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Global Agricultural Information Network

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Ukraine

Oilseeds and Products Annual

Soybean Crush Unleashed for MY2018/19

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Report Highlights:

Soybean crush and subsequent oil and meal exports are on the rise for MY2018/19 due to recent changes in Ukraine's domestic tax policy. These changes in taxation may also result in shrinking soybean area in 2019, as this crop will likely become less profitable for farmers. Farmers planted more winter rapeseed for MY2019/20, paving the way for more exports. Post forecasts that MY2019/20 sunflower production will be slightly lower compared to the bumper crop in the previous MY.

General Outlook:

Oilseeds retain the status of the most popular crop among Ukrainian farmers because they typically offer the highest profitability (please refer to Profitability and Area Planted table below for more details). Please note, for the purpose of this report, the term “profitability” means the ratio between variable costs and sales of producers for different crops reported by the State Statistic Service of Ukraine (SSSU). Information on the profitability for 2018 is not available at the time of this publication, but FAS Kyiv forecasts that oilseeds will retain profitability similar to that of 2017, except for soybeans, which could be less profitable due to changes in Ukraine’s taxation policy discussed in the Policy section of this report.

Profitability and Area Planted under Major Agricultural Crops in Ukraine
(thousand hectares, %, Calendar Years)

	1995	2000	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018*
Grains & Pulses Area	14,152	13,646	15,449	16,210	14,800	14,728	14,349	14,602	14,782
Grains & Pulses Prof.	86%	65%	15%	2%	26%	43%	38%	25%	-
Soybean Area	25	65	1,476	1,370	1,806	2,147	1,846	1,997	1,729
Soybean Prof.	-	-	23%	33%	35%	39%	52%	29%	-
Sunflower Area	2,020	2,943	5,194	5,051	5,257	4,965	5,904	6,020	6,165
Sunflower Seed Prof.	171%	52%	46%	28%	37%	81%	63%	41%	-
Rapeseed Area	49	214	566	1,017	882	684	456	788	1,036
Rapeseed Prof.	-	-	21%	9%	29%	44%	45%	44%	-
Sugar Beets Area	1,475	856	458	280	331	239	292	316	274
Sugar Beets Prof.	31%	6%	16%	3%	18%	28%	24%	12%	-

Source: State Statistics Service of Ukraine, (-) indicates data not available

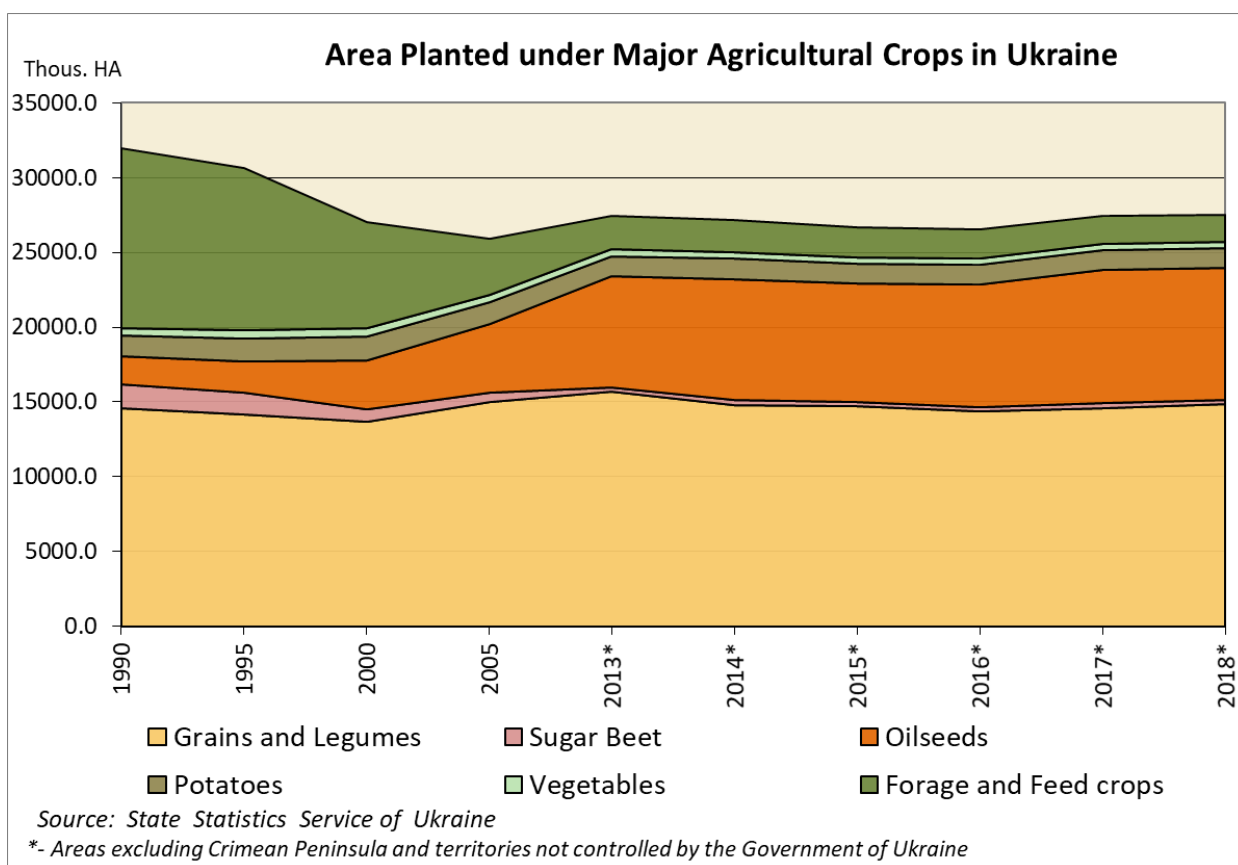
Sunflower offers the best profitability for farmers among the various oilseeds. This resulted in a steady growth in area under sunflower crop for the last decade. The main limiting factor for sunflower seed, capping further expansion of area, is the significant increase in production costs when crop rotation requirements are not met. Sunflower seed is also used as a sort of “insurance policy” in the event of high winterkill rates or sharp changes in domestic policy (please refer to the Policy section at the end of the report for more details), which helps farmers maximize income.

