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Prepared By: FAS Jakarta

Approved By: Kristina Schammel

Report Highlights:

The FAIRS Export Certificate Report lists the major export certificates and other Government of Indonesia (GOI) requirements for U.S. food and agricultural products exports. This report updates the 2024 Indonesian FAIRS and supplements information provided in the 2025 Indonesia FAIRS Country Report. Notable updates include information on mandatory halal certification and prior notice requirements.

Disclaimer

This report was prepared by the Office of Agricultural Affairs of the USDA/Foreign Agricultural Service in Jakarta, Indonesia for U.S. exporters of domestic food and agricultural products. While every possible care has been taken in the preparation of this report, information provided may not be completely accurate either because policies have changed since its preparation, or because clear and consistent information about these policies was not available. It is highly recommended that U.S. exporters verify the full set of import requirements with their foreign customers, who are normally best equipped to research such matters with local authorities, before any goods are shipped. FINAL IMPORT APPROVAL OF ANY PRODUCT IS SUBJECT TO THE IMPORTING COUNTRY'S RULES AND REGULATIONS AS INTERPRETED BY BORDER OFFICIALS AT THE TIME OF PRODUCT ENTRY.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The FAIRS Export Certificate Report lists the major export certificates and other Government of Indonesia (GOI) requirements for U.S. food and agricultural products exports. Information has been updated in Section III, Section IV, and Section V.

SECTION I. LIST OF REQUIRED EXPORT CERTIFICATES

PRODUCTS	TITLE OF CERTIFICATES	ATTESTATION REQUIRED ON CERTIFICATE	PURPOSE	REQUESTING MINISTRY / AGENCY
Livestock & other animals genetics (semen, embryos, and poultry hatching eggs)	Certificate of Health	Please refer to the information in Section III.	To attest to compliance with the animal health requirements	Ministry of Agriculture
	Certificate of Origin	The certificate shall attest that the genetics product originates from the United States.	To attest to compliance with country-of-origin requirements, which is linked to the animal health status of the country of origin.	
	Pedigree Certificate	None	To attest to compliance with quality requirements (showing the superiority of the genetics product through the genealogy of the parents)	
Live poultry (day-old chicks)	Certificate of Health	Please refer to the information in Section III.	To attest to compliance with animal health requirements	Ministry of Agriculture
	Certificate of Origin	The certificate shall attest that the day-old chick originates from the United States.	To attest to compliance with country-of-origin requirements, which is linked to the animal health status of the country of origin	
	Pedigree Certificate	None.	To attest to compliance with quality requirements (showing the superiority of the day-old chicks)	

PRODUCTS	TITLE OF CERTIFICATES	ATTESTATION REQUIRED ON CERTIFICATE	PURPOSE	REQUESTING MINISTRY / AGENCY
			through the genealogy of the parents)	
Live large ruminants	Certificate of Health	Please refer to the information in Section III.	To attest to compliance with animal health requirements	Ministry of Agriculture
Certain food products of animal origin: 1. milk 2. eggs 3. honey 4. gelatin 5. collagen 6. tallow 7. swallow bird's nest and their processed products thereof	Certificate of Origin	The certificate shall attest that the food product of animal origin originates from the United States.	To attest to compliance with country-of-origin requirements, which is linked to the animal health status of the country of origin	Ministry of Agriculture
	Veterinary Sanitary Certificate (including USDA AMS Dairy Sanitary Certificate and U.S. FDA Certificate to a Foreign Government: Food for Human Consumption)	1. Product's compliance with animal and public health requirements and fitness for human consumption 2. Import recommendation number	To attest to compliance with animal and public health requirements and fitness for human consumption	
	Certificate of Analysis	Product's laboratory testing results	To attest to compliance with the quality requirements	
	Certificate of Free Sale	That the product is freely sold in the exporting country	Food safety	National Agency for Drug and Food Control (BPOM)
	Halal Certificate	That the halal-required product was produced according to halal standards	To attest to compliance with Indonesia's Islamic religious halal standards (only for halal-required products)	Halal Product Assurance Organizing Agency (BPJPH) and Ministry of Agriculture

PRODUCTS	TITLE OF CERTIFICATES	ATTESTATION REQUIRED ON CERTIFICATE	PURPOSE	REQUESTING MINISTRY / AGENCY
Non-food products of animal origin	Certificate of Origin	The certificate shall attest that the non-food product of animal origin originates from the United States.	To attest to compliance with country-of-origin requirements, which is linked to the animal health status of the country of origin	Ministry of Agriculture
	Certificate of Analysis	Product's laboratory testing results	To attest to compliance with quality requirements	
	Veterinary Certificate	Product's compliance with animal health requirements	To attest to compliance with animal health requirements	
	Halal Certificate	That the halal-required product was produced according to halal standards	To attest to compliance with Indonesia's Islamic religious halal standards (only for halal-required products)	Halal Product Assurance Organizing Agency (BPJPH) and Ministry of Agriculture
Pet food products (including milk replacers)	Certificate of Origin	The certificate shall attest that the pet food product originates from the United States.	To attest to compliance with country-of-origin requirements, which is linked to animal health status of the country of origin.	Ministry of Agriculture
	Certificate of Analysis	Product's laboratory testing results	To attest to compliance with quality requirements	
	Veterinary Certificate	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Product's compliance with animal health requirements 2. Import recommendation number 	To attest to compliance with animal health requirements	

PRODUCTS	TITLE OF CERTIFICATES	ATTESTATION REQUIRED ON CERTIFICATE	PURPOSE	REQUESTING MINISTRY / AGENCY
	Halal Certificate	That the halal-required product was produced according to halal standards	To attest to compliance with Indonesia's Islamic religious halal standards	Halal Product Assurance Organizing Agency (BPJPH)
Fresh, chilled, and frozen carcasses, meat, edible offal, and their processed products thereof (from poultry, cattle, and other livestock)	Sanitary Health Certificate (FSIS Meat & Poultry Export Certificate of Wholesomeness FSIS Form 9060-5)	Please refer to the information in Section III.	To attest to compliance with animal and public health requirements, and fitness for human consumption.	Ministry of Agriculture
	Halal certificate	That the halal-required product was produced according to halal standards	To attest to compliance with Indonesia's Islamic religious halal standards (only for halal-required products)	Halal Product Assurance Organizing Agency (BPJPH) and Ministry of Agriculture
Feed ingredients of plant origin	Certificate of Origin	That the feed ingredients of plant origin originated from the United States.	To attest to compliance with country-of-origin requirements	Ministry of Agriculture
	Certificate of Analysis or Certificate of Quality	Product's laboratory testing results	To attest to compliance with quality requirements	
	Certificate of Weight	Shipped product's weight	To attest that the shipment of the feed ingredients of plant origin is of a certain weight	
	Phytosanitary certificate	Please refer to the information in Section III.	To attest that the feed ingredients come from areas free of quarantine pests and diseases as well as from Foot and Mouth Disease.	

