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**Report Highlights:**

This report lists major export certificates required by the government of China to export food and agricultural products to China. U.S. exporters are advised to monitor the USDA Global Agricultural Information Network (GAIN) system for updates and see the China's Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards Report for more information on import requirements.

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## **Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards Report**

### **FAIRS Export Certificate Report**

FAS China provides this analysis and reporting as a service to the United States agricultural community, and to our farmers, ranchers, and rural communities in support of a worldwide agricultural information system and a level playing field for U.S. agriculture.

#### **Executive Summary:**

This report lists the major registration requirements and export certificates required for food and agricultural exports to China. China's import registration and documentation requirements are frequently amended. For instance, the General Administration of Customs of China (GACC) introduced Decree 280 to replace Decree 248 effective June 1, 2026, which replaces the fixed list of 18 food categories with a dynamic risk-based catalog, implements system recognition for batch registration, and introduces automatic renewals. U.S. exporters are advised to monitor the USDA GAIN system for updates and to review the latest China FAIRS Country Report.

The official titles of some of the regulations in this report reference former competent authorities of China (e.g., General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine (AQSIQ) or China Food and Drug Administration (CFDA)), even though these agencies names and functions changed following China's 2018 government reorganization.

Official government links for many regulations (in particular those released by CFDA and AQSIQ) are no longer accessible due to the ongoing construction of new agency websites. Links to GAIN reporting from FAS China are included to provide context and, when available, unofficial translations of measures.

The USDA Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), and the USDA Food Safety Inspection Service (FSIS) located at the U.S. Embassy in Beijing, China, contributed significantly to the development of this report.

#### **Disclaimer:**

This report was prepared by the Office of Agriculture Affairs of the USDA/Foreign Agricultural Service in Beijing, China, for U.S. exporters of domestic food and agricultural products. While every possible care has been taken in the preparation of this report, information provided may not be completely accurate either because policies have changed since its preparation, or because clear and consistent information about these policies was not available. It is highly recommended that U.S. exporters verify the full set of import requirements with their foreign customers, who are normally best equipped to research such matters with local authorities, before any goods are shipped. FINAL IMPORT APPROVAL OF ANY PRODUCTS IS SUBJECT TO THE IMPORTING COUNTRY'S RULES AND REGULATIONS AS INTERPRETED BY BORDER OFFICIALS AT THE TIME OF PRODUCT ENTRY.

**PLEASE NOTE THAT SOME OF THE HYPERLINKS IN THIS REPORT ONLY FUNCTION WITH CERTAIN WEB BROWSERS AND/OR WHEN COPIED AND PASTED INTO CERTAIN WEB BROWSERS.**

**Section I. List of Export Certificates Required by the Government of China (Matrix)**

<b>Products</b>	<b>Certification</b>	<b>Attestation Required</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Requesting Ministry</b>
All Agricultural and Food Products	Quarantine Inspection Permit (QIP)	Information regarding the content, volume, and physical characteristics of the shipment	General Import Certificate	GACC
Animal	Pet Foods Containing Animal Origin Ingredients: APHIS Export Health Certificate and MARA Import Registration Certificate	Certifies product meets bilaterally negotiated requirements	Health Certificate Quality and Safety	GACC MARA
	Rendered Poultry and Feather Meal: APHIS Export Health Certificate	Certifies product meets bilaterally negotiated requirements	Health Certificate	GACC
	Non-ruminant Feeds, Feed Ingredients and Animal Fats: APHIS Export Health Certificate	Certifies product meets bilaterally negotiated requirements	Health Certificate	GACC
	Feed and Feed Additive: Import Registration License (for MARA-feed ingredients listed as Single Feed Varieties and all feed additives) and FDA or state Export Certificate <sup>1</sup>	Certifies safety of imported feed and feed additives, and to protect animal production safety.	Animal Health	MARA
	Fishmeal and Fish Oil and Other Aquatic Protein: DOC (NOAA) Health Certificate	Certifies imported products come from registered establishments, meet veterinary sanitary requirements, and are for feed use	Animal Health	GACC

<sup>1</sup> For more information on export certificates issued by FDA, please visit the [FDA](#) website.

<b>Products</b>	<b>Certification</b>	<b>Attestation Required</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Requesting Ministry</b>
Animal	Live Animal: <sup>2</sup> APHIS Export Health Certificate	Certifies animal health	Animal Health	GACC
	Chilled and Frozen Animal Products: FSIS Export Health Certificate FSIS Form 9060-5 <sup>3</sup>	Certifies quality and safety of products	Food Safety	GACC
	Poultry: Automatic Registration Form	Import permit supplied by the importer only	Traceability	MOFCOM
	Pork <sup>4</sup> : H1N1 Certificate FSIS Form 2630-9	Certifies pork is free of H1N1	Food Safety	GACC
	Pork: Ractopamine Test Report (Applicant must provide documentation through FSIS Form 9060-6 when applying for the FSIS Form 9060-5)	Certifies pork is free of ractopamine	Food Safety	GACC

*Note:* In February 2020, China began using the Food Safety and Inspection Service’s (FSIS) Public Health Information System (PHIS) for all imports of meat and poultry products. APHIS allows for the use of electronic health certificates that can be accessed by China immediately after the certificate is approved and signed by an FSIS veterinarian.

