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Voluntary - Public

**Date:** 4/8/2019

**GAIN Report Number:** JA9035

## Japan

**Post:** Tokyo

### Japan Proposes Designation of 7 New Food Additives

**Report Categories:**

Sanitary/Phytosanitary/Food Safety

WTO Notifications

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**Report Highlights:**

On March 18, 2019, Japan notified the World Trade Organization (WTO) of a proposal to designate Isobutylamine, Isopropylamine, sec-Butylamine, Propylamine, Hexylamine, Pentylamine and 2-Methylbutylamine as food additives via [G/SPS/N/JPN/623](#). Japan will not establish a public comment period for this proposal as it relaxes the regulation. However, interested U.S. parties are welcome to share their comments and/or concerns with USDA's enquiry point ([us.spsenquiry@fas.usda.gov](mailto:us.spsenquiry@fas.usda.gov)).

Keywords: JA9035, food additive, Argon, Isobutylamine, Isopropylamine, sec-Butylamine, Propylamine, Hexylamine, Pentylamine, 2-Methylbutylamine

**General Information:**

On March 18, 2019, Japan notified the World Trade Organization (WTO) of a proposal to designate Isobutylamine, Isopropylamine, sec-Butylamine, Propylamine, Hexylamine, Pentylamine and 2-Methylbutylamine as food additives via [G/SPS/N/JPN/623](#). In the notification, the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (MHLW), the regulatory agency responsible for food safety in Japan, designates these chemicals as food additives and specifies Annex 1 below as standards for use of these chemicals as food additives. This proposal will take an immediate effect once the official Japanese Governmental Gazette is published.

There will be no public comment period established for this proposal as it relaxes the regulation. However, interested U.S. parties are welcomed to share their comments and/or concerns with USDA's enquiry point ([us.spsenquiry@fas.usda.gov](mailto:us.spsenquiry@fas.usda.gov)).

*(The following is taken from Japan's notification)*

**Annex 1 – Amendment to the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Food Sanitation Act and the Specifications and Standards for Foods, Food Additives, Etc.**

The government of Japan will designate Isobutylamine, Isopropylamine, *sec*-Butylamine, Propylamine, Hexylamine, Pentylamine, and 2-Methylbutylamine as authorized food additives and establish the standards for use and the compositional specifications.

**Summary**

The Food Sanitation Act (hereinafter referred to as “the Act”), in Article 10, prohibits the use and the sale of the food additives the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare (hereinafter referred to as “the Minister”) does not designate. In addition, when specifications or standards for food additives are stipulated in the Specifications and Standards for Foods, Food Additives, Etc. (Ministry of Health and Welfare Notification No. 370, 1959) pursuant to Article 11 of the Act, those additives shall not be used or sold unless they meet the standards or the specifications.

In response to a request from the Minister, the Committee on Food Additives of the Food Sanitation Council under the Pharmaceutical Affairs and Food Sanitation Council (hereinafter referred to as “the Committee”) has discussed the adequacy of the designation of Isobutylamine, Isopropylamine, *sec*-Butylamine, Propylamine, Hexylamine, Pentylamine, and 2-Methylbutylamine as food additives. The conclusion of the Committee is outlined below.

**Outline of conclusion**

The Minister, pursuant to Article 10 of the Act, should designate Isobutylamine, Isopropylamine, *sec*-Butylamine, Propylamine, Hexylamine, Pentylamine, and 2-Methylbutylamine as food additives unlikely to harm human health and establish the standards for use and the compositional specifications pursuant to Article 11 of the Act (see Attachment for the details).

Attachment

**Isobutylamine**  
イソブチルアミン

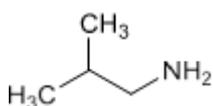
Standard for use ( draft )

Only for flavoring Compositional

specifications ( draft )

**Substance name** Isobutylamine

**Structural formula**



**Molecular formula** C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N

**Molecular weight** 73.14

**Chemical name [CAS number]** 2-Methylpropan-1-amine [78-81-9]

**Content** Isobutylamine contains not less than 95.0% of isobutylamine (C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N).