Soybeans are the second most popular oilseed crop among farmers because it can be easily sold both to crushers in the domestic market, as well as to exporters who compete with processors for stocks available in the market. However, the soybean economy has changed for farmers in the second half of 2018 as exporters become less competitive due to changes in Ukraine’s taxation policy (please refer to the Policy section for more details). This gives domestic crushers an opportunity to lower purchase prices, which subsequently hampers farmers’ margins.

Rapeseed presents a riskier option for Ukrainian farmers. Generally, Ukrainian farmers prefer a winter crop over spring crop because the latter offers 20-30 percent lower yields. Rapeseed in Ukraine can

feature high winterkill rates, but these areas can be replanted in the spring with other oilseeds (sunflower) or grains. It should be noted that, due to climatic changes, rapeseed area has demonstrated lower winterkill rates for the last four years, making this crop more attractive to farmers, who are allocating an increasing area under this crop.

In general, oilseed area stabilized at the level of eight million hectares (ha) over the last five years (please refer to Area planted under major agricultural crops in Ukraine graph below for more details). Two mutually balancing factors that keep this area stable: first, profitability works in favor of the expansion of area; while second, crop rotation requirements, the key element for cost-effective minimization of the impact of pests and diseases for sunflower, work to keep area down. In order to maintain this balance, farmers keep some area under less profitable crops (e.g. grains), in order to ensure adequate crop rotation for cash-rich oilseeds (mainly sunflower).



SSSU has published the final production numbers for oilseeds in 2018. Sunflower production reached a little more than 14 million metric tons (MMT), a 16 percent increase over 2017, harvested from 6.1 million hectares (ha). Soybean production saw a 14 percent increase over 2017, reaching 4.5 MMT, harvested from over 1.7 million ha. Rapeseed production came in at 2.7 MMT, a 25-percent increase over 2017, harvested from one million ha. Favorable climatic conditions for spring crops in 2018 were the main reason for the growth in oilseeds production.

These numbers, except for sunflower production volume (please refer to the Production section for

Sunflower for more details), are used as the baseline for production estimates by FAS Kyiv.

The main reason behind high profitability for oilseeds in Ukraine is the competition between exporters and crushers for stocks available in the domestic market. Additionally, there is significant internal competition between domestic crushers created by excess crush capacity in the country. According to industry sources, total oilseed crush capacity in Ukraine, at the beginning of 2018, was 18.7 MMT, with the top ten largest oil crushers (both national and international) holding combined capacity over 11 MMT. This volume includes around 4.9 MMT of soybean crush capacity and 3 MMT of rapeseed crush capacity. It should also be noted that estimates of total crush capacity in Ukraine vary widely between 16.2 to 20 MMT per year. The reason for this large range is attributed to a large number of small enterprises and crushing facilities that do only occasional oilseed crushing when profit margins are favorable. It is difficult to account for the total crushing capacity of these small enterprises with sufficient precision.