PRODUCTS	TITLE OF CERTIFICATES	ATTESTATION REQUIRED ON CERTIFICATE	PURPOSE	REQUESTING MINISTRY / AGENCY
(Complete) Feed	Certificate of Analysis or Certificate of Quality	Product's laboratory testing results	To attest to compliance with quality requirements	Ministry of Agriculture
	Certificate of Origin	That the complete feed originates from the United States.	To attest to compliance with country-of-origin requirements, which is linked to the animal health status of the country of origin	
	Self-statement/certification on ingredients used	In manufacturing the feed, the following ingredients were <u>not</u> used: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Feed ingredients of animal origin from animals given Antibiotic Growth Promotor (AGP), 2. Feed ingredients of animal origin from animals given synthetic hormones, 3. (For ruminant complete feed only) feed ingredients of ruminant origin 4. (For poultry and pig complete feed) urea 	To attest product is free of AGP and synthetic hormones (for all types of complete feed), free of feed ingredients of ruminant origin (for ruminant complete feed only), and free of urea (for poultry and pig complete feed)	
Feed ingredients of animal origin	Health certificate	Please see the information in Section III.	To attest to compliance with animal health requirements.	Ministry of Agriculture
	Certificate of Origin	The certificate shall attest that the feed ingredients of animal origin originate from the United States.	To attest to compliance with country-of-origin requirements, which is linked	

PRODUCTS	TITLE OF CERTIFICATES	ATTESTATION REQUIRED ON CERTIFICATE	PURPOSE	REQUESTING MINISTRY / AGENCY
			to the animal health status of the country of origin.	
	Certificate of Analysis or Certificate of Quality	Product's laboratory testing results	To attest to compliance with quality requirements	
Processed food products	Health Certificate	The certificate shall attest that the processed product is fit/safe for human consumption.	Food safety	National Agency of Drug & Food Control (BPOM)
	Certificate of Free Sale	The certificate shall attest that the processed product is freely sold in the exporting country.	Food safety	
	Halal Certificate	That the halal-required product was produced according to halal standards	To attest to compliance with Indonesia's Islamic religious halal standards (only for halal-required products)	Halal Product Assurance Organizing Agency (BPJPH)
Plant Products	Phytosanitary Certificate	Please refer to the information in Section III.	Plant safety	Indonesian Quarantine Agency (IQA)
	For Wheat: Bulk and containerized shipment: Certificate of Fumigation shall be attached to the Phytosanitary Certificate - Containerized shipment: Must also be completed with Certificate of Gas Clearance	For Wheat: Phytosanitary certificate must contain a declaration stating that <i>"The consignment was produced and prepared under the United States's systems approach for pest management in accordance with the Protocol on</i>	For Wheat: To comply with the Protocol on Phytosanitary Requirements for Exports of Wheat Grain from the United States of America to the Republic of Indonesia signed by the	

PRODUCTS	TITLE OF CERTIFICATES	ATTESTATION REQUIRED ON CERTIFICATE	PURPOSE	REQUESTING MINISTRY / AGENCY
	For Fresh Fruits: Imports from non-pest-free areas must undergo cold treatment, fumigation, Vapor Heat Treatment (VHT), or irradiation, with the chosen method stated on the phytosanitary certificate	<i>Phytosanitary Requirements for Export of Wheat Grain (Triticum aestivum L. or Triticum turgidum subsp. durum) from the United States to the Republic of Indonesia.</i> ”	Indonesian Quarantine Authority and USDA/APHIS on June 4, 2025	
Live, Fresh and Frozen Fisheries Products	Fish Health Certificate	That the fisheries product is free of the quarantine fish diseases and pests listed in the certificate form	To attest to compliance with fish health requirements	Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fisheries and the Indonesian Quarantine Agency (IQA)
	Quarantine Installation Certificate in the Country of Origin	The quarantine installation complies with quarantine infrastructure and equipment requirements	To attest to compliance with fish quarantine installation of the country of origin	
	Catch Certificate	The fisheries product does not originate from Illegal, Unreported, and Unregulated (IUU) fishing activities. (Must be validated by the embassy of the country of origin.)	To attest to the legality of the fisheries product	
	Certificate of Origin	That that the fisheries product originates from the United States.	To attest to compliance with country-of-origin requirements, which is linked to the aquatic animal health status of the country of origin	
	Certificate of Analysis (for the importation of other fisheries	Product’s laboratory testing results	To attest to compliance with quality and	

PRODUCTS	TITLE OF CERTIFICATES	ATTESTATION REQUIRED ON CERTIFICATE	PURPOSE	REQUESTING MINISTRY / AGENCY
	materials)	Please refer to information in Section III.	aquatic animal health requirements	
Food Additives	Health Certificate	Fit/safe for human consumption	Food Safety	National Agency of Drug & Food Control (BPOM)
	Certificate of Free Sale	That the food additive is freely sold in the exporting country	Food safety	
	Certificate of Analysis	Product's laboratory testing results	To attest to compliance with quality requirements	
	Halal Certificate	That the halal-required product was produced according to halal standards	To attest to compliance with Indonesia's Islamic religious halal standards	Halal Product Assurance Organizing Agency (BPJPH)
Alcoholic Beverages	Certificate of Free Sale	Freely sold in the exporting country	Food Safety	National Agency of Drug & Food Control (BPOM)

SECTION II. PURPOSE OF SPECIFIC EXPORT CERTIFICATES

Please refer to the "Purpose" column in the matrix under Section I.

SECTION III. SPECIFIC ATTESTATION REQUIRED ON THE EXPORT CERTIFICATE

Livestock & Other Animals Genetics (Embryos and Semen)

The attestation required on the health certificate can be seen at this [link](#).

Poultry (day-old chick and hatching eggs)

The attestation required on the health certificate can be seen at this [link](#).

Live large ruminants

The attestation on the health certificate shall include the status and situation of infectious animal diseases in the country of origin and on the farm/registered premises/approved premises, as well as the individual animal's health status. In addition, the Ministry of Agriculture's import recommendation number should be included in the health certificate that will accompany each live large ruminant. The import

recommendation for feeder cattle/buffaloes, breeding cattle/buffalo heifers, and productive bulls shall be valid for 12 months after the date of its issuance. However, the United States of America has not obtained the country-of-origin status, hence the export of live large ruminant is not yet possible. Post is in the final phase of obtaining the market access for the export of live large ruminants to Indonesia.

Carcass, Meat, Edible Offal, and Their Products

Attestation on health certificates vary depending on the animal origin of the product as follows:

Products from large ruminants

- The country of origin is free of foot-and-mouth disease (FMD), Rift Valley Fever (RVF), Contagious Bovine Pleuropneumonia (CBPP), and Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE).

Products from small ruminants

- The country of origin is free of FMD, RVF, Sheep and Goat Pox, Peste des Petits Ruminants (PPR), and Scrapie.

Products from swine

- The country of origin is free of FMD, Classical Swine Fever (CSF)/Hog Cholera and African Swine Fever (ASF).

Products from poultry

- The country of origin is free of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) disease.
- At least 90 days prior to shipment, within a 50 km radius, the country of origin has been declared without outbreak of Newcastle Disease (ND), Duck Viral Hepatitis (DVH), and Duck Viral Enteritis (DVE).

Each shipment of product must be accompanied by the appropriate health certificate (FSIS Meat & Poultry Export Certificate of Wholesomeness Form 9060-5). Please note that since March 6, 2023, the FSIS Meat & Poultry Export Certificate of Wholesomeness have been digitally signed. A sample of this certificate can be found in Appendix I.

