Korea - Republic of

Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards - Certification

FAIRS Export Certificate Report

Approved By:
Kathryn Ting

Prepared By:
Seung Ah Chung / Michael Francom

Report Highlights:
Section Updated: Section I and II

KFDA’s certification system for processed organic products will remain in place until the end of 2012 and will be replaced by a MIFAFF certification system.
Section I. List of All Export Certificates Required By Government (Matrix)

This report provides export certificates for various agricultural products required by the Korean government for import inspection. U.S. exporters are strongly encouraged to consult with the relevant U.S. authorities prior to export about the eligibility of products and specific requirements imposed by the Korean government.

### List of Export Certificates Required by Korea

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product(s)</th>
<th>Title of Certificate</th>
<th>Attestation Required on Certificate</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Requesting Ministry*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beef and beef products</td>
<td>FSIS Form 9060-5 and 9305-7 (issued by USDA/FSIS)</td>
<td>Refer to SECTION III</td>
<td>Health certificate</td>
<td>NVRQS/MIFAFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pork</td>
<td>FSIS Form 9060-5 and 9305-5 (issued by USDA/FSIS)</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Health certificate</td>
<td>NVRQS/MIFAFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poultry</td>
<td>FSIS Form 9060-5 and 9305-2A (issued by USDA/FSIS)</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Health certificate</td>
<td>NVRQS/MIFAFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Egg products</td>
<td>PY-200 (issued by USDA/FSIS)</td>
<td>Attestation to detailed pasteurization treatment: 55°C for a minimum of 15 min; or, 60°C for a minimum of 5 minutes; or, 64°C for a minimum of 4.5 minute.</td>
<td>Health certificate</td>
<td>NVRQS/MIFAFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dairy products</td>
<td>Export Certificate (issued by exporting government) or manufacturer self-declaration</td>
<td><em>Products have been pasteurized for 15 seconds at 72°C or longer</em> or <em>Products have been UHT/HTST/LTST treated</em> or <em>Products have been treated for at least 15 seconds at 57-68°C and then matured (limited to cheese)</em> or <em>Products have been fermented using lactic acid bacteria</em></td>
<td>Export certificate</td>
<td>NVRQS/MIFAFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pork casing</td>
<td>FSIS Form 9060-7 and 9305-5 (issued by USDA/FSIS)</td>
<td>Only pork casings from animals slaughtered and processed in the United States are eligible for export to Korea. Refer to SECTION III for details.</td>
<td>Health certificate</td>
<td>NVRQS/MIFAFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product/Category</td>
<td>Certificate/Document</td>
<td>Required Attestation/Information</td>
<td>Certificate Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protein-free tallow</td>
<td>FSIS Form 9060-5 (issued by USDA/FSIS)</td>
<td>“Certified materials have been tested, and found to have a level of insoluble impurities of 0.15% or less.”</td>
<td>Health certificate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Live animal</td>
<td>Health Certificate (issued by USDA/APHIS)</td>
<td>Attestation required on certificate varies depending on species.</td>
<td>Health certificate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh vegetable, grains, fruits, nuts, and soy meal</td>
<td>PPQ Form 577 (issued by USDA/APHIS)</td>
<td>Attestation required on certificate varies depending on products.</td>
<td>Phytosanitary certificate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frozen vegetables and fruits</td>
<td>Form FV-146CS (issued by USDA/AMS) or PPQ Form 578 (issued by USDA/APHIS)</td>
<td>“Products have been frozen at -17.8C or below.”</td>
<td>Certificate of Quality &amp; Condition or Export Certificate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processed organic products except livestock products and feed</td>
<td>Organic certificate (issued by USDA/AMS Accredited Certifying Agents)**</td>
<td>No attestation required but certificate must include:</td>
<td>Certificate to confirm eligibility of organic producer or manufacturer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Name, address, and phone number of the certifying agent</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(b) A list of the types of organic food the operation is certified by the certifying agent to produce or process</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(c) The company name, address, and effective date (or renewal date) of the certification</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rice</td>
<td>Non GMO Certificate (issued by OMIC USA &amp; laboratory participating in USDA/GIPSA’s Proficiency Program)</td>
<td>Attestation to no detection of GM rice</td>
<td>Test certificate to prove no presence of GM rice</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-GMO bulk shipment</td>
<td>Full IP Documentation (issued by private entities) or Non-GMO Certificate (issued by exporting government)</td>
<td>Attestation to identity preserved (IP) handling of bulk grains</td>
<td>Certificate to prove IP handling of bulk grains from seed to final export</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-GMO processed products ***</td>
<td>Full IP Documentation (issued by private entities), Non-GMO Certificate (issued by exporting government), or Notarized Self</td>
<td>Attestation to identity preserved (IP) handling of raw materials from seed purchasing to manufacturing</td>
<td>Certificate or statement to provide IP handling of raw materials used in processed products</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section II. Purpose of Specific Export Certificate(s)
Please refer to Section I.

