stravy” (food supplement) visibly on the packaging. The label must also carry information on the character, origin, amount of content, the recommended daily intake and warnings against overdose.

Alcoholic Beverages

Products must comply with the food safety and traceability requirements as set by Czech and EU legislation (Regulation (EC) no. 178/2002 and Czech Decree no. 248/2018 and the Food Act no. 110/1997 with later amendments listed in Section I.).

For alcoholic beverages containing more than 1.2 percent alcohol by volume, the alcohol content must be indicated by a figure with no more than one decimal place. It will be followed by the symbol ‘% vol.’ and may be preceded by the word ‘alcohol’ or the abbreviation ‘alc’. Tolerances vary by beverage type.

Net quantity, allergens, name or business name and address of the food business operator, country of origin or place of provenance, instructions for use where necessary, and date of minimum durability or the ‘use by’ date (for beverages less than 10% vol. of alcohol) are required.

The national Decree no. 248/introduces new categories and definitions of beverages, and further specifies mead labeling requirements.

Health warnings are not required.

Other Specific Labeling Requirements:

Health and Nutrition Claims

Regarding health and nutrition claims, the Czech Republic follows the EU regulations. They can be found, along with a list of permitted nutrition claims and their conditions of use here: http://ec.europa.eu/food/safety/labelling_nutrition/claims/register/public/?event=register.home.

Genetically Modified Foods

Genetically modified foods (i.e., “GMOs”, genetically engineered (GE) products) are to follow EU regulations. Foods containing GE ingredients must be labeled with the words, “Tento produkt/výrobek obsahuje geneticky modifikovaný/ou/é (name of the organism),” and include the name of the product, name of the GE organism(s), conditions of managing the GE product, and information on safe use. Only GE traits listed and approved in the EU GMO register are allowed to enter the market. Example in English (label must be in Czech language though): “Product contains soybean oil from genetically modified soybeans.”
For more information on the treatment of biotech foods in the Czech Republic as well as the GMO free/non GMO labeling scheme, please see our Agricultural Biotechnology Annual Report for the Czech Republic.

Organic Products

For regulations and details regarding organic products and market please see Czech Republic Organic Product Brief Report. Please note that in Czech, a term “product of ecological agriculture” is used. Products are marked as “Bio.”

Section III. Packaging and Container Regulations:

All foods entering the market must be packed appropriately. The packaging must protect the product from damage and contamination and prevent replacement or substitution of the product without changing or penetrating the original packaging. The packaging itself must not affect the content in any way. Containers and packages must suit not only the content but also any other materials and objects that come into direct contact with the foods. This area is regulated via Decree no. 38/2001 (amended by 186/2003, 207/2006, 551/2006, 271/2008, 386/2008, 127/2009, 111/2011).

Foods that are not packed must be labeled on the transportation/manipulation containers with the above-mentioned information and this information must also be visibly placed while the product is being offered to the final consumer.

Section IV. Food Additive Regulations:

The EU regulations 1332/2008, 1333/2008 and 1334/2008 regulate the usage food enzymes, food additives, and flavorings. A list of approved food additives and conditions of their usage is mentioned in Regulation (EC) 1333/2008.

Section V. Pesticides and Other Contaminants:

Several contaminants such as lead, mercury, and arsenic are regulated via EU regulations 396/2005 and 1881/2006.

At the national level, the Ministry of Health is the competent authority overseeing the impact of pesticide residues on human health. The Ministry of Agriculture is responsible for plant protection products, including the transposition and implementation of related legislation and its supervision. The assessment of a plant protection product, including its use for the protection of public health, is performed by the Ministry of Health based on an expert opinion prepared by the National Institute of Public Health.

The above-mentioned document includes the following information:

1. Introduction
2. Legal basis
2.1 Community level
2.2 National level
3. Definitions and Terminology
4. Competent state administration authorities
4.1 Central government authorities
4.2 State supervisory bodies
5. Control program
5.1 Scope of the program
5.2 Criteria used for program processing
5.2.1 Selection of commodities, statistics
5.2.2 Number of samples taken
5.2.3 Analyzed pesticide residues
6. Official laboratories
7. Conclusion
Annex 1 – Requirements on analysis of pesticide residues in products of plant origin
Annex 2 – Requirements on analysis of pesticide residues in products of animal origin

A list of approved pesticides may be found on the Central Institute for Supervising and Testing in Agriculture’s website – http://eagri.cz/public/web/en/ukzuz/portal/ (Central Institute for Supervising and Testing in Agriculture – contact is provided in the list of contacts in Appendix I).

Section VI. Other Requirements, Regulations, and Registration Measures:

In the Czech Republic, food business operators are required to inform relevant supervisory authorities on the reception of certain foodstuffs originating from another EU member state or a third country. The process of registration and notification for the importation of these foodstuffs is described (including a list of the certain foodstuffs) in English at the following website of the Czech Agricultural and Food Inspection Authority: http://www.szpi.gov.cz/en/article/notification-of-selected-foodstuffs-pursuant-to-decree-no-172-2015-coll.aspx.
Section VII. Other Specific Standards

Novel Foods

Novel foods are regulated at the EU level. EU Regulation (EU) 2015/2283 of the European Parliament and of the Council defines novel foods as, “food not used for human consumption to a significant degree before 15 May 1997 and falling under at least one of the following categories:”

- Food with a new or intentionally modified molecular structure, where that structure was not used as, or in, a food within the Union before 15 May 1997.

- Food used exclusively in food supplements within the Union before 15 May 1997, where it is intended to be used in foods other than food supplements as defined in point (a) of Article 2 of Directive 2002/46/EC.

The authorization process is described at the website of the European Commission: https://ec.europa.eu/food/safety/novel_food_en.