<sup>2</sup> For more information on China-specific export requirements on live animals, please visit the [APHIS](#) website.

<sup>3</sup> Electronic pre-notification is required for imported beef and pork products. Visit the FSIS website for a [complete description](#) of certificates. For more information on China-specific export requirements for animal products, please visit the [APHIS](#) website.

<sup>4</sup> Pork and pork products with FSIS export certificate issuance dates on or after July 1, 2014, must be derived from lots of hogs that are produced in accordance with either of the Agricultural Marketing Service’s (AMS) “Never Fed Beta Agonists” Program or a specifically developed, written Ractopamine-free program. These are requirements for export eligibility to China. FSIS does not require these documents. These documents are internal and not part of the export documentation package. Visit the [FSIS](#) website for more information on this certificate.

<b>Products</b>	<b>Certification</b>	<b>Attestation Required</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Requesting Ministry</b>
Dairy Products (Milk and Milk Products)	AMS Export Sanitary Certificate DA-240 (1/2013)	Product has been pasteurized and conforms to sanitary requirements of country	Sanitary Certificate	GACC
Wood Products	APHIS Protected Plant Permit PPQ 621 (Application for protected plant permit to engage in the business of importing, exporting, or re-exporting terrestrial plants or plant products that are protected) and U.S. FWS Export, Re-Export Permit	USDA is responsible for enforcing regulations specific to the import and export of plants regulated by the Convention on International Trade of Endangered Species (CITES) and the Endangered Species Act (ESA). In addition to USDA permits, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) issues export and re-export permits for CITES or ESA-protected plants leaving the United States.	Plant Health	GACC
	Certificate of Origin	Certifies origin of wood and wood product imports	Product Origin	GACC
	Certification of Fumigation <sup>5</sup>	Certifies that logs with bark are fumigated to prevent pests	Plant Health	GACC
Aquaculture/Aquatic Products (Live and Processed)	Certificate of Origin	Certifies product origin	Animal Health	GACC
	Live Animal: <sup>6</sup> APHIS Export Health Certificate	Certifies animal health.	Animal Health	GACC
	DOC (NOAA) Health Certificate <sup>7</sup>	Certifies imported fishery products come from approved establishments, meet veterinary sanitary requirements, and are fit for human consumption.	Health Certificate	GACC

<sup>5</sup> All U.S. logs with bark to China must be fumigated in the United States. However, if the fumigation is reflected in the phytosanitary certificate already, it is not necessary to attach a separate certificate of fumigation.

<sup>6</sup> For ornamental fish for breeding purpose only. For more information on China-specific export requirements on live animals, please visit the [APHIS](#) website.

<sup>7</sup> For more information on China-specific export requirements for aquatic products, please visit the [NOAA](#) website.

<b>Products</b>	<b>Certification</b>	<b>Attestation Required</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Requesting Ministry</b>
Fresh Fruits, Vegetables, Forest Products, and Tree Nuts	Phytosanitary Certificate APHIS PPQ Form 577	Varies by product. Certifies product is free of quarantine pests (Note: For apples, the shipment must also show proof that cold treatment was applied).	Plant Health	GACC
	Certificate of Origin	Varies by product. A State Chamber of Commerce or other official body certifies origin from China-approved locations	Product Origin	GACC
Vegetable Oil	Crude Oil: APHIS Phytosanitary Certificate	Health and phytosanitary attestation	Plant Health	GACC
	Certificate of Accreditation (by 3rd party or trader)	Certifies the product complies with quality requirements	Product Quality	GACC
Wine <sup>8</sup>	Wine Export Certificate	The multiple-purpose certificate used for certificate of origin, certificate of health/sanitation, and certificate of authenticity/free sale.	Product Declaration	GACC
Grains	APHIS Phytosanitary Certificate	Certifies product is free of quarantine pests	Plant Health	GACC
	Agricultural Biotech Products: MARA Import Permit	Permits the importation of crops of agricultural biotechnology; each permit is valid for each shipment and for a period of six months.	Import Control	MARA/ GACC
	FGIS Grain Inspection Service	Certifies product quality	Product Quality	GACC

<sup>8</sup> As of March 1, 2014, The Tax and Trade Bureau of the U.S. Department of Treasury adopted the “Wine Export Certificate” as the only official certificate for wine exports to China.