FSIS Meat & Poultry Export Certificate of Wholesomeness (Form 9060-5) should contain the following information in the remarks section:

- The number from the Ministry of Agriculture's (MOA) import recommendation or letter of consideration (see [MOA Regulation No. 15/2021](#))
- The full sixteen-digit number from the Ministry of Trade's (MOT) import license (see [MOT Regulation No. 18/2025](#), amended by [MOT Regulation No. 31/2025](#) in Indonesian language)
- The issuance date of the import license

For more information on documentation requirements for exporting meat and meat products to Indonesia, please refer to the [FSIS Export Library](#).

Feed Ingredients of Animal Origin

Based on the Regulation of the Minister of Agriculture Number 15 Year 2021, these statements must be included in the health certificate issued by the country of origin:

- A. For rendered products of ruminant origin:

1. that the ruminants used as the raw material are healthy, raised in the country of origin, and have never been fed feed containing ingredients of animal origin;
2. that the ruminants used as raw material have passed ante- and post-mortem examinations;
3. that the ruminants used as raw material are not showing any Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE) symptoms;
4. that the ruminants used as the raw material originated from slaughterhouses accredited by and registered with the authorized institution of the country of origin, and under routine supervision of the veterinary authority of the country of origin;
5. that the ruminants used as the raw material can be traced back to the farm, slaughterhouse, and processing facility;
6. that the rendered product is not contaminated by porcine and non-domesticated ruminants' materials;
7. that the rendered product is processed in such a way that inactivates or kills *Clostridium* spp., *Salmonella* spp., *Escherichia coli*, *Bacillus anthracis* bacteria, with precautions taken against recontamination; and
8. that the rendered product has obtained assurance from the authorized veterinary authority, for countries with "Controlled BSE Risk" status, which declares the Meat and Bone Meal does not contain Specific Risk Material (SRM)/SRM-removed Meat and Bone Meal.

B. For rendered products of poultry origin:

1. that the poultry used as the raw material is healthy, bred, and raised in the country of origin;
2. that the poultry used as the raw material is free from Avian Influenza (AI) disease;
3. that the poultry used as raw material are not contaminated with porcine and other animals' materials other than poultry;
4. that the poultry used as the raw material originated from poultry slaughterhouses accredited by and registered with the authorized institution of the country of origin, and under routine supervision of the veterinary authority of the country of origin;
5. that the poultry used as the raw material can be traced back to the farm, slaughterhouse, and processing facility; and
6. that the rendered product is processed in such a way that inactivates or kills *Clostridium* spp., *Salmonella* spp., *Escherichia coli*, *Bacillus anthracis* bacteria, with precautions taken against recontamination.

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

- The plant quarantine service from the country of origin and transit country must issue phytosanitary certificates.
- Fresh fruits and vegetables from California do not need pre-treatment. However, the additional declaration of the phytosanitary certificate for California horticultural products must state that the imported fruits/vegetables have been produced within a pest infestation free area.
- To date only production areas in the State of California have been declared by the GOI to be free from *Ceratitis capitata*, *Anastrepha fraterculus*, *Anastrepha ludens*, *Anastrepha obliqua*, *Anastrepha serpentina*, *Anastrepha suspensa*, *Rhagoletis cingulate*, *Rhagoletis fausta*, and *Rhagoletis pomonella* infestation. Fruits and vegetables from other states must be treated prior to shipment (including fumigation, vapor heat treatment (VHT), and irradiation) or in-transit (cold treatment with temperatures appropriate for fresh fruit and vegetables) whenever the commodities originate from a production area where the regulated quarantining for fruit flies is

known to have occurred. The approved treatment shall be explained in the Phytosanitary Certificate under the Treatment Information column. For in-transit cold treatment, a temperature record must be attached to the Phytosanitary Certificate. A list of fresh fruits and vegetables, fruit fly names, and treatments is included in the appendix of [MOA Regulation No. 42/2012](#).

- Fruits and vegetables must be packed in carton boxes and transported as containerized cargo.

On October 16, 2024, the Indonesian Quarantine Authority (IQA) issued Decree No. 8014/2024 reinstating apples to the U.S. FFPO recognition list after IQA had temporarily removed apples from the recognition list on January 16, 2024, through IQA Decree No. 447/2024. With the reinstatement of apples, Indonesia now recognizes the food safety of 79 types of U.S. FFPO products. However, prior to the conclusion of the FFPO recognition renewal process in January 2024, Indonesia had previously recognized 88 commodities. In addition to apples, IQA had removed nine other FFPO products from the recognition list, including carrots, rye, pecans, and spinach. Only FFPO products that originate from countries that have food safety systems recognition with Indonesia can enter the country through the port of Jakarta. Further information regarding the 79 U.S. plant products currently recognized by Indonesia can be seen in the 2025 FAIRS Country Report.

Fish and Fishery Products

Under the Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fisheries (MMAF)'s regulation No. 11/2019, the GOI has issued requirements for importing fish and fisheries products. A health certificate for fish and fisheries products and a certificate of origin is required, along with other certificates, such as a copy of the quarantine installation certificate and catch certificate, as well as the Certificate of Analysis for the importation of other fisheries materials (i.e., carrier media other than fish that have the potential to spread quarantine fish pests and diseases). A health certificate sample is included in [Appendix I](#) of this report.

Wheat

On October 11, 2023, the Indonesian Quarantine Agency (IQA) stipulated a letter number B-2127/KR.020/K.3/10/2023 on new wheat import procedures. The letter states that:

1. Indonesia is importing wheat from Argentina, Australia, Bulgaria, Canada, Denmark, France, India, Lithuania, Moldova, Pakistan, Russia, South Korea, Ukraine, the United States, and Paraguay.
2. Based on risk analysis results and evaluation of the importation of wheat from the above countries, it is noted that wheat grains pose high potential to become carriers of fungi and insects, i.e. *Tilletia spp.*, *Sitophilus granaries*, and *Trogoderma granarium*.

In response to the letter issuance, the USDA's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) and IQA reached agreement on modifications to IQA's requirements by signing a phytosanitary import protocol for export of U.S. wheat to Indonesia. Both parties signed the protocol on June 4, 2025. The protocol states that:

1. The wheat grain (*Triticum aestivum L. and Triticum turgidum subsp. durum*) refers to wheat grain intended for processing, for human consumption and/or livestock feed which is exported to Indonesia in a bulk vessel or using shipping containers (in bulk or packed in bags).
2. The wheat grain shall comply with the relevant Indonesian phytosanitary laws and regulations,

food safety and sanitary standards, and with the phytosanitary requirements stated herein, and be practically free from quarantine pests of concern to Indonesia (listed below), noxious weeds, soil, and extraneous material.