The majority of newly built processing facilities are capable of processing various oilseeds including sunflower, soybean and rapeseed. This flexibility allows crushers to switch between different crops depending on the availability of the particular oilseed, which helps maintain stable prices in the market (please refer to the Sunflower Seed and Oil Price section below). As a result, processors can keep their facilities running while decreasing their reliance on only sunflower production. This flexibility has a positive impact on profit margins.

Moderate inflation of the national currency and general macroeconomic stabilization has had a positive influence on the local farmers' business, as well as on that of chemical and seed importers. According to the available trade numbers (please refer to the table "Selected Agricultural Input Imports," below), farmers continued to buy more seed and agrochemicals. This is an indication that farmers are trying to achieve higher yields by investing in higher quality inputs. This usually translates into better profitability.

Selected Agricultural Input Imports (January – December)

HS Code	Description	Quantity (MT)			% Change 2018/2017
		2016	2017	2018	
380893	Herbicides	64,054	73,671	61,753	83.82
380891	Insecticides	8,807	9,220	10,089	109.43
380892	Fungicides	17,603	21,412	22,396	104.60
12060010	Sunflower Seeds	24,230	24,829	29,884	120.36
120510	Rape Or Colza Seeds	5,439	6,085	9,757	160.35
1201	Soybean Seeds	5,223	9,786	5,298	54.14

Source: World Trade Atlas

Commodities:

Oilseed, Sunflower Seed

Production:

Production of sunflower seed in Ukraine for MY2019/20 is forecast at 14.3 MMT, eight percent lower compared to the estimated 15.5 MMT for MY2018/19. This forecast is based on the assumptions that MY2019/20 sunflower planted area will stay roughly the same (around six million ha) and 2019 yield will be on the level of the five-year average. Post's assumption area under sunflower will remain relatively unchanged are based on the argument included in the General Outlook Section that farmers learned to maintain a balance between keeping maximum possible area under highly profitable sunflower while simultaneously maintaining crop rotation requirements.

During the past few seasons, Post adjusted sunflower production quantities reported annually by the SSSU (please refer to Production, Supply and Demand Data Statistics for adjusted estimated, while General Outlook section contains the official production volume) to produce estimates that, in Post's view, better reflect the true situation of the industry in Ukraine. Ukraine's historic sunflower oil exports were one of the most significant pieces of data used to support Post's production estimate calculations. Other data, such as domestic sunflower oil consumption (which has been slightly decreasing year-over-year), as well as industry data and other sources, were used to generate reasonable forecasts for sunflower seed, oil, and meal production.

Consumption:

Almost all sunflower seed produced in Ukraine is crushed domestically, which has been the case over the last decade since export duties on exports of sunflower seed were introduced in 1999 (please refer to Policy section for more details). A small share of sunflower seed is consumed raw for food and by the confectionary industry. Crush and consumption statistics for the last few seasons were revised by Post to correspond with officially reported sunflower oil production and exports in order to better reflect industry trends.