<b>Products</b>	<b>Certification</b>	<b>Attestation Required</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Requesting Ministry</b>
Cotton	APHIS Phytosanitary Certificate	APHIS certifies both cotton raw fiber and cotton seeds. Requirements: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Feed - phytosanitary certificate (PC) and import permit (IP) are required. Do not certify unless an IP is presented.</li> <li>2. Seeds (for consumption or processing) - PC is required.</li> <li>3. Seeds (for propagation) - PC and IP are required. Do not certify unless an IP is presented.</li> </ol>	Plant Health	GACC
	AMS Quality Classification	Certifies quality of cotton imports	Product Quality	GACC
Processed Products	Certificate of Origin	Varies by product. State Chamber of Commerce or other official body certifies origin from China-approved locations	Product Origin	GACC
Oilseeds	APHIS Phytosanitary Certificate	Certifies product is free of quarantine pests	Plant Health	GACC
	FGIS Grain Inspection Service	Certifies product quality	Product Quality	GACC
	Agricultural Biotech Products: MARA Import Permission	Permits the importation of crops of agricultural biotechnology; each permission is valid for one shipment	Import control	MARA/ GACC

## **Section II. Specific Attestations Required on Export Certificates**

An original export certificate must accompany each export consignment at the time it is presented for entry into China. The certificate and attestation must match the container numbers in the shipment. Export declarations provided by suppliers or manufacturers and state-issued phytosanitary certificates are not acceptable. However, China will accept a state-issued certificate of origin or certificate of free sale (see below).

## **Section III. Government Certificate Legal Entry Requirements**

The details of legal entry requirements are contained in the latest China Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards (FAIRS) Country Report. Product imports may also have other requirements such as quarantine requirements. U.S. exporters should work with their importers in China to ensure shipments conform with all applicable regulations before shipment.

Since August 1, 2018, GACC consolidated the customs declaration form and the inspection application form into one customs declaration form. A trader must prepare one customs declaration form, one set of attached documents, and submit the application as one package. Guidance of required forms and clearance status can be found at [GACC's online service portal](#).

## **Section IV. Other Certification/Accreditation Requirements**

### **Registration Requirements**

China imposes registration requirements for a variety of consumer-oriented products and bulk commodities. U.S. facilities seeking to export these products must ensure they comply with the registration requirements. For more detailed information regarding registration requirements, please see the latest China FAIRS Country Report.

#### **1) Regulations on the Registration and Administration of Overseas Producers of Imported Food (GACC Decree 248)**

On January 1, 2022, GACC began enforcing the Registration and Administration of Overseas Producers of Imported Food (Decree 248). The decree requires the registration of overseas food production and cold storage facilities that export most food products to China. Please note that facilities and companies producing certain products, such as fresh fruits and most grains, are registered under other processes.

Many food ingredients are included within the scope of the decree, which is regularly modified. FAS regularly publishes GAIN reports (see the latest FAS GAIN Report [CH2025-0242](#)) with the list of commodities that fall under Decree 248. Exporters can also search for products using the CIFER [website](#). The decree excludes food additives and processing aids based on GACC's definition of these products. The regulation sets out two registration pathways for facilities that produce products within its scope – self-registration, and registration through a competent authority in the exporting country (Please see FAS GAIN Report [CH2024-0070](#)); the method of registration depends upon the product being exported. Please visit [GACC's product search website](#) for more information. **Note:** U.S. exporters of meat, poultry, dairy, infant formula, and

seafood products should continue following procedures for exporting to China as outlined by relevant U.S. food safety regulators: [FSIS](#) and [FDA](#).)

Exporters should ensure that the facilities producing products for export to China and subject to Decree 248 are fully registered with GACC before shipping. Exporters should also ensure that their registrations do not expire and start the renewal process well ahead of the expiration date to ensure there is no impediment to trade.

FAS has received inquiries about several websites or service providers that purportedly offer facility registration services. These websites, however, are not official websites for facility registration. Before registering, companies should verify the authenticity of the registration system they are using. Establishments can only be registered with GACC through the official CIFER establishment registration portal: <https://cifer.singlewindow.cn>. There is no charge for registration in this CIFER system. For additional information, please see GAIN report [CH2024-0066](#).

On October 14, 2025, GACC announced Decree 280 *Regulations on the Registration and Administration of Overseas Producers of Imported Food* that will replace Decree 248 effective June 1, 2026. Decree 280 replaces the fixed list of 18 food categories with a “dynamic risk-based” catalog, implements system recognition for batch registration, and introduces automatic renewals. (Please see FAS GAIN Report [CH2025-0204](#) and [CH2026-0034](#) for more information of this update.) GACC is expected to release critical implementation catalogs and guidance, including identifying products that require competent authority assistance for registration; clarifying which facility registrations are ineligible for auto-renewal, and providing additional guidance for storage facilities.

Exporters are encouraged to review current information on Decree 248 and the facility registration process in the FAS GAIN system, where there are several reports on Decree 248 and Decree 280. FAS offices in China continue to provide updates via the GAIN system as information becomes available.

## **2) Registration Requirements for Beef Establishments**

Effective March 17, 2020, beef establishments are no longer required to participate in [USDA AMS Export Verification Program for Bovines](#). U.S. beef, pork, and poultry facilities can only export to China products that are slaughtered, further processed, or stored, after the facility approval has been published in [CIFER](#) and added to the [FSIS Eligible Plant List](#). Only beef products slaughtered, processed, or stored after the facility has been added to the GACC website will be accepted for import in China.