List of Quarantine Pests of Concern to Indonesia

Insects:

1. *Sitophilus granarius*

Fungi:

1. *Claviceps purpurea*
2. *Fusarium sporotrichioides*
3. *Gibberella avenacea*
4. *Gibberella zeae*
5. *Sclerophthora macrospora*

Bacteria:

1. *Erwinia rhapontici*
2. *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae*

3. The exported wheat must be produced in accordance with the United States' systems approach and sourced from an area or place of production where quarantine pests of concern to Indonesia are well-managed.
4. Pre-export elevators handling wheat grain to be exported shall be certified by the state or federal government for commercial operation. These certified elevators shall carry out wheat grain sampling and inspection of incoming trucks for quality, grade, and to ensure the absence of any live insects.
5. Export elevators, including shipping bins, are subject to state or federal government inspection and shall be certified by state or federal government to handle wheat grain.
6. Only vessels or containers approved by the USDA may receive wheat grain for export to Indonesia. If a live insect is found, the USDA shall recommend appropriate treatment (such as fumigation, application of a contact insecticide) of the vessel or container and then conduct post-treatment inspection.
7. APHIS will issue phytosanitary certificates if inspection reports reflect compliance with Indonesia phytosanitary requirements.
8. In the case that any live insect is detected in a sample during export inspection, the wheat grain onboard the vessel/containers shall be fumigated in transit using phosphine with an effective dose as recommended by the Federal Grain Inspection Service (FGIS) Fumigation Handbook.

Information of the relevant treatment shall be stated in the treatment section of the phytosanitary certificate.

9. The exporter in the United States shall notify the IQA of the exportation of wheat grain through Indonesia's electronic prior notice application system prior to consignment dispatchment.
10. Upon arrival in Indonesia, IQA shall carry out on arrival-inspection of the consignment to confirm compliance with Indonesia's phytosanitary requirements. In the case that any live insect is detected, in particular *Sitophilus granarius*, the consignment shall be fumigated using dosage in accordance with IQA requirements as follows:

A. Phosphine fumigation

Active Ingredients	Dosage	Exposure Time	Minimum Temperature
Aluminium phosphine	3 gram/m ³	12 days	10°C
Magnesium phosphine	3 gram/m ³	11 days	10°C
Aluminium phosphine	3 gram/m ³	9 days	20°C
Magnesium phosphine	3 gram/m ³	8 days	20°C

B. Methyl bromide fumigation

Active Ingredients	Dosage	Exposure Time	Temperature
Methyl bromide	32 gram/m ³	24 hours	≥ 21°C
Methyl bromide	40 gram/m ³	24 hours	16 - 20°C
Methyl bromide	48 gram/m ³	24 hours	11 - 15°C

In addition to the wheat phytosanitary protocol, wheat imported into Indonesia must also fulfill the requirements in Indonesia's food safety regulation for Fresh Food of Plant Origin (FFPO).

Please also see Appendix I in GAIN Report [ID1456](#) for the following sample documents:

Sample "Certificate of Poultry Meal and Feather Meal of Avian Origin"

Sample "Certificate of Origin for Dairy Products"

Sample "Certificate of Quality of Poultry by Product Meal"

Sample "Sanitary Certificate for Dairy Products"

Sample "Health Certificate of Pet Food"

Sample "Health Certificate of Egg Products"

Sample "Statement Letter of Ineligible Phytosanitary Certificate"

Sample "Export Certificate of Processed Plant Products"

Sample "Halal Export Certificate"

Example of Prior Notice

Sample “Declaration of Conformity and Table of Product List”

Sample “State Apostile”

Sample “Letter of Authorization”

Sample “Fish Certificate of Origin”

Appendix I in this report shows samples of the following documents:

Sample “Meat and Poultry Export Certificate of Wholesomeness” (digitally signed)

Sample “Phytosanitary Certificate for California Horticultural Products”

Sample “Phytosanitary Certificate of Horticultural Products from States other than California”

Sample “Health Certificate of Fish and Fishery Products”

Sample “FDA’s Certificate to a Foreign Government”

SECTION IV. GOVERNMENT CERTIFICATE LEGAL ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

1. Health certificates for products of animal origin:
 - Must accompany the commodities at the time of entry. If the commodities are transported by vessel, the certificate should be sent earlier to the quarantine officer at the port of entry.
 - Must be issued by a veterinarian authorized by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and endorsed by an APHIS/Veterinary Services (VS) veterinarian.
 - Apply to only one shipment. Must include the full sixteen-digit GOI import license number and the issuance date of this import license, as well as the import recommendation number.
 - State-issued certificates will be accepted by GOI. However, GOI requires that a standard certificate form be used, including institution logo/symbol, health certificate number, consistency on whether handwritten or typed, and consistent paper size and weight. If possible, GOI would like to obtain the certificate electronically to make it easier for checking certificate validity and releasing the commodity faster.
 - Export declarations by suppliers or manufacturers as proof of compliance are acceptable.

2. Phytosanitary certificates (PC) should be in accordance with recommendations of the International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC). Additionally, fumigation certificates are required for products that are considered as a vector for disease, such as soybeans and corn. In the provisions of the Indonesian Quarantine Agency Regulation Number 14 of 2024, the Phytosanitary certificate issuance must follow the 21-day rule (Please see :[ID2025-0020](#)) :

Article 293: Applies to a shipment that departs from the port of origin with a completed PC. Shipment must depart no later than 21 days after the PC issuance date. The 21-day rule is calculated from the PC issuance date to shipment departure date.

Article 294: Applies to a shipment that departs port of origin prior to the PC being issued. Shipment must depart no later than 21 days after the inspection date. Once the shipment departs, a PC can be issued anytime as long as the shipment has not arrived in Indonesia.

3. BPOM requires Certificates of Free Sale for processed food products and food additives. However, BPOM will accept the FDA's Certificate to a Foreign Government as long as there is a statement attesting the product is fit for human consumption or is sold freely in the United States, or "Certificate of Free Sale" is included in the title of the letterhead. For more information on the certificate, please visit the [FDA's website](#).
4. Meat and meat products
 - a) The imported meat should be shipped directly from the country of origin to the port of entry in Indonesia unless prior approval is obtained from the Ministry of Agriculture.
 - b) The food contact materials for packing meat must be from the country of origin, display a label, be constructed from food grade materials, and be non-toxic.
 - c) During transportation, meat and meat products with halal certificates should be kept separate from non-halal products.
 - d) Frozen meat products must be transported in a container with a stable temperature between -18° to -22° C).

Under MOA Regulation No. 15/2021 (page 2576), importers are responsible for obtaining the product registration and resulting distribution licenses required for beef and other affected products. The required documents for registration include certificate of analysis that is issued by an accredited laboratory in the Country of Origin (CoA). For more information on the CoA requirement, please see USDA GAIN Report [ID2024-0032](#) on Requirement to Register Fresh Food of Animal Origin.