**Description** Isobutylamine occurs as a colorless to yellow, clear liquid having a characteristic odor.

**Identification** Determine the infrared absorption spectrum of Isobutylamine as directed in the Liquid Film Method under Infrared Spectrophotometry, and compare it with the Reference Spectrum. Both spectra exhibit similar intensities of absorption at the same wavenumbers.

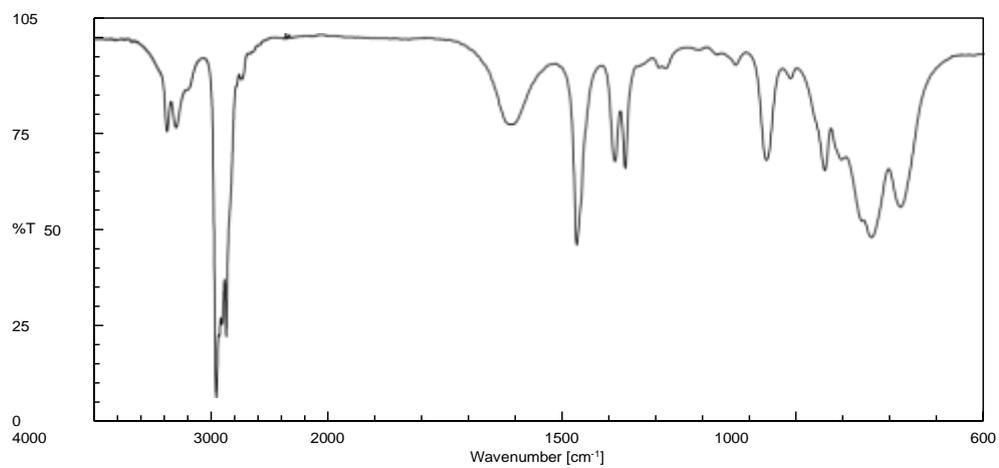
**Refractive index**  $n_D^{20}$ : 1.391–1.400

**Specific gravity**  $d_{25}^{25}$ : 0.724–0.737

**Assay** Proceed as directed in the Peak Area Percentage Method in the Gas Chromatographic Assay of Flavoring Agents under the Flavoring Substances Tests. Use operating conditions (2) except for the column. Use a fused silica tube (0.25–0.53 mm in internal diameter and 30– 60 m in length) coated with a 0.25–1 μm thick layer of dimethylpolysiloxane for gas chromatography.

## Reference spectrum

Isobutylamine



**Isopropylamine**  
イソプロピルアミン

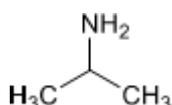
**Standard for use ( draft )**

Only for flavoring **Compositional**

**specifications ( draft )**

**Substance name** Isopropylamine

**Structural formula**



**Molecular formula** C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N **Molecular**

**weight** 59.11

**Chemical name [CAS number]** Propan-2-amine [75-31-0]

**Content** Isopropylamine contains not less than 95.0% of isopropylamine (C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N).

**Description** Isopropylamine occurs as a colorless to yellow, clear liquid having a characteristic odor.

**Identification** Determine the infrared absorption spectrum of Isopropylamine as directed in the Liquid Film Method under Infrared Spectrophotometry, and compare it with the Reference Spectrum. Both spectra exhibit similar intensities of absorption at the same wavenumbers.