Section III. Specific Attestations Required on Export Certificate(s)
Please refer to Section I. A sample of export certificate is provided in Appendix.

Korea requires that beef imports come from plants approved under the Export Verification (EV) Program set up by USDA's Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS). Beef must be slaughtered and/or processed at plants listed in the Official Listing of Bovine Eligible Suppliers (aka, USDA Bovine EV Programs). This list can be obtained by visiting the AMS Website.

Beef that was slaughtered and processed under an approved EV program can be exported after being stored in a warehouse approved by USDA's Food Safety Inspection Service. A list of all of the establishments on the Meat, Poultry and Egg Products Inspection Directory approved by FSIS for storing beef to be exported to Korea is available by visiting the FSIS website.

In addition, Korean beef importers and U.S. exporters have reached a commercial understanding that, as a transitional measure, only U.S. beef from cattle less than 30-months of age will be shipped.
to Korea. AMS set up a voluntary Quality System Assessment (QSA) Program to verify that beef from participating plants will be from cattle less than 30 months of age.

Exporting establishments may choose to participate in the AMS QSA program that verifies that the beef being certified is from cattle less than 30 months of age. However, for establishments that do participate in the AMS QSA program, the following statement may appear in Remarks on the FSIS 9060-5: "The beef or beef products were produced at a verified establishment under the USDA Less than 30 Month Age Verification USDA Quality System Assessment (QSA) Program for Korea." At this time, Korea will not accept at port-of-entry shipments of beef without the QSA program statement in the Remarks section of the FSIS 9060-5 as described in the Documentation section, and Korean quarantine officials will return shipments without the statement to the owner/agent of the product. A list of QSA approved establishments and their approval dates can be obtained from the AMS website.

As for the export of pork casings, the following information must be entered in the appropriate blocks of FSIS Form 9305-5: the name, address, and establishment number of the casing processing plant or the slaughter plant (if shipped directly) and the date of processing for processing plants and date of slaughter for slaughter plants. Only pork casings from animals slaughtered and processed in the United States are eligible for export to Korea.

Section IV. Government Certificate’s Legal Entry Requirements
The original certificate is required for all products listed above in Section I at the time of entry with a couple of exceptions. As for organic certificates and IP documentation for non-GMO products, a copy of the original certificate is acceptable.

In most situations, one certificate applies to one shipment thus it is not accepted to use the one certificate for multiple shipments. However, as for IP documentation for non-GMO products, one certificate can apply to multiple shipments if the one certificate covers more than one shipment (e.g. One IP documentation for soybeans produced for one year and those soybeans are divided and imported in multiple shipments.)

In cases where a government issued certificate is required, any government entity (including city/municipal, state, or federal) can issue certificates unless specified otherwise. As for health certificate, certificates should be issued by federal quarantine authorities.

Section V. Other Certification/Accreditation Requirements
The “issuance date” of both health and phytosanitary certificates shall be prior to the “on-board date” listed on the Bill of Lading. The “inspection date” on a certificate must be prior to the departure date. To prevent unnecessary delay at the port of entry, the certificate “issuance date” should be prior to the departure date of shipments.

Appendix I. Electronic Copy or Outline of Each Export Certificate
1. FSIS certificates
Please refer to the below website for details including certificate samples.


2. APHIS Certificate

A. Plant Certificate

Please refer to the below website for details about plant certificate requirements.


PPQ Form 577 can be viewed at the below website:


B. Animal Certificates

Please refer to the below website for details about animal certificate requirements.


Korean requirements of live animal exports can be found at:


C. Dairy Certificate

Please refer to the below website for details about certificate requirements for dairy products.


D. Other Certificates Issued by APHIS

Please refer to the below website for details about certificate requirements for other products that are covered by APHIS.
To: [X] Customer
[Address], Korea

[Exporter]
[Address], USA

To Whom It May Concern:

I hereby certify that the following product(s) [product name(s)] is (are) made by [company name] at its manufacturing facility in [city, state] using [name of ingredient] sourced from non-GM varieties with identity preserved (IP) systems. The crop(s) for [name of ingredient] were grown and managed with appropriate agricultural practices to maintain the integrity of the non-GM varieties from seed purchasing to manufacturing. The [name of ingredient(s)] supplier certifies that these ingredients are sourced from IP, non-GM varieties. Our manufacturing operation segregates this [name of ingredient(s)] to maintain its integrity.

This certificate covers the period between [date] and [date]. [List name of products as per attached invoice(s) [number(s)] and other identifying information considered relevant by the certifier].

I certify that the information submitted above is true and the above product complies with the Korean Government requirements that the level of accidental mixing of GM varieties in the raw ingredient used in the product is below the 3-percent threshold. Full documentation of identity preservation is available upon request after notification to our company of the GM ingredient(s) that have been detected in our product(s).

Sincerely,

[Name]
[Title]
[Company name]

State of [Name]
[City]

Subscribed and sworn to before me this [day] of [month, year]
[Expiration Date of the Commission]
[Signature of Notary Public] [SEAL]