5. Fresh fruits and vegetables:
Phytosanitary certificates must be issued by the plant quarantine service from the country of origin and the transit country.
6. GOI requires phytosanitary certificates for processed plant products. However, if the competent authority in the exporting country is unable to issue the certificate (shown by a statement letter from the authority in the country of origin), the GOI can accept the export certificate for processed plant products with an explanation of the treatment for the products in the certificate. In addition, the statement letter should also include the address of the authorization office.
7. Based on the Halal Product Assurance Law No. 33/2014, all food and beverage products that are distributed and traded in Indonesia will need to be halal certified. Law 33/2014 came into force on October 17, 2019, beginning a five-year grace period with all food and beverage products having to come into compliance with the new law by October 17, 2024. However, a new [Government Regulation No. 42/2024](#) granted an extension of up to October 17, 2026 for imported food and beverage products. An unofficial English translation of the categories of products that will require halal certification can be found at [this link](#), and the list of specific food and beverage products (by HS code) that will require halal certification can be seen at [this link](#). In addition, a list of materials that do not require halal certification can be seen at [this link](#).
8. According to [Government Regulation No. 42/2024](#) regarding the Implementation of Halal Product Assurance, as with imported food and beverage product, imported raw materials, food additives materials, and food processing aids for food and beverage products, as well as

slaughtering products and slaughtering services now also have an extended grace period to come into halal certification compliance no later than October 17, 2026. Suppliers can obtain their halal certificates for these products from foreign Halal Certifying Bodies (HCB) that have been recognized by the GOI's Halal Product Assurance Organizing Agency (BPJPH). However, their halal certificates must be registered with BPJPH before the products can be sold in Indonesia.

For this foreign halal certificate registration, the importer and/or their official representative must apply directly to BPJPH in writing through an integrated electronic system using the Halal Information System (SIHALAL) application by attaching:

- a) data letter of application;
- b) an appointment letter from the company in the country of origin to the importer for applying the foreign halal certificate registration.
- c) a copy of the foreign halal certificate of the imported products;
- d) a list of products that will be imported into Indonesia, including HS codes;
- e) the importer's warehouse data
- f) a statement letter that attests the submitted document is accurate and valid.

After BPJPH examines the document and deems it valid and complete, BPJPH will register the foreign halal certificate and issue the registration number. The importer or their official representative must attach the registration number adjacent to the halal label on product packaging or on certain parts/areas of the product.

The validity period of foreign halal certificate registration is adjusted to the validity period of the foreign halal certificate. The foreign halal certificate registration must be renewed by the importer or the official representative within a period starting from 60 days prior to the expiration of the foreign halal certificate registration until the day of the expiration of the foreign halal certificate registration.

Indonesia does not request a halal certificate specific for the Indonesian market. Please contact HCBs directly to confirm whether they provide a halal certificate specific to Indonesia.

Indonesian import regulations do not require separate individual halal certificates for each shipment, although port quarantine officers encourage exporters and importers to submit the original halal certificate to quarantine headquarters and to attach a copy with each shipment. Post recommends that exporters contact their halal certifying body directly to determine if they require certification for each shipment.

SECTION V. OTHER CERTIFICATION OR ACCREDITATION REQUIREMENTS

1. Any entry of animals, materials of animal origin, or products made of materials of animal origin are subject to the following conditions:
 - a) Importers must obtain an import license from the Ministry of Trade. The license for products of animal origin such as dairy and pork is valid for 6 months from the issuance of an import

- recommendation. However, the license for beef is valid for one year.¹
- b) The import license for pork and processed animal products that possess a risk of zoonosis spread will be released after obtaining an import recommendation (SRP) from the Ministry of Agriculture. The Minister of Agriculture delegates authority on the issuance of SRP to the Directorate General of Livestock and Animal Health Services. Import recommendations can be applied for at any time but must be used to apply for an import license to the Ministry of Trade within 3 months after its issuance. Imports of feed ingredients of animal origin only require import recommendations from the Ministry of Agriculture.
 - c) The import license for processed animal products will be released after obtaining a recommendation from the Head of the National Agency of Drug and Food Control.
 - d) Shipments must be accompanied by a Certificate of Origin declaring that the animals, materials of animal origin or their products came from an area known to be free from Category I quarantine diseases and acknowledged by a GOI authorized official if originating from abroad.
 - e) Importation must be made through designated points of entry stipulated in the Regulation of the Head of the Indonesian Quarantine Agency Number 3 Year 2024 and its subsequent implementing [Decree of the Head of the Indonesian Quarantine Agency Number 4719 Year 2025](#).
2. An increasing number of key commodities are subject to Indonesia's new commodity balance policy which requires import licenses to be issued on the basis of a non-transparent economic formula that determines the gap between national supply and national demand. Under the new policy, once a year, importers must submit their "Needs Plans" for the following year which will be verified and approved by the ministry overseeing the commodity. In the case of beef, one of the first commodities subject to this policy, the commodity balance policy replaced the Import Recommendation requirement with a Letter of Consideration issued by the Ministry of Agriculture through the online National Commodity Balance System (SINAS NK). Implementation of the commodity balance policy began in 2022 with beef, fish, rice, salt, and sugar. In 2023, the policy also applied to 19 additional commodities, including alcoholic beverage raw materials, corn, saccharin, cyclamate, and garlic. As of the publication of this report, no other commodities have been officially added to the commodity balance policy.
 3. Certificate of origin can be issued by the secretary of the state, chamber of commerce, or notary public.
 4. Prior to import, seed importers must request an import license from the Ministry of Agriculture (DG of Horticulture, DG of Food Crops, DG of Estate Crops, or DG of Livestock and Animal Health Service, depending on the seed category) through the MOA's Center for Plant Variety Protection and Agriculture Licensing. A copy of the request must also be sent to the Agriculture Quarantine Agency. The license is valid for 6 months.
 5. Processed products must be registered with BPOM. Product registration requires a letter of appointment from the processed food producer. This letter can be submitted to BPOM directly by an Indonesian distributor. These documents shall be properly notarized and accompanied by a

¹ In 2022, Indonesia began implementing a new commodity balance policy for beef import licenses which extended the validity of beef import licenses to one year.

document which verifies that the company is a legal entity in the United States (e.g., a certificate origin from the Chamber of Commerce).

6. An entry license (SKI) from the Head of BPOM is required for every shipment of imported processed foods, raw food materials, food additives, processing aids, and food ingredients. SKI applications can be submitted online at <https://e-bpom.pom.go.id>.
7. In addition, to prove that the Good Processed Food Production Method (CPPOB) has been applied to the processed food product, a certificate of Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) or Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP) or ISO 22000 or Risk Management Program (PMR) or a similar certificate, which is issued by the authorized or accredited institution and/or from the local government audit result, is required.
8. Other certificates needed for certain food products, including raw materials and food additives, are as follows:
 - a) Composition analysis certificates from producers (per batch) or from accredited laboratories. The certificate must be original and valid for maximum 12 months.
 - b) A Genetically Modified Organism (GMO) or non-GMO statement for food containing potatoes, soybeans, corn, tomatoes and their derivative products (including food additives). However, if the derivatives have undergone further refining processes to the point where the GE material cannot be identified (such as: oils, fats, sucrose, and starch), they do not require any GMO or non-GMO statements.
 - c) Aflatoxin analysis results for nuts and peanut products.
 - d) Halal certificate for products that indicate by Indonesian Halal logo with halal certification number or registration number on the label.
 - e) Indonesian National Standard (SNI) certificate and Potassium Bromate (KBrO₃) Free Certificate for wheat flour.
 - f) Radiation free certificate for products originating from Japan and dairy products originating from Europe.
 - g) 3-Monochloro Propanediol (3-MCPD) residue analysis result for isolated soy protein, soy sauce, and hydrolyzed vegetable protein.
 - h) Original document listing production date and expiration date, as well as batch number/lot number/production code.
 - i) Products with short shelf life such as milk and milk products, and other high-risk foods, should have at least 2/3 of shelf life remaining at time of the entry license (SKI) application date.
 - j) SNI certificate for bottled water, cocoa powder, refined sugar, corn starch, and salt.
 - k) Melamine analysis results for raw material that is suspected of containing melamine, such as milk, flour, vegetable protein, egg and its processed products, and for food additives (ammonium bicarbonate).
 - l) Chloramphenicol analysis results for honey.
 - m) Formalin analysis results for products suspected of containing formalin.
 - n) Sudan Red analysis results for Oleoresin Capsicum products