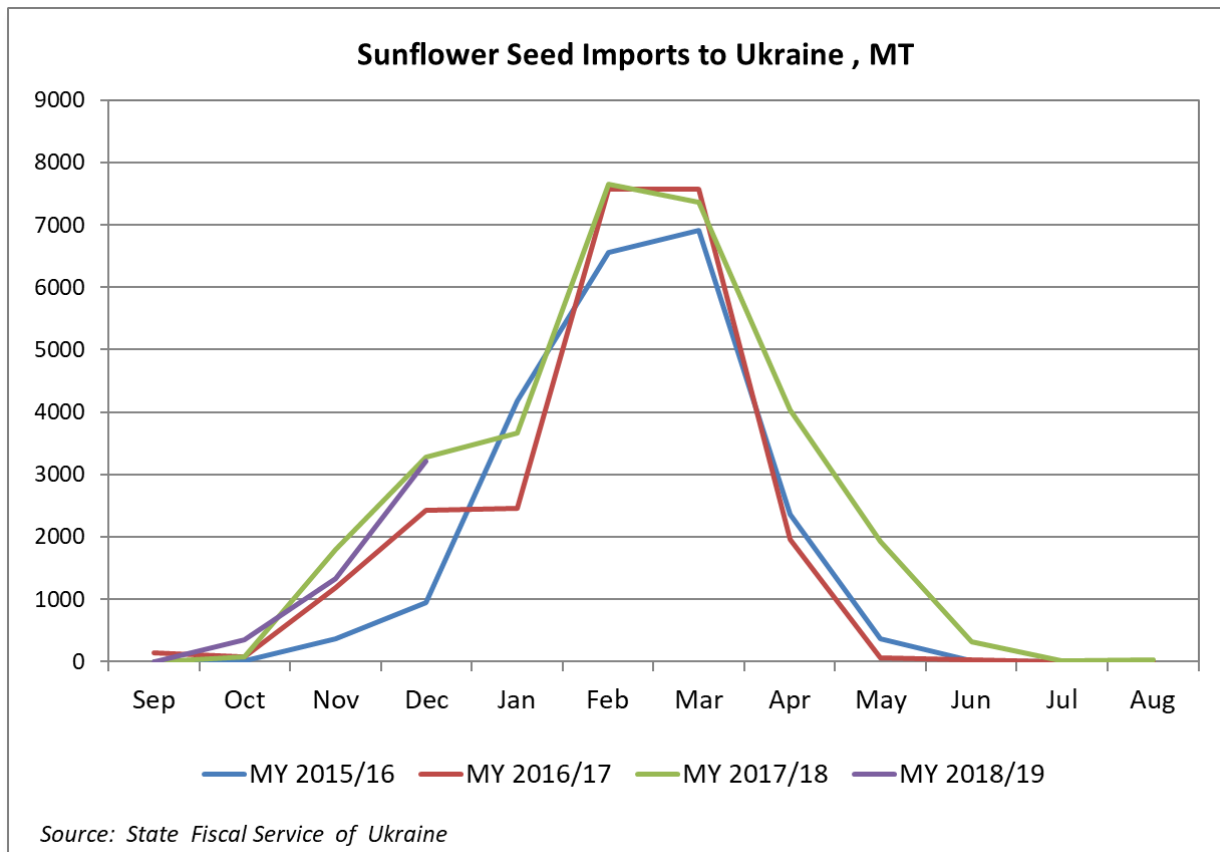
Sunflower seed crush for MY2019/20 is forecast at 14.1 MMT, an eight percent decrease compared to the estimated 15.3 MMT for the previous MY. This corresponds to the lower sunflower seed production forecast for 2019 (please refer to Production section for more details). The only factor that might drop crush numbers for Ukraine is a significant decrease and/or total abolishment of the 10 percent export duty for sunflower seed (please refer to Policy Section more details).

Trade:

The combination of export tariffs (please refer to Policy Section for more details) and excess domestic crush capacity makes Ukraine a marginal sunflower seed exporter. This is confirmed by the mere 38 thousand MT exported in MY2017/18. Over 78 percent of Ukraine's exports (30 thousand MT) are destined for the EU, which is traditionally the single largest market for this commodity. However, there was a spike in Ukraine's exports of sunflower seed to Turkey, hitting approximately 23 thousand MT for the period September to December 2018. FAS Kyiv believes that these exports reflect sunflower

seed intended for Turkey’s confectionary industry.

Seed imports during the September-December 2018 for spring planting (please refer to Sunflower seed imports to Ukraine graph below for more details) remained roughly at the same level compared to the same period in the previous year. This is likely an indication that production area in 2019 will stay at the same level as in the previous year.



In MY2017/18, the Ukrainian market for imported sunflower seed was split between producers from Turkey – around 28 percent of total volume; the EU – around 23 percent; and the U.S.– 20 percent. It should be noted that during the September to December 2018 period, Ukraine’s imports from the United States increased 3.5-fold compared to the same period in the previous year.

Production, Supply and Demand Data Statistics:

Post’s MY2018/19 production estimates are three percent higher compared to USDA’s official numbers for the reasons discussed in the Production section.

Post’s MY2018/19 crush estimates are six percent higher compared to USDA’s official numbers based on higher production numbers.

Post’s MY2017/18 and MY2018/19 feed waste domestic consumption estimates are 18 and

33 percent lower, respectively, compared to USDA’s official numbers, based on stable animal numbers discussed in the Meal Section.