Beef establishments (i.e., slaughter, processing, and cold storage) interested in exporting eligible beef to China that are not currently listed on the Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) Eligible Plant List must submit [FSIS Form 9080-3](#) through [Public Health Information System \(PHIS\)](#). Establishments that are not using PHIS must submit a fully completed 9080-3 Form to the FSIS Proxy for entry into PHIS. Information on sending a completed 9080-3 Form to the FSIS Proxy is available on [FSIS Export Library](#). FSIS will certify these establishments to

GACC. Upon FSIS receipt of notification from GACC that facilities have been published on the GACC website, these establishments will be added to the current FSIS Eligible Plant List for Exporting to China.

### **3) Registration Requirements for Grain and Oilseeds (GACC Decree 243 revision)**

In November 2018, GACC issued the updated [Administrative Measures of Inspection and Quarantine for Entry and Exit Grains](#) under GACC Decree 243, which includes registration requirements for overseas production, processing, and warehousing enterprises. For more information on registration requirements, please see “Grains” section of the latest FAIRS Country Report.

### **4) Registration Requirements for Feed and Feed Additives**

To export feed products and additives to China, the exporter must complete the following steps:

- 1.) Apply for an import product registration license<sup>9</sup> or product waiver from MARA through a China-based agent. Under MARA regulations, the following feed products and additives require a MARA import product registration license: pre-mixed, concentrate, compound, single cell protein feed, supplementary feed, single feed ingredients,<sup>10</sup> and feed additives. Registration information can be found on the [MARA website](#). Note, this is a complex process that requires Chinese language skills and can take several months or years to complete.
- 2.) The manufacturing facilities contact [USDA AMS](#) to obtain GACC facility registration information.
- 3.) USDA AMS works with USDA FAS to register manufacturing facilities with GACC. China only allows imports of feed and feed additives from registered foreign facilities. To register, a facility must comply with the domestic laws, regulations, and standards, which must have the equivalent effect as the regulations and standards in China. Decree 118 also sets record filing requirements for China’s importers, labeling, and feed exports.
- 4.) Check that registration is complete before shipment. Make sure the feed products and additives are in the [MARA’s Feed Ingredient Catalog](#) (link in Chinese) and [Feed Additive Catalog](#) (link in Chinese).<sup>11</sup> If a product is not in these catalogues, the manufacturing facilities must complete [MARA’s approval process for new feed or feed additives](#) or receive a product waiver.

In addition, export certificates are normally required for animal feed exports to China. For animal feed products not containing animal-based ingredients, please contact the [U.S. Food and](#)

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<sup>9</sup> Effective from January 1, 2026, all feed and feed additives import product registration license will be electronic instead of paper version.

<sup>10</sup> Single feed ingredients varieties listed in Part IV of China’s Feed Ingredients Catalog.

<sup>11</sup> In March 2025, MARA released an [updated Feed Ingredient Catalog](#) open for public comments to include more ingredients varieties as well as fermented feed materials. At the time of this report, the draft catalog has not been finalized.

[Drug Administration \(FDA\)](#) or contact local authorities for the issuance of the certificates. For feed products containing animal-based ingredients, please contact your local APHIS office. Exporters of animal feed should consult with their local authorities or importer to determine the appropriate certificate.

### **Administrative Measures for Inspection, Quarantine and Supervision on Exports/Imports of Feeds and Feed Additives (GACC Decree 262)**

The [Measures](#)<sup>12</sup> (link in Chinese) require that China only import feed and feed additives from registered foreign facilities. To register, a facility must comply with the domestic laws, regulations, and standards, which must have the equivalent effect as the Chinese regulations and standards. The qualified companies will be recommended by the exporting government to relevant Chinese authorities for registration. The measures also set requirements on record filing for Chinese importers, labeling, and Chinese feed exports.

For additional information on China's animal feed and pet food regulations, see the [GAIN report CH2024-0039](#).

## **5) Registration Requirements for Infant Formula Recipes**

### **Infant Formula Recipe Registration**

SAMR issued an updated [Administrative Measures for the Registration of Recipes for Formula Powder Products for Infants and Young Children](#) that require infant formula products manufactured to be registered with SAMR, provide guidance about the process for registering infant formula milk powder recipes, and standardize label requirements. Foreign infant formula powder products must be registered before the products may be shipped to China. There is not a list of all registered infant formulas available; the [SAMR Special Food Information Query Platform](#) (link in Chinese) provides a searchable database where users can verify if an individual recipe has been registered. There are several supporting documents available on the [SAMR webpage for special food registration](#), which provides additional details on the infant formula product registration process, including the [Material Requirements for Infant Formula Product Registration](#).

China's 2025 Food Safety Law requires infant formula liquid milk to be registered with SAMR, the liquid milk products will follow the same formula and recipes registration with the powdered products. This new requirement has been implemented since December 1, 2025.