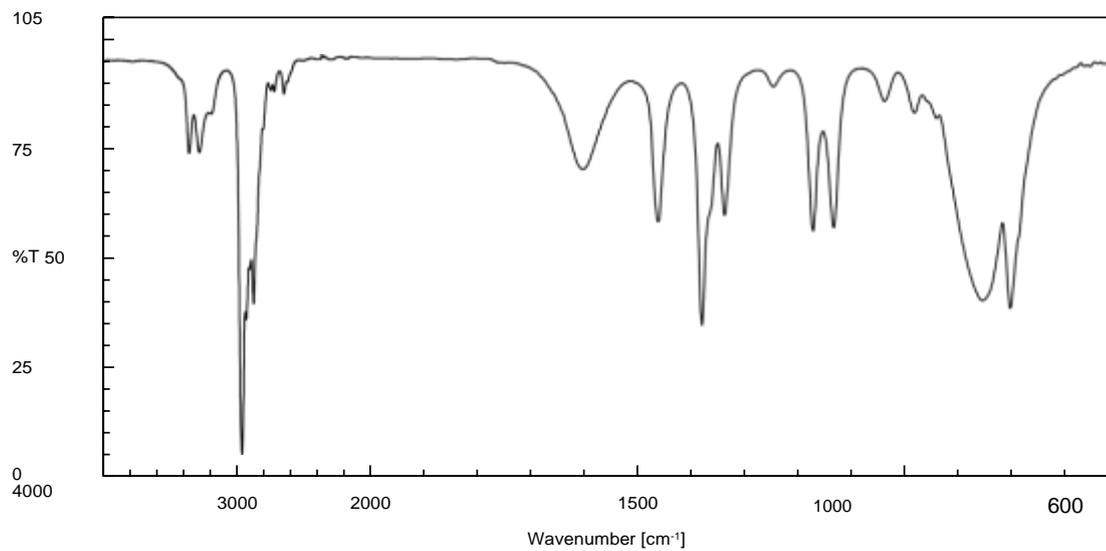
**Refractive index**  $n_D^{20}$ : 1.367–1.378

**Specific gravity**  $d_{25}^{25}$ : 0.681–0.693

**Assay** Proceed as directed in the Peak Area Percentage Method in the Gas Chromatographic Assay of Flavoring Agents under the Flavoring Substances Tests. Use operating conditions (2) except for the column. Use a fused silica tube (0.25–0.53 mm in internal diameter and 30–60 m in length) coated with a 0.25–1 μm thick layer of dimethylpolysiloxane for gas chromatography.

## Reference spectrum

Isopropylamine



## ***sec*-Butylamine**

*sec*-ブチルアミン

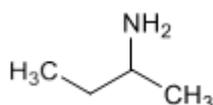
### **Standard for use ( draft )**

Only for flavoring **Compositional**

### **specifications ( draft )**

**Substance name** *sec*-Butylamine

**Structural formula**



**Molecular formula** C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N

**Molecular weight** 73.14

**Chemical name [CAS number]** Butan-2-amine [13952-84-6]

**Content** *sec*-Butylamine contains not less than 95.0% of *sec*-butylamine (C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N).

**Description** *sec*-Butylamine occurs as a colorless to yellow, clear liquid having a characteristic odor.

**Identification** Determine the infrared absorption spectrum of *sec*-Butylamine as directed in the Liquid Film Method under Infrared Spectrophotometry, and compare it with the Reference Spectrum. Both spectra exhibit similar intensities of absorption at the same wavenumbers.

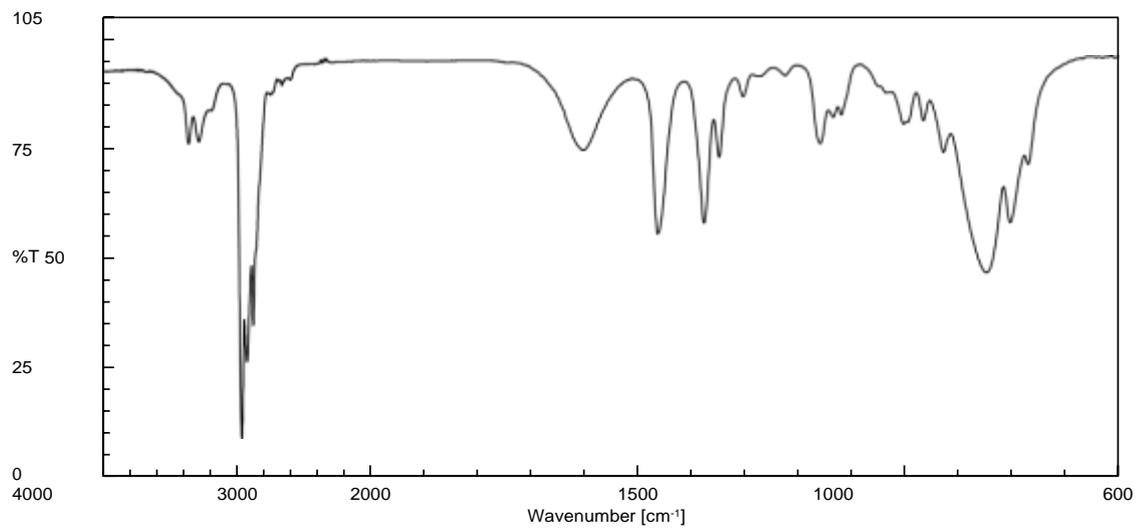
**Refractive index**  $n_D^{20}$ : 1.387–1.396