9. In addition to submitting a phytosanitary certificate, IQA Regulation No. 9/2024 expands the requirement for Prior Notice to not only cover fresh fruit and vegetable imports but also all plant and plant products, animal and animal products, as well as fish and fish products. Prior notice must indicate the date & place of loading, date & place of arrival/destination, type of transportation, product name, quantity imported, country of origin, packing unit, import purpose, degree of quarantine risks, GMO attestation for GMO products, and container's identification number. The exporter must submit this [online Prior Notice form](#) before the departure of the consignment. On August 5, 2024, IQA issued Regulation No. 1/2024 on the List of Commodities Subject to Mandatory Animal, Fish and Plant Quarantine Inspection which basically listed all the commodities subject to Prior Notice requirement (see USDA GAIN Report [ID2024-0036](#) for more information).
10. According to [Ministry of Trade \(MOT\) Regulation No. 16/2025](#), the MOT continues to require rice, sugar, garlic, horticultural products (i.e., potato, onion, shallot, carrot, banana, pineapple, mango, mangosteen, orange, mandarin, grapefruit, lemon, lime, clementine, grape, melon, papaya, apple, durian, dragon fruits, chili, longan), processed foods, herbs, and supplements entering Indonesia to be verified by Indonesian surveyors and/or their authorized agents in the country of origin. This verification is not a food safety and/or quarantine inspection, but rather a way for the MOT to oversee the completeness and correctness of import documents, product accountability, and the physical condition of the products.
11. Based on Ministry of Maritime Affairs and Fisheries (MMAF) Regulation No. 11/2019, in addition to a health certificate and certificate of origin (COO), imported fish and fishery products must also be labeled (for packaged form) or accompanied by an invoice/packing list (for bulk form). The products must also include a copy of a certificate of quarantine installation. Additionally, a catch certificate from the authority agency at the country of origin is required and must be validated by the Embassy of the origin country in the importing country.
12. The import of processed food for special nutrition needs such as: complementary food of breast milk, food specially formulated for athletes, human milk fortification, and food for weight loss programs, must be accompanied by a certificate that proves the product complies with good manufacturing practices for processed food, issued by the competent authority in the country of origin which has a Mutual Recognition Agreement with the GOI.
13. In addition to a health certificate or certificate of free sale issued by the competent authority in the country of origin, imported organic food must also be accompanied by a transaction certificate, that is issued by the National Accreditation Committee (KAN)'s approved Organic Certification Institute (LSO). This LSO certifies the business unit in the country of origin. The LSO can be a local or foreign institute that resides in Indonesia.
14. Besides a certificate of free sale, imported alcoholic beverages also require the following documents to register the products with BPOM;
 - An appointment letter that is validated in the country of origin by a Public Notary or

Chamber of Commerce or the Indonesian Embassy in that country.

- Certificate of HACCP/ISO 220000/GMP/ Food Safety
 - A production flow chart; ingredients info; label design; front and back label; batch code/lot number/production code.
15. For imported animal-based food products, i.e. dairy, eggs, honey, gelatin, collagen, tallow, swallow nests, and their products, the certificate of analysis must be issued by an accredited laboratory in the country of origin. In addition, if the imported animal-based food product is exported to Indonesia for the first time, the certificate of origin and veterinary certificate can be replaced by a stamped statement letter.
16. Radiation free certificate:
On July 2022 MOA issued [Regulation No. 12/2022](#) regarding the Food Safety Supervision of Fresh Food of Animal Origin and Fresh Food of Plant Origin Imported into the Territory of the Republic of Indonesia Against Radioactive Contamination. The regulation applies to fresh food of plant origin (FFPO) and fresh food of animal origin (FFAO), including fresh fruits and vegetables, grains including maize, and barley, meat and meat products, milk and dairy products and other foods categorized as fresh foods originating from countries with nuclear and/or radiology emergency status.

Imports of FFPO and FFAO products from countries with nuclear and/or radiology emergency status must be accompanied by a food radioactivity certificate issued by the affected country's authorized authority containing a declaration that the exported FFAO and/or FFPO product is not contaminated with radioactive materials exceeding the maximum residue limit, or a certificate of analysis from an Indonesia-accredited laboratory in the country of origin that includes radioactive contamination test results proving the FFAO and/or FFPO products' radioactivity do not exceed the established maximum limit.

Appendix I. Sample Certificates

Sample of digitally signed “Meat and Poultry Export Certificate of Wholesomeness”

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0583-0153. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 25 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instruction, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

10. DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT (Name of product)		11. NET WEIGHT OF LOT ¹	12. SPECIES	13. NUMBER OF PACKAGES IN LOT ¹	14. TYPE OF PACKAGES IN LOT ¹	15. SHIPPING/ IDENTIFICATION MARKS ¹	16. EST. NO. ON PRODUCT
Product 1		100 lbs (42.3592 kgs)	Pork	100	Package		1234
<small>¹As stated by applicant or contractor</small>							

17. REMARKS

18. I CERTIFY that the meat, meat food product or meat byproduct specified hereon is from animals that received both antemortem and postmortem inspection and were found sound and healthy and that it has been inspected and passed as provided by law and regulations of the Department and is sound and wholesome.

19. I CERTIFY that the poultry, poultry products or poultry food products specified above came from birds that were officially given an antemortem and postmortem inspection and passed in accordance with applicable laws and regulations of the United States Department of Agriculture and are wholesome and fit for human consumption.