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<sup>12</sup> On July 22, 2025, China notified the revised Administrative Measures for Inspection, Quarantine, and Supervision on Import and Export of Feed and Feed Additives to the WTO under G/SPS/N/CHN/109/Add.2. Please see FAS GAIN Report [CH2025-0157](#) for more detailed information of the revised Measures.

## **Infant Formula Facility Registration**

Foreign manufacturing facilities that export infant formula to China are required to register with GACC. U.S. infant formula facilities exporting to China must receive registration recommendation from the FDA. Please see FDA's website for more information: [Infant Formula Export List | FDA](#).

## **Registration Requirements for Foods for Special Medical Purposes**

SAMR published updated [Administrative Measures for the Registration of Formula Foods for Special Medical Purposes \(FSMP\)](#) to regulate the registration of FSMPs distributed in China, whether the product is imported or produced domestically. The updated measures entered into force on January 1, 2024. There is not a list of all registered FSMP available; the [SAMR Special Food Information Query Platform](#) (link in Chinese) provides a searchable database where users can verify if a specific FSMP has been registered. In addition, several supporting documents available on the [SAMR website](#), provide additional details on FSMP registration.

### **6) Registration and Record Filing Requirements for Health Food**

The [Administrative Measures for the Registration and Record Filing of Health Food](#) (link in Chinese) regulate the registration and record filing of health foods distributed in China, whether the product is imported or produced domestically. There is not a list of all registered/filed health foods available; the [SAMR Special Food Information Query Platform](#) (link in Chinese) provides a searchable database where users can verify if a specific health food has been officially registered or filed with SAMR. The [SAMR website](#) provides additional details on health food registration and record filing. Foreign manufacturing facilities that export infant formula to China are required to register with GACC. Please see FDA's website for more information: [Online Applications for Export Lists](#).

### **7) Record Filing for Foreign Exporters/Agents of Food Products and Consignee of Imported Food Products to China**

In September 2024, according to GACC's [Announcement No. 105](#) (link in Chinese), GACC announced to use either [China International Trade Single Window](#) or [GACC's Online Service Portal](#) systems for importers and exporters to filing records with GACC. [The record filing measures](#) (link in Chinese) released by GACC request exporters and importers file their records on this website to customs release shipments.

GACC uses the credit management system to monitor and evaluate the registered and filed enterprises. On January 13, 2026, GACC announced a revised [Measures on Credit Management of Registered and Filed Enterprises](#) (GACC Decree 282) (link in Chinese), to improve the credit management system for customs-registered and recorded enterprises. It will enter into force on April 1, 2026. The revised measures expand enterprise credit categories, introduce differentiated management based on credit levels, establish mechanisms for publicizing and repairing credit information, and refine standards for identifying and managing untrustworthy enterprises. It

states that the standards used to evaluate the enterprises and the specific management measures will be published by GACC in separate Announcements.

### **8) Radioactivity Attestations**

China does not require attestation of radioactivity for imports.

## **Additional Certifications and Permits**

### **1) Biosafety Import Permit Certificate for Agricultural Biotech Products**

Each consignment of a genetically modified product must obtain a “Biosafety Certificate for Agricultural Biotechnology (Import)” issued by MARA for customs clearance. According to [the Guideline How the Overseas Traders Apply for Biosafety Certificate for Agricultural Biotechnology \(import\)](#) (link in Chinese), the applicant of the certificate must be an enterprise or institution outside of China. Each certificate can only be used for one consignment and is valid for six months from the date of issuance. Effective from January 1, 2026, all biosafety import permit certificates will be electronic instead of paper version.

### **2) Automatic Import License for Beef, Pork, Mutton/Lamb, Fresh Milk, Milk Powder, Cassava, Barley, Sorghum, Soybean, Rapeseed, Sugar, DDGs, Soybean Meal, Tobacco, Broiler, and Vegetable Oil**

Ministry of Commerce of China (MOFCOM) and GACC jointly issued an [updated catalog of goods for automatic import license](#) (AIL) in December 2024, including imported beef, pork, mutton/lamb, fresh milk, milk powder, cassava, barley, sorghum, soybean, rapeseed, sugar, DDGs, soybean meal, tobacco, broiler, and vegetable oil. The new catalog entered into force on January 1, 2025. The catalog provides the product category, the HS codes, name, and unit (such as weight or piece) of the products that are subject to the AIL requirement. To import the above-mentioned goods, traders need to apply for the “Automatic Import License of the People’s Republic of China” from MOFCOM or the MOFCOM designated authority for customs declaration.

### **3) H1N1 and Ractopamine-Free Certification for Pork**

Pork and pork product manufacturing facilities must obtain [FSIS Form 9060-5](#) (Meat and Poultry Export Certificate of Wholesomeness). Please see Appendix 1 for the sample of the certificate.

The application for export certificate must be accompanied by the test results, transfer certificate, or product codes described in the Ractopamine Control Program. The port of entry in China must be included in the “Remarks” of FSIS Form 9060-5.