**Specific gravity**  $d_{25}^{25}$ : 0.715–0.724

**Assay** Proceed as directed in the Peak Area Percentage Method in the Gas Chromatographic Assay of Flavoring Agents under the Flavoring Substances Tests. Use operating conditions (2) except for the column. Use a fused silica tube (0.25–0.53 mm in internal diameter and 30–60 m in length) coated with a 0.25–1 μm thick layer of dimethylpolysiloxane for gas chromatography.

**Reference spectrum**

*sec*-Butylamine



**Propylamine**  
プロピルアミン

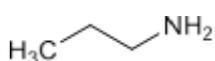
**Standard for use ( draft )**

Only for flavoring **Compositional**

**specifications ( draft )**

**Substance name** Propylamine

**Structural formula**



**Molecular formula** C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N **Molecular**

**weight** 59.11

**Chemical name [CAS number]** Propan-1-amine [107-10-8]

**Content** Propylamine contains not less than 95.0% of propylamine (C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N).

**Description** Propylamine occurs as a colorless to yellow, clear liquid having a characteristic odor.

**Identification** Determine the infrared absorption spectrum of Propylamine as directed in the Liquid Film Method under Infrared Spectrophotometry, and compare it with the Reference Spectrum. Both spectra exhibit similar intensities of absorption at the same wavenumbers.

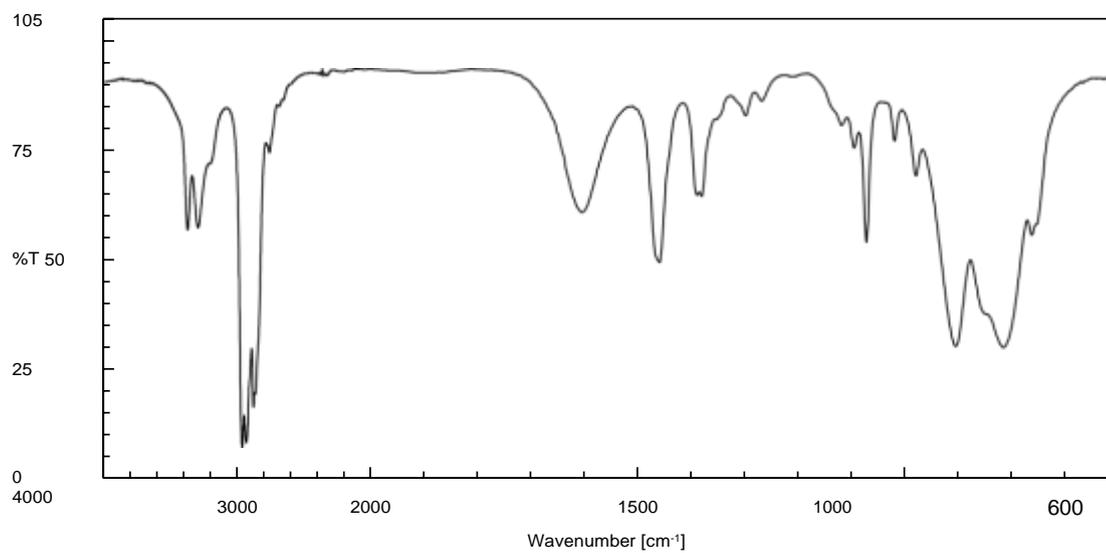
**Refractive index**  $n_D^{20}$ : 1.384–1.392

**Specific gravity**  $d_{25}^{25}$ : 0.710–0.720

**Assay** Proceed as directed in the Peak Area Percentage Method in the Gas Chromatographic Assay of Flavoring Agents under the Flavoring Substances Tests. Use operating conditions (2) except for the column. Use a fused silica tube (0.25–0.53 mm in internal diameter and 30–60 m in length) coated with a 0.25–1 μm thick layer of dimethylpolysiloxane for gas chromatography.