In the Czech Republic, novel foods fall under the responsibility of the Ministry of Agriculture and controls are conducted by the Czech Agriculture and Food Inspection Authority. The Ministry of Agriculture’s Food Safety Department has a dedicated e-mail address for inquiries related to the novel foods: novelfoods@mze.cz.

Special Use Foods

Importers of all special diet foods from third countries that are not mentioned in a specific law or regulation are obliged to contact the Ministry of Health. The product label must be in Czech language before the product can be introduced on the market. If the product has been introduced elsewhere in the EU previously, then the approving EU member state office must be mentioned as well. The Ministry may request expert review and confirmation on the efficiency and safety of the product. The Ministry also retains the right to ban any product from the market that does not meet regulatory requirements. Food products must be protected from damage and depreciation whilst being transported and only appropriate transportation should be used.

Section VIII. Trademarks, Brand Names, and Intellectual Property Rights:

Trademarks and brand names are protected by the following acts:

- 206/2000 on protection of biotechnology inventions

Trademarks can be registered at the Industrial Property Institute (contact information is provided in the list of contacts in Appendix I).

Section IX. Import Procedures:

Products can be cleared through customs on entry directly into the Czech Republic or indirectly through another EU member state (e.g., countries with seaports like Germany or Netherlands).

**Notification duty for importers of selected foodstuffs pursuant to Decree No. 172/2015 Coll.:**

Decree No. 172/2015 Coll. (repealing decree No. 320/2014 Coll., amended by 141/2017) on notification obligation of the food recipient in the place of destination related to certain sorts of foodstuffs entered into force on August 1, 2015. The Decree is the implementing regulation for the Act on Foodstuffs (Act No. 110/1997 Coll.). Section 3d, paragraph 3 of this Act requires food business operators to inform relevant supervisory authorities on the reception of a selected sort of foodstuffs originating in another EU member state or a third country.

The Decree applies only to those foodstuffs which are destined for the territory of the Czech Republic in situations where the goods are received, handled, or manipulated for the first time in the Czech Republic. This means that it concerns all parties that are the first recipients or handlers of foodstuffs of plant origin including parties that import or directly sell foodstuffs of plant origin including various types of mobile shops.


Only GMOs listed in the EU approved register may be imported through a “Designated Point of Entry” (DPE) in the Czech Republic – Vaclav Havel Airport Prague, CU Praha Ruzyne, Aviaticka 12/1048, 160 08 Praha. Importers must inform the Customs Administration and CAFIA or the Central Institute for Supervising and Testing in Agriculture (CISTA).

Requirements for the import of products of veterinary origin may be found in English on the web page of the State Veterinary Administration (SVA): [https://en.svscr.cz/trade-with-vet-commodities/general-information/](https://en.svscr.cz/trade-with-vet-commodities/general-information/). It is recommended by the SVA officers to contact them for current requirements prior to importing any veterinary commodities, as these requirements are often subject to change. SVA’s contact information is listed in Appendix I.
Section X. Trade Facilitation:

Goods from the third countries typically enter the Czech Republic through larger EU member states that have access to ports. For more information, please refer to the Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards Country Report of the European Union.
Appendix I. Government Regulatory Agency Contacts:

**Ministry of Agriculture**
Karolina Bartosova (Director of Foreign Trade Cooperation Department)
Tesnov 65/17, 117 05 Prague, Czech Republic
Tel: [00420] 221-812-452
E-mail: karolina.bartosova@mze.cz   URL: http://eagri.cz/public/web/en/mze/

Jitka Gotzova (Director of Food Safety Department)
Tel: [00420] 221-812-254
E-mail: jitka.gotzova@mze.cz

Martin Stepanek (Director of Food Production Department)
Tel: [00420] 221-812-838
E-mail: martin.stepanek@mze.cz

Hana Routova (Head of Wine Department)
Tel: [00420] 221-812-497
E-mail: hana.routova@mze.cz

**Customs Administration**
Jiri Trousil (Director of International Relations and Public Relations Division)
Budejovicka 7, 140 96 Prague, Czech Republic
Tel: [00420] 261-331-919
E-mail: informace@cs.mfcr.cz   URL: https://www.celnisprava.cz/en/Pages/default.aspx
Current contact information for helpdesks dedicated to specific topics can be found here:

**State Veterinary Administration**
Amer Mustafa Ali (Director of Department of External Affairs and Import and Export Control)
Slezska 7, 120 00 Prague, Czech Republic
Tel: [00420] 227-010-189
E-mail: a.mustafa@svscr.cz, int@svscr.cz   URL: https://en.svscr.cz/

**Czech Agriculture and Food Inspection Authority**
Petr Cejka (Director of Law and Foreign Affairs Department)
Kvetna 15, 603 00 Brno, Czech Republic
Tel: [00420] 543-540-204
E-mail: petr.cejka@szpi.gov.cz, sekret.opz@szpi.gov.cz   URL: www.szpi.gov.cz

**Central Institute for Supervising and Testing in Agriculture**
Vladislav Rasovsky (Director of Import and Export Dept.)
Zemedelská 1752/1a, 613 00 Brno, Czech Republic
Tel: [00420] 545-110-490, [00420] 724-247-362
E-mail: vladislav.rasovsky@ukzuz.cz   URL: www.ukzuz.cz
Appendix II. Other Import Specialist Contacts:

All contacts listed in Appendix I.

For additional information on the information provided in this report, please contact the Foreign Agricultural Service:

Czech Republic, American Embassy, Office of Agricultural Affairs, Prague
Telephone: (011-420) 257-022-000
Email: agprague@usda.gov
Website: http://fas-europe.org/countries/czech-republic/

Attachments:

No Attachments