#### **4) Health Certification and Attestation for Live Swine**

As of March 9, 2011, China requires temporary attestation for novel A/H1N1 flu (additional document required). As of August 1, 2014, China requires negative PCR test results for porcine epidemic diarrhea virus (PEDv) and porcine delta coronavirus (PDCoV) during quarantine (additional document required as of January 2022).

- Swine - Health Requirements - 1995 - Revised 2006 (Statements 9 and 10)
- Swine - Temporary Attestation for Novel A/H1N1 Flu - August 2012
- Swine - Supplemental Attestation for PEDv and PDCv - August 2014
- Swine - Semen - Protocol - May 2000

Please visit [USDA Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service \(APHIS\) website](#) for more information on exporting requirements.

#### **5) Ractopamine-Free Certificate for Pork**

As of March 1, 2013, U.S. exports of pork to China are required to provide a “Ractopamine-Free” certificate. This certificate is internal. All eligible establishments on the eligible lists must provide the certificate annually. Pork and pork products with FSIS export certificated issuance dates on or after July 1, 2014, must be derived from lots of hogs that are produced in accordance with either of the AMS ractopamine control program’s identified as the [Never Fed Beta Agonist Program](#) or a specifically developed, written ractopamine-free program.

#### **6) Organic Certification**

Organic plants, animals, microbial products, and their processed products including organic food, feed, and textile products sold in China must be certified to Chinese organic standards. Producers must pay a certifier, accredited by SAMR, for in-country inspection and certification-related expenses. The certificate is normally valid for one year. Certification renewal requires a follow-up in-country inspection by an accredited certifier.

#### **Additional Product Categories and Facility Lists Approved for Export to China**

On November 7, 2025, GACC published an [Announcement on the Requirements for Declaration Management of Overseas Enterprises for Imported Agricultural Products](#) (in Chinese). This announcement officially published the first [Catalog of Imported Agricultural Products Requiring Overseas Official Recommendation for Registration](#) (Catalog) (in Chinese) and mandates that importers ensure all imported products listed in the Catalog originate from foreign facilities that are officially registered with the Department of Plant and Animal Quarantine (DAPQ). The announcement also highlights a platform where importers and overseas facilities can verify registration status. Importers are required to include the Chinese registration number of the foreign facility on customs declaration forms or filing lists. These requirements entered into force on December 15, 2025.

Some of the product types within the scope of Announcement 219 include aquatic animals, terrestrial mammals, feed and feed additives, pet food, traditional Chinese Medicine materials, grains (including miscellaneous grains, oil crops, and beans), plant derived feed (including forage grass), plant products for processing (including green coffee and cocoa beans), and fresh fruits and vegetables. For additional information, please see GAIN report [CH2025-0252](#).

Exporters of relevant facilities can access to DAPQ's [online portal](#) to check the status of their facility registration and are encouraged to work with their importers to fully understand China's requirements before any shipping product. GACC also maintains [lists of agricultural products that are allowed to export to China](#) from foreign countries. Registration questions related to GACC DAPQ registrations can be sent to [FASChinaDAPQregistrations@usda.gov](mailto:FASChinaDAPQregistrations@usda.gov).

The list of registered U.S. facilities that can export rice to China can be found at the [GACC website](#). With the [removal of quarantine requirements for frozen fruit imports](#) by GACC, more varieties of frozen fruits may be exported from the United States to China and questions regarding frozen fruit can be sent to [AgBeijing@usda.gov](mailto:AgBeijing@usda.gov).

# Appendix 1: Example Meat and Poultry Export Certificate of Wholesomeness

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0583-0153. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 25 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instruction, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE**  
**Meat and Poultry Export Certificate of Wholesomeness**

A knowingly false entry or false alteration of any entry on this certificate may result in a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than five years or both (18 U.S.C. 1001). Additional penalties exist under the Federal Meat Inspection Act [21 U.S.C. 611(b) (1), (2); and (5); 21 U.S.C. 461] for an unauthorized or false alteration or misuse of this certificate.

1. COUNTRY OF DESTINATION The People's Republic of China	2. ISO CODE CN	5. CERTIFICATE NUMBER 0155398	6. CERTIFICATE TYPE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL <input type="checkbox"/> REPLACEMENT
---	-------------------	----------------------------------	---

3. CONSIGNOR/EXPORTER (Applicant's name and address) Exporter Name Street Name City Name, State zip code UNITED STATES	PRODUCT EXPORTED FROM:
4. CONSIGNEE/IMPORTER (Name and address) Importer name Street Name City Name [Importing Country Name]	7. EXPORT EST. NO. (Name and address) P38 Export Family Name Street Address City Name, State zip code

8. TOTAL NET WEIGHT 100 lbs (45 3592 kgs)	9. TOTAL NO. OF PACKAGES 100
--	---------------------------------

10. DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT (Name of product)	11. NET WEIGHT OF LOT	12. SPECIES	13. NUMBER OF PACKAGES IN LOT	14. TYPE OF PACKAGES IN LOT	15. SHIPPING/ IDENTIFICATION MARKS	16. EST. NO. ON PRODUCT
Product 1	100 lbs (45 3592 kgs)	Chicken	100	Case		P38

\*As stated by applicant or contractor


17. REMARKS

See additional remarks on the continuation sheet.