## Reference spectrum

Propylamine



**Hexylamine**  
ヘキシルアミン

**Standard for use ( draft )**

Only for flavoring **Compositional**

**specifications ( draft )**

**Substance name** Hexylamine

**Structural formula**



**Molecular formula** C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N

**Molecular weight** 101.19

**Chemical name [CAS number]** Hexan-1-amine [111-26-2]

**Content** Hexylamine contains not less than 95.0% of hexylamine (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N).

**Description** Hexylamine occurs as a colorless to yellow, clear liquid having a characteristic odor.

**Identification** Determine the infrared absorption spectrum of Hexylamine as directed in the Liquid Film Method under Infrared Spectrophotometry, and compare it with the Reference Spectrum. Both spectra exhibit similar intensities of absorption at the same wavenumbers.

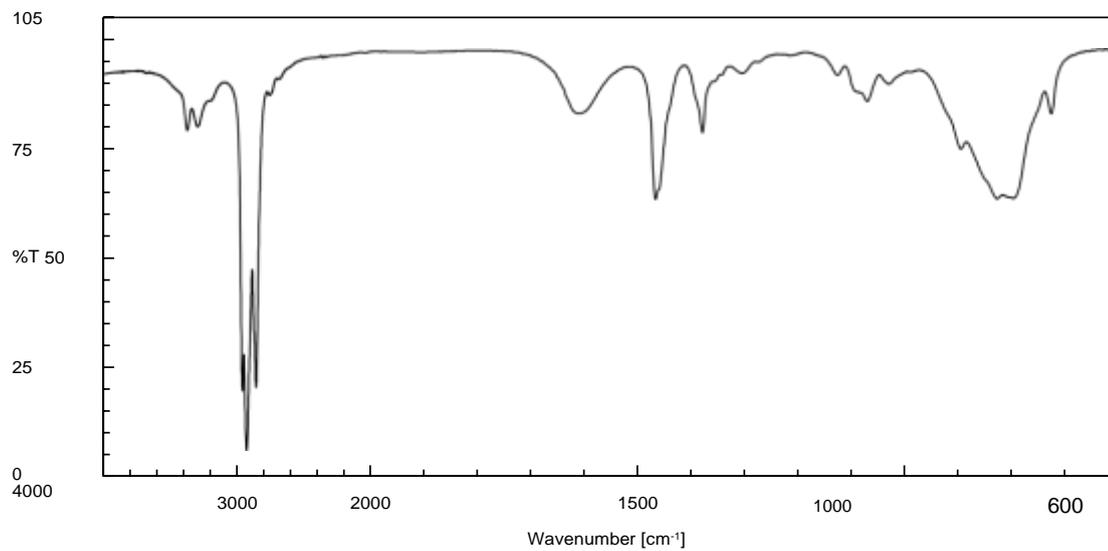
**Refractive index**  $n_D^{20}$ : 1.415–1.421

**Specific gravity**  $d_{25}^{25}$ : 0.761–0.767

**Assay** Proceed as directed in the Peak Area Percentage Method in the Gas Chromatographic Assay of Flavoring Agents under the Flavoring Substances Tests. Use operating conditions (2) except for the column. Use a fused silica tube (0.25–0.53 mm in internal diameter and 30–60 m in length) coated with a 0.25–1 μm thick layer of dimethylpolysiloxane for gas chromatography.

**Reference spectrum**

Hexylamine



**Pentylamine**  
ペンチルアミン

**Standard for use ( draft )**

Only for flavoring **Compositional**

**specifications ( draft )**

**Substance name** Pentylamine

**Structural formula**



**Molecular formula** C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N

**Molecular weight** 87.16

**Chemical name [CAS number]** Pentan-1-amine [110-58-7]

**Content** Pentylamine contains not less than 95.0% of pentylamine (C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N).

**Description** Pentylamine occurs as a colorless to yellow, clear liquid having a characteristic odor.

**Identification** Determine the infrared absorption spectrum of Pentylamine as directed in the Liquid Film Method under Infrared Spectrophotometry, and compare it with the Reference Spectrum. Both spectra exhibit similar intensities of absorption at the same wavenumbers.