NOT VALID UNLESS SIGNED BY A CERTIFYING OFFICIAL OF MEAT, POULTRY, AND EGG PRODUCT INSPECTION SYSTEM

By order of the Secretary of Agriculture		20. CERTIFYING OFFICIAL'S NAME AND TITLE STEPHANIE MCSWAIN	21. DATE SIGNED (MM/DD/YYYY) 02/15/2022
		Stephanie McSwain, CSI Raleigh, NC	U.S. Government, Department of Agriculture PHS ID: U-936-07940212623 Date: 02/15/2022 13:05:04

This certificate is receivable in all courts of the United States as prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements therein contained.
 This certificate does not excuse failure to comply with any of the regulatory laws enforced by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Sample of “Phytosanitary Certificate for California Horticultural Products”

No phytosanitary certificate can be issued until an application is completed (7 CFR 353)

FORM APPROVED
OMB NO. 0579-0052

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE PLANT PROTECTION AND QUARANTINE PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE TO: THE PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION(S) OF SAMPLE		FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY PLACE OF ISSUE SAMPLE NO. FPC XXXXXXX DATE INSPECTED	
CERTIFICATION			
This is to certify that the plants, plant product or other regulated articles described herein have been inspected and/or tested according to appropriate official procedures and are considered to be free from the quarantine pests, specified by the importing contracting party and to conform with the current phytosanitary requirements of the importing contracting party including those for regulated non-quarantine pests.			
DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFESTION TREATMENT			
1. DATE	2. TREATMENT		
3. CHEMICAL (active ingredient)	4. DURATION AND TEMPERATURE		
5. CONCENTRATION	6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION In-transit Cold Treatment		
DESCRIPTION OF THE CONSIGNMENT			
7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF EXPORTER SAMPLE		8. DECLARED NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE CONSIGNEE SAMPLE	
9. NAME OF PRODUCE AND QUANTITY DECLARED TABLE GRAPES		10. BOTANICAL NAME OF PLANTS <i>Vitis vinifera</i>	
11. NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION OF PACKAGES SAMPLE		12. DISTINGUISHING MARKS SAMPLE	
13. PLACE OF ORIGIN California, USA		14. DECLARED MEANS OF CONVEYANCE SAMPLE	
		15. DECLARED POINT OF ENTRY	
WARNING: Any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of this phytosanitary certificate is subject to civil penalties of up to \$250,000 (7 U.S.C. Section 7734(b)) or punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment of not more than 5 years, or both (18 U.S.C. Section 1001).			
ADDITIONAL DECLARATION			
Product comes from California that is free of <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> and <i>Anastrepha fraterculus</i>			
 NAPPO			
Page 1 of 1			
16. DATE ISSUED:	17. NAME OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER (Type or Print)	18. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER	
No liability shall attach to the United States Department of Agriculture or to any officer or representative of the Department with respect to this certificate.			

COMPETENT AUTHORITY OF EXPORTING COUNTRY

**HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR FISH AND FISHERY PRODUCTS
 EXPORTED TO THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA
 SERTIFIKAT KESEHATAN IKAN DAN PRODUK PERIKANAN
 YANG DIEKSPOR KE NEGARA REPUBLIK INDONESIA**

Number/Nomor : _____

Description of fish and fishery products/Deskripsi ikan dan produk perikanan :

No	Common name>Nama umum	Scientific name>Nama ilmiah	HS Code/Kode HS	Quantity/Jumlah	Unit
					TOTAL

1. Consignor / Pengirim barang Name / Nama : _____ Address / Alamat : _____	2. Competent authority/Otoritas kompeten _____
3. Consignee / Penerima barang Name / Nama : _____ Address / Alamat : _____	
4. <input type="checkbox"/> Aquaculture establishment/Unit Pembudidayaan Ikan <input type="checkbox"/> fish processing establishment / Unit Pengolahan Ikan <input type="checkbox"/> Others / Lainnya Name / Nama : _____ Establishment ID Number / No Registrasi : _____ Address (detailed) / Alamat lengkap : _____	
5. Country and region of origin / Negara dan daerah asal : _____	6. Source / Sumber: <input type="checkbox"/> farm-raised / budidaya <input type="checkbox"/> wild-caught / tangkap
7. Port of shipment / pelabuhan pengeluaaran : _____	8. Means of transport / Alat transportasi: <input type="checkbox"/> aeroplane /Angkutan udara <input type="checkbox"/> ship /Angkutan laut <input type="checkbox"/> road vehicle/Angkutan darat
9. Description of commodity / Deskripsi komoditas : _____	10. Temperature of the commodity / Temperatur komoditas: <input type="checkbox"/> ambient / suhu ruang <input type="checkbox"/> frozen / beku <input type="checkbox"/> chilled / dingin
11. Commodities intended for uses as / Komoditas diperuntukkan sebagai : <input type="checkbox"/> Human consumption / Konsumsi manusia <input type="checkbox"/> Culture / breeding (broodstock, eggs, gametes) / Budidaya <input type="checkbox"/> Trade / diperdagangkan <input type="checkbox"/> Research & Investigation / Penelitian dan pemeriksaaan <input type="checkbox"/> fish feed / baits / Pakan / umpan pancing <input type="checkbox"/> exhibition / pameran <input type="checkbox"/> Others / lainnya	12. Total number of package, associated batch numbers and number of packages per batch/ Jumlah kemasan total terkait nomor batch dan kemasan per batch *(information on batch see attachment if insufficient / informasi tentang batch dapat dilihat pada lampiran jika kolom tidak cukup)
13. Type of packaging / Jenis kemasan : _____	14. Total quantity (kg) / Jumlah total (kg) : _____
15. Identification of container / seal number Identifikasi kontainer / nomor segel : _____	15. Port of destination/ Pelabuhan tujuan : _____
17. Identification of transport / Identitas alat transport Name of vessel /nama kapal : _____ voyage number/nomor penerbangan : _____	18. Date of departure / Tanggal pengiriman : _____
19. Testing laboratory / Laboratorium penguji : _____	Address / Alamat : _____
Approving officer name / Penanggungjawab laboratorium : _____	Test result number / Nomor laporan hasil uji : _____
Signature / tanda tangan	

Ref. Number :

Attestation

The undersigned certifying official certifies that the product(s) / Pejabat penandatangan sertifikat di bawah ini menyatakan bahwa produk :

- Finfish / Ikan bersirip Mollusca / Moluska Crustacea / Krustasea Fishery products / Produk perikanan Others / Lainnya

Others described above satisfy(s) the following requirements / yang diuraikan di atas memenuhi persyaratan berikut:

- a. **The Product from each batch / Commodity from population** * described above have been processed, inspected and graded in (an) establishment(s) that has been approved by and under control of the Competent Authority/ Produk tersebut di atas telah diproses, diinspeksi dan dinilai dalam kondisi yang telah disetujui oleh dan di bawah kendali Otoritas Kompeten
- b. have been handled, prepared or processed, identified, stored and transported under a competent HACCP and sanitary programme consistently implemented and in accordance with the requirements laid down in Codex Code of Practice for Fish and Fishery Products (CAC/RCP 52-2003) / telah ditangani, disiapkan atau diproses, diidentifikasi, disimpan dan ditransportasikan sesuai persyaratan sanitasi dan HACCP yang diterapkan secara konsisten dan sesuai dengan persyaratan yang ditetapkan Codex Code of Practice for Fish and Fishery Products (CAC / RCP 52-2003)
- c. **The Product from each batch/ Commodity from population *** has been found to be free of disease based on sampling and testing method recognized by the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) for demonstrating absence of disease and inspected according to the appropriate procedures and subsequently found, at the time of inspection: / Produk /dari setiap batch pasca pengolahan bebas dari penyakit berdasarkan pengambilan sampel dan metode pengujian yang diakui oleh World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) dan pada saat pemeriksaan:
- for crustacean declared free from AHPND, IBHNV, YHV, TSV, WSSV, WTD, IMNV, LaNV and Crayfish plague. (untuk jenis krustasea bebas dari AHPND, IBHNV, YHD, TSV, WSSV, WTD, IMNV, LaNV dan Crayfish plague)
 - for cyprinidae declared free from SVC, KHV, RSD and Furunculosis. (untuk jenis Carp bebas dari SVC, KHV, RSD dan Furunculosis)
 - for tilapia or oreochromis declared free from TiLV, IPNV, RSIVD, VNN, RSD, ESC and Furunculosis. (untuk jenis Tilapia atau Oreochromis bebas dari TiLV, IPNV, RSIVD, VNN, RSD, ESC dan Furunculosis)
 - for catfish declared free from CCVD, VHSV, RSD, Furunculosis, ESC and EUS. (untuk jenis Catfish bebas dari CCVD, VHSV, RSD, Furunculosis, ESC dan EUS)
 - for other fish species, declared free in accordance with the list of fish diseases of OIE relevant to the susceptible species. (untuk jenis ikan lainnya, mengikuti daftar penyakit hewan akuatik OIE yang relevan dengan spesies rentan tersebut)
 - to show no visible/ clinical signs of diseases / tidak menunjukkan gejala penyakit secara visual / klinis :
 - The fish must be packaged in shipping containers, holding units and/or conveyances that are either new or cleaned and disinfected. The shipping containers and/or holding units must prevent release of the shipping contents (eg. water or animals) while en route. (ikan harus dikemas dalam kontainer pengiriman, kemasan, dan/atau alat angkut yang baru atau dibersihkan dan didesinfeksi. Wadah pengiriman dan / atau kemasan atau alat angkut harus mencegah pelepasan isi pengiriman (mis. Air atau ikan) saat sedang dalam perjalanan).
- d. For non edible products have been handled, prepared or processed, stored, transported based on biosecurity principles / produk non pangan telah ditangani, disiapkan atau diproses, disimpan, ditransportasikan berdasarkan prinsip biosekuriti
- e.

Additional information / Informasi tambahan :

CERTIFIED DETAILS / Detail penerbit sertifikat

Name / Nama :

Position / Jabatan :

Issued at / Lokasi :

Phone / Telepon :

Fax / Faksimili :

E-mail / Surat elektronik :

Address / Alamat :

Issued at / Dikeluarkan _____ on/di _____

Stamp / Stempel

Signature / Tanda tangan
(Name of Official or Inspector/ Nama petugas atau Inspektur)

Sample of Phytosanitary Certificate for Shipments of Wheat Grains from the United States to Indonesia

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0579-0082 and 0579-0058. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 1.2 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and reviewing and revising the collection information. PPM APPROVED OMB NO. 0579-0082, 0579-0058

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE PLANT PROTECTION AND QUARANTINE PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY SENT VIA EPHYTO	
	PLACE OF ISSUE Washington, District of Columbia	
	NO. F-F-11001-00057040-7-N	
TO: THE PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION(S) OF Indonesia	DATE INSPECTED June 06, 2025	Page 1 of 1

CERTIFICATION

This is to certify that the plants, plant product or other regulated articles described herein have been inspected and/or tested according to appropriate official procedures and are considered to be free from the quarantine pests, specified by the importing contracting party and to conform with the current phytosanitary requirements of the importing contracting party including those for regulated non-quarantine pests.

DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT

1. DATE	2. TREATMENT
3. CHEMICAL (active ingredient)	4. DURATION AND TEMPERATURE
5. CONCENTRATION	6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION OF THE CONSIGNMENT

7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE EXPORTER U.S. Wheat Exporter 1109 North Christina Street Santa Maria, California 93454	8. DECLARED NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE CONSIGNEE Indonesian Importer Jl. Medan Merdeka Selatan No. 3-5 Jakarta 10110, Indonesia
9. NAME OF PRODUCE AND QUANTITY DECLARED (1) 2000 Metric Tons Wheat (Grain) (2) 1000 Metric Tons Durum wheat (Grain)	10. BOTANICAL NAME OF PLANTS (1) Triticum aestivum (2) Triticum turgidum subsp. durum
11. NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION OF PACKAGES (1-2) In bulk	12. DISTINGUISHING MARKS (1-2) None
13. PLACE OF ORIGIN (1-2) USA	14. DECLARED MEANS OF CONVEYANCE Maritime transport
	15. DECLARED POINT OF ENTRY Tanjung Priok Port

WARNING: Any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of this phytosanitary certificate is subject to civil penalties of up to \$250,000 (7 U.S.C. Section 7754(b)) or punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment of not more than 3 years, or both (18 U.S.C. Section 1001).

ADDITIONAL DECLARATION

	The consignment was produced and prepared under the United States's systems approach for pest management in accordance with the Protocol on Phytosanitary Requirements for Export of Wheat Grain (Triticum aestivum L. or Triticum turgidum subsp. durum) from the United States to the Republic of Indonesia.	

16. DATE ISSUED June 09, 2025	17. NAME OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER (Type or Print) Mike Perry	18. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER 
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No liability shall attach to the USDA or to any officer or representative of the USDA with respect to this certificate.

Sample of FDA’s “Certificate to a Foreign Government”



CERTIFICATE TO A FOREIGN GOVERNMENT: FOOD FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

CERTIFICATE OF FREE SALE

Certificate Number: [Redacted]	Country of Export: United States of America	Country of Destination:	Expiration Date: [Redacted]
Manufacturer/Processor Name and Address Test Food Facility 987 Main Street Washington, District of Columbia 20011 United States		Exporter Name and Address Example Exporter 123 Exporter Way Washington, District of Columbia 20001 United States	
Product Information:			
1. PRODUCT #3			
Date of Production/Packaging: [Redacted]		Type of Packaging: Tetra Pak	
Quantity: 100		Unit of Measure: Liters	
2. PRODUCT #1			
Date of Production/Packaging: [Redacted]		Type of Packaging: Foil Pouch	
Quantity: 45		Unit of Measure: Kilograms	
3. PRODUCT #2			
Date of Production/Packaging: [Redacted]		Type of Packaging: Box	
Quantity: 50		Unit of Measure: Kilograms	
Total Number of Products: 3			
This space is intentionally left blank			

U.S. Food and Drug Administration
5001 Campus Drive
College Park, MD 20740
www.fda.gov

Certificate Number: [REDACTED]	Country of Export: United States of America	Country of Destination:	Expiration Date: [REDACTED]
Additional Information as Required: Container/Seal Number: 567100 Means of Transport: Airplane Place of Loading: DCA Point of Entry: YVR Conditions for Transport/Storage: N/A Consignee/Importer Name and Address: <div style="text-align: center; font-size: 48px; opacity: 0.3; transform: rotate(-30deg); pointer-events: none;">SAMPLE</div>			
Attestation: The product(s) described above and the manufacturing/processing facility where it is produced are subject to the jurisdiction of the Food and Drug Administration under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. It is certified that the above product(s) may be marketed in, and legally exported from, the United States of America at this time. The manufacturing/processing facility in which the product(s) is produced is subject to periodic inspections. The last such inspection showed that the facility, at that time, appeared to be in substantial compliance with U.S. requirements for the product(s) listed above.			
Signature: <i>[Signature]</i> John Wiley, PhD, RD Acting Director, International Affairs Staff Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition		Date: [REDACTED] <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 20px;">  </div>	

Attachments:

No Attachments