18. I CERTIFY that the meat, meat food product or meat byproduct specified hereon is from animals that received both antemortem and postmortem inspection and were found sound and healthy and that it has been inspected and passed as provided by law and regulations of the Department and is sound and wholesome.

19. I CERTIFY that the poultry, poultry products or poultry food products specified above came from birds that were officially given an antemortem and postmortem inspection and passed in accordance with applicable laws and regulations of the United States Department of Agriculture and are wholesome and fit for human consumption.

NOT VALID UNLESS SIGNED BY A CERTIFYING OFFICIAL OF MEAT, POULTRY, AND EGG PRODUCT INSPECTION SYSTEM

By order of the Secretary of Agriculture		20. CERTIFYING OFFICIAL'S NAME AND TITLE <b>MICHAEL TENARD</b> <small>U.S. Government, Department of Agriculture Form O-10 FSIS 1722-0133833 Date: 07/20/2023 10:46:43</small>	21. DATE SIGNED (MM/DD/YYYY)
		MICHAEL TENARD, DVM Alameda, CA	07/20/2023

This certificate is receivable in all courts of the United States as prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements therein contained  
This certificate does not excuse failure to comply with any of the regulatory laws enforced by the United States Department of Agriculture.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0563-0153. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 5 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instruction, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE  
FIELD OPERATIONS

**MEAT, POULTRY AND EGG PRODUCTS EXPORT CERTIFICATE OF WHOLESOMENESS  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

**1. CERTIFICATE NO.**

0155398

**2. REMARKS**

Container: 123356 Seal: 678934 Port of Entry: Tianjin

**FSIS 9060-5 LEGEND - 图例**

1. COUNTRY OF DESTINATION - 目的地国家
2. ISO CODE - ISO 代码
3. CONSIGNOR/EXPORTER (Applicant's name and address) - 收货人/进口商 (名称和地址)
4. CONSIGNEE/IMPORTER (Name and address) - 收货人/进口商 (名称和地址)
5. CERTIFICATE NUMBER - 证书编号
6. CERTIFICATE TYPE - 证书类别
7. EXPORT EST. NO. (Name and address) - 出口机构编号 (名称和地址)
8. TOTAL NET WEIGHT - 总净重
9. TOTAL NO. OF PACKAGES - 包裹总数
10. DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT (Name of product) - 产品描述 (产品名称)
11. NET WEIGHT OF LOT - 批次净重
12. SPECIES - 物种

NOT VALID UNLESS SIGNED BY A CERTIFYING OFFICIAL OF MEAT, POULTRY AND EGG PRODUCTS INSPECTION PROGRAM

By order of the  
Secretary of Agriculture



**3. CERTIFYING OFFICIAL'S NAME AND TITLE**

**MICHAEL TENARD**

U.S. Government, Department of Agriculture  
PHIS ID: U-FS/5-37224-0531853  
Date: 07/20/2023 10:46:43

MICHAEL TENARD, DVM

Alameda, CA

**4. DATE ISSUED (MM/DD/YYYY)**

07/20/2023

This certificate is receivable in all courts of the United States as prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements therein contained. This certificate does not excuse failure to comply with any of the regulatory laws enforced by the United States Department of Agriculture.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0583-0153. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 5 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instruction, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
 FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE  
 FIELD OPERATIONS

**MEAT, POULTRY AND EGG PRODUCTS EXPORT CERTIFICATE OF WHOLESOMENESS  
 CONTINUATION SHEET**

**1. CERTIFICATE NO.**

0155398

**2. REMARKS**

13. NUMBER OF PACKAGES IN LOT - 批次中的包裹数量

14. TYPE OF PACKAGES IN LOT - 批次中的包装类型

15. SHIPPING/ IDENTIFICATION MARKS - 运输/识别标记

16. EST. NO. ON PRODUCT - 产品上的企业编号

17. REMARKS - 评论

-CONTAINER - 容器

-SEAL - 铅封号

-PORT OF ENTRY - 进口港

-SLAUGHTERING PLANT - 屠宰场

-PROCESSING PLANT - 加工厂

-WAREHOUSE - 仓库

-DOCKSIDE - 码头

SAMPLE

NOT VALID UNLESS SIGNED BY A CERTIFYING OFFICIAL OF MEAT, POULTRY AND EGG PRODUCTS INSPECTION PROGRAM

By order of the  
 Secretary of Agriculture



**3. CERTIFYING OFFICIAL'S NAME AND TITLE**

**MICHAEL TENARD**

U.S. Government, Department of Agriculture  
 PHIS ID: U FSIS 37224 0533853  
 Date: 07/20/2023 10:46:43