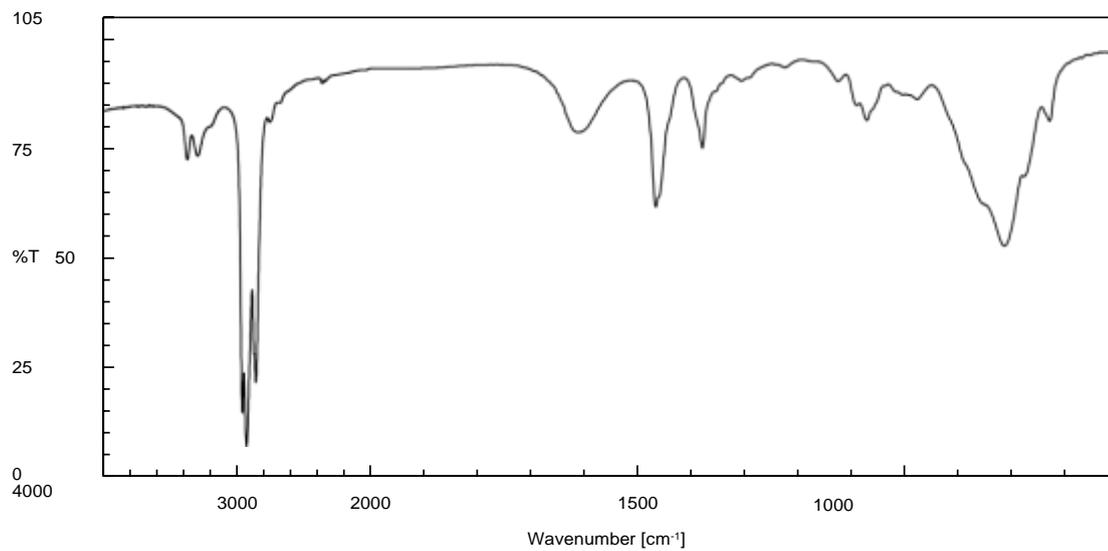
**Refractive index**  $n_D^{20}$ : 1.408–1.424

**Specific gravity**  $d_{25}^{25}$ : 0.750–0.759

**Assay** Proceed as directed in the Peak Area Percentage Method in the Gas Chromatographic Assay of Flavoring Agents under the Flavoring Substances Tests. Use operating conditions (2) except for the column. Use a fused silica tube (0.25–0.53 mm in internal diameter and 30–60 m in length) coated with a 0.25–1 μm thick layer of dimethylpolysiloxane for gas chromatography.

**Reference spectrum**

Pentylamine



## 2-Methylbutylamine

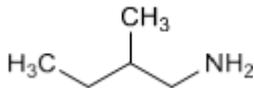
2-メチルブチルアミン

### Standard for use ( draft )

Only for flavoring Compositional

### specifications ( draft )

**Substance name** 2-Methylbutylamine **Structural formula**



**Molecular formula** C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N

**Molecular weight** 87.16

**Chemical name [CAS number]** 2-Methylbutan-1-amine [96-15-1]

**Content** 2-Methylbutylamine contains not less than 95.0% of 2-methylbutylamine (C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N).

**Description** 2-Methylbutylamine occurs as a colorless to yellow, clear liquid having a characteristic odor.

**Identification** Determine the infrared absorption spectrum of 2-Methylbutylamine as directed in the Liquid Film Method under Infrared Spectrophotometry, and compare it with the Reference Spectrum. Both spectra exhibit similar intensities of absorption at the same wavenumbers.

**Refractive index**  $n_D^{20}$ : 1.408–1.423

**Specific gravity**  $d_{25}^{25}$ : 0.752–0.779

**Assay** Proceed as directed in the Peak Area Percentage Method in the Gas Chromatographic Assay of Flavoring Agents under the Flavoring Substances Tests. Use operating conditions (2) except for the column. Use a fused silica tube (0.25–0.53 mm in internal diameter and 30–60 m in length) coated with a 0.25–1 μm thick layer of dimethylpolysiloxane for gas chromatography.

**Reference spectrum**

2-Methylbutylamine