MICHAEL TENARD, DVM

Alameda, CA

**4. DATE ISSUED (MM/DD/YYYY)**

07/20/2023

This certificate is receivable in all courts of the United States as prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements therein contained. This certificate does not excuse failure to comply with any of the regulatory laws enforced by the United States Department of Agriculture.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0583-0153. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 5 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instruction, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE  
FIELD OPERATIONS

**MEAT, POULTRY AND EGG PRODUCTS EXPORT CERTIFICATE OF WHOLESOMENESS  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

**1. CERTIFICATE NO.**

0155398

**2. REMARKS**

18. I CERTIFY that the meat, meat food product or meat byproduct specified hereon is from animals that received both antemortem and postmortem inspection and were found sound and healthy and that it has been inspected and passed as provided by law and regulations of the Department and is sound and wholesome. - 我证明此处指定的肉类、肉类食品或肉类副产品来自接受宰前和宰后检查且健康状况良好的动物，并且已按照部门法律法规的规定进行检查和通过，并且状况良好和有益健康的。

19. I CERTIFY that the poultry, poultry products or poultry food products specified above came from birds that were officially given an antemortem and postmortem inspection and passed in accordance with applicable laws and regulations of the United States Department of Agriculture and are wholesome and fit for human consumption. - 我证明上述指定的家禽、家禽产品或家禽食品来自经过正式宰前和宰后检查并根据美国农业部适用法律和法规通过的家禽，并且健康且适合人类食用。


20. CERTIFYING OFFICIAL'S NAME AND TITLE - 认证官员的姓名和职务

21. DATE SIGNED (MM/DD/YYYY) - 签署日期 (月/日/年)

Slaughtering plant: P38

Processing plant: P38

NOT VALID UNLESS SIGNED BY A CERTIFYING OFFICIAL OF MEAT, POULTRY AND EGG PRODUCTS INSPECTION PROGRAM



<i>By order of the Secretary of Agriculture</i>		<b>3. CERTIFYING OFFICIAL'S NAME AND TITLE</b>	<b>4. DATE ISSUED (MM/DD/YYYY)</b>
		<b>MICHAEL TENARD</b> <small>U.S. Government, Department of Agriculture PHIS ID: U-FSIS 37224 0533853 Date: 07/20/2023 10:46:43</small>	07/20/2023
		MICHAEL TENARD, DVM	Alameda, CA

This certificate is receivable in all courts of the United States as prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements therein contained. This certificate does not excuse failure to comply with any of the regulatory laws enforced by the United States Department of Agriculture.

FSIS FORM 9060-5B (06/29/2018)

ORIGINAL

## Appendix 2: Example APHIS Phytosanitary Certificate

No phytosanitary certificate can be issued until an application is completed (7 CFR 353)		FORM APPROVED OMB NO. 0579-0052
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE PLANT PROTECTION AND QUARANTINE  <b>PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE</b>  TO: THE PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION(S) OF <b>SAMPLE</b>	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY  PLACE OF ISSUE <b>SAMPLE</b>  NO. <b>FPC XXXXXXXX</b>  DATE INSPECTED	
<b>CERTIFICATION</b>		
This is to certify that the plants, plant product or other regulated articles described herein have been inspected and/or tested according to appropriate official procedures and are considered to be free from the quarantine pests, specified by the importing contracting party and to conform with the current phytosanitary requirements of the importing contracting party including those for regulated non-quarantine pests.		
<b>DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT</b>		
1. DATE	2. TREATMENT	
3. CHEMICAL (active ingredient)	4. DURATION AND TEMPERATURE	
5. CONCENTRATION	6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
<b>DESCRIPTION OF THE CONSIGNMENT</b>		
7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF EXPORTER	8. DECLARED NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE CONSIGNEE	
<b>SAMPLE</b>	<b>SAMPLE</b>	
9. NAME OF PRODUCE AND QUANTITY DECLARED	10. BOTANICAL NAME OF PLANTS	
<b>SAMPLE</b>	<b>SAMPLE</b>	
11. NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION OF PACKAGES	12. DISTINGUISHING MARKS	
<b>SAMPLE</b>	<b>SAMPLE</b>	
13. PLACE OF ORIGIN	14. DECLARED MEANS OF CONVEYANCE	
<b>SAMPLE</b>	<b>SAMPLE</b>	
	15. DECLARED POINT OF ENTRY	
<b>WARNING:</b> Any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of this phytosanitary certificate is subject to civil penalties of up to \$250,000 (7 U.S.C. Section 7734(b)) or punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment of not more than 5 years, or both (18 U.S.C. Section 1001).		
<b>ADDITIONAL DECLARATION</b>		
<b>SAMPLE</b>	 <b>NAPPO</b>	<b>SAMPLE</b>
Page 1 of 1		
16. DATE ISSUED	17. NAME OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER (Type or Print)	18. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER
No liability shall attach to the United States Department of Agriculture or to any officer or representative of the Department with respect to this certificate.		
PPQ Form 577	FEB 2001	Previous editions are obsolete after 6/30/01

**Attachments:**

No Attachments