Oilseed, Sunflowerseed Market Begin Year Ukraine	2017/2018		2018/2019		2019/2020	
	Sep 2017		Sep 2018		Sep 2019	
	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post
Area Planted	0	6067	0	6126	0	6000
Area Harvested	6800	6095	6800	6165	0	5950
Beginning Stocks	421	421	222	211	0	191
Production	13700	13700	15000	15500	0	14280
MY Imports	30	30	20	30	0	30
Total Supply	14151	14151	15242	15741	0	14501
MY Exports	39	39	100	100	0	100
Crush	13700	13750	14500	15300	0	14100
Food Use Dom. Cons.	50	50	50	50	0	50
Feed Waste Dom. Cons.	140	101	150	100	0	100
Total Dom. Cons.	13890	13901	14700	15450	0	14250
Ending Stocks	222	211	442	191	0	151
Total Distribution	14151	14151	15242	15741	0	14501
Yield	2.0147	2.2477	2.2059	2.5142	0	2.4
(1000 HA) ,(1000 MT) ,(MT/HA)						

Commodities:

Oilseed, Soybean

Production:

Soybean planted area in Ukraine in MY2019/20 is forecast at around 1.6 million ha, 11 percent lower compared to MY2018/19 (1.8 million ha). This estimate is based on changes in the national tax legislation that would likely make soybean production less profitable for farmers (please refer to the Policy section for more details), likely motivating farmers to plant other crops instead of soybeans. The increase in winter crop area (4.4 percent for grains and 28 percent for rapeseed), could also be an indicator that farmers are planning to plant less soy.

Based on the mentioned area assumptions, soybean production is forecast at around 3.5 MMT in MY2019/20, a 22-percent decrease compared to 4.5 MMT produced in MY2018/19.

Production of Genetically Engineered (GE) crops in Ukraine is still not legally permissible since Ukraine has not yet passed official registration and approval regulations. However, industry rumors indicate that GE soybeans continue to be produced in the country. For more information about the biotechnology regulatory system in Ukraine, please refer to our [Biotechnology Report](#). According to industry sources, large agricultural producers specializing in soybean production, grow only

conventional soybeans and maintain their own logistical chains to avoid cross contamination of their product prior to export and/or processing. GE soybean production allegedly remains in the hands of small and medium farmers as the GE technology allows for saving on production costs compared to production with conventional soybeans.

Consumption:

Soybean crush in MY2019/20 is forecast to remain flat at 1.6 MMT, which is similar to the MY2018/19 estimate. The mentioned estimates, both are around 1.6-fold higher compared to MY2017/18 number (above one MMT) based on the forecasted impact of changes in the domestic tax regime (please refer to the Policy section for more details). This tax change will make sales of soybeans to exporters less profitable than sales of soybeans to domestic processors.

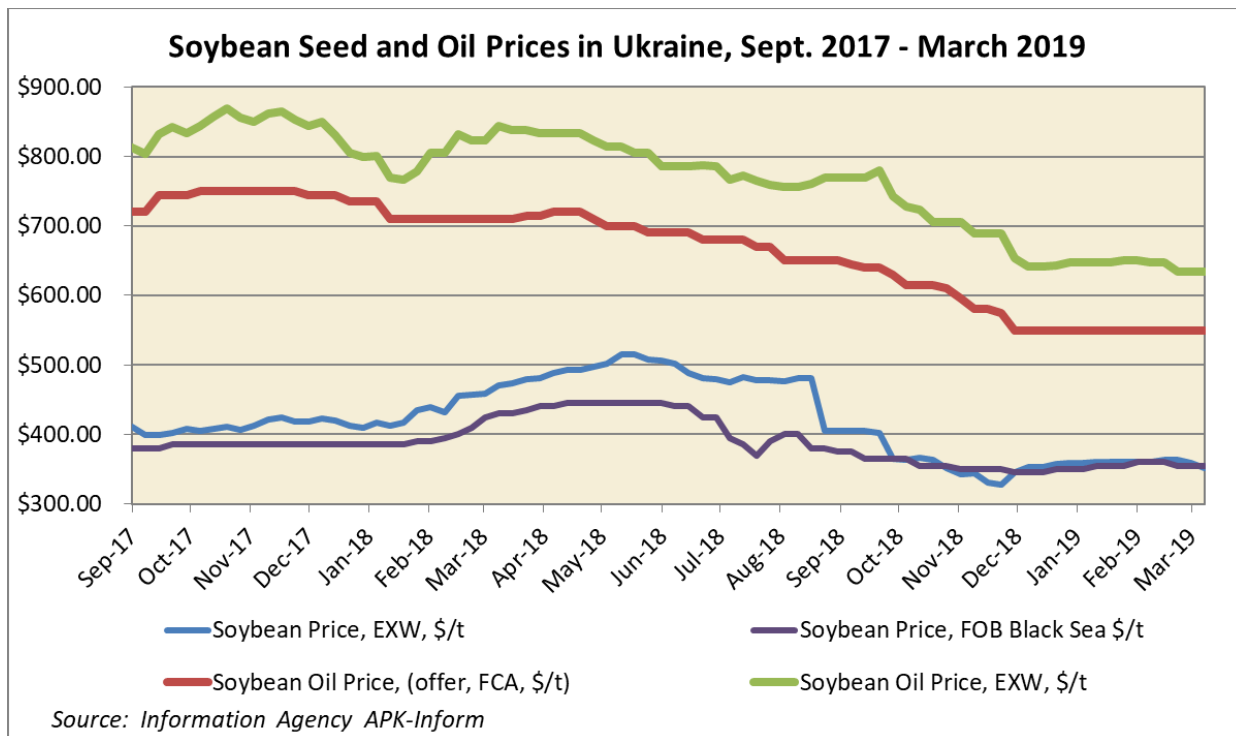
Trade:

Over half of all soybeans produced in Ukraine are traditionally exported. For MY2019/20 soybean exports are forecast to drop to around 1.7 MMT, a 37-percent decrease compared to 2.6 MMT estimated for export in MY2018/19. A major reason for this decrease is the combination of lower MY2019/20 soybean production forecast discussed above with lower profitability of exports resulting from changes in Ukraine's domestic tax regime (please refer to the Policy section for more details).

It should be noted that prices for soybean meal was the main factor influencing the ratio between soybean exports and those destined for processing in Ukraine. Soybean meal accounts for over 80 percent of output from soybean processing. Decreased global prices for meal usually results in an increase in exports of unprocessed soybeans, and vice versa.

During MY2017/18, soybean prices were relatively stable, with a hike in the summer 2018 when both exporters and farmers were making their best effort to export their stocks before the new tax regime came in place (September 1, 2018).

In the first half of MY2018/19, soybean farm-gate prices (EXW) and port prices (FOB) nearly merged, which could be an indication that large farmers started handling their exports themselves. For this same period, soybean prices decreased, driven down by decreasing international meal prices.



For MY2017/18, around 48 percent of the total 2.7 MMT of soybeans exported were shipped to the Middle East (mainly Turkey and Iran); 30 percent to the EU; and 11 percent to a number of buyers in Africa (predominantly Egypt). From September to December 2018, Ukraine exported approximately 710 thousand MT of soybeans, a 42 percent drop compared to the same period in 2017. The major markets were neighboring Turkey (408 TMT) and Belarus (150 TMT).

Ukraine does not import substantial volumes of soybeans. In MY2017/18, imports amounted to 8.3 TMT and these originated from Belarus (around 62 percent of total volume), Poland and Canada (both around 16 percent). FAS Kyiv believes that these are predominantly seeds intended for planting.

Production, Supply and Demand Data Statistics:

Post's MY2018/19 import estimate is 22 percent lower compared to USDA's official estimate based on forecast decrease for production area.

Post's MY2018/19 export estimate is 11 percent lower compared to USDA's official estimate based on decreased production volume.

Post's MY2018/19 crush is 65 percent higher compared to USDA's official number based on the estimated increase in exports of soybean oil and meal discussed in the Trade section.

Post's MY2018/19 feed waste domestic consumption estimate is 28 lower compared to USDA's official number. Excess crush capacity and decreasing meal prices would stimulate farmers to switch to meal in their feed diets while abandoning the feeding of whole beans.

Oilseed, Soybean Market Begin Year	2017/2018		2018/2019		2019/2020	
	Sep 2017		Sep 2018		Sep 2019	
	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post
Ukraine						
Area Planted	2100	2000	2000	1800	0	1600
Area Harvested	1976	1982	1700	1728	0	1580
Beginning Stocks	151	151	21	35	0	32
Production	3890	3899	4400	4461	0	3476
MY Imports	8	8	9	7	0	6
Total Supply	4049	4058	4430	4503	0	3514
MY Exports	2757	2757	2950	2620	0	1660
Crush	1020	1015	1000	1650	0	1610
Food Use Dom. Cons.	1	1	1	1	0	1
Feed Waste Dom. Cons.	250	250	279	200	0	200
Total Dom. Cons.	1271	1266	1280	1851	0	1811
Ending Stocks	21	35	200	32	0	43
Total Distribution	4049	4058	4430	4503	0	3514
Yield	1.9686	1.9672	2.5882	2.5816	0	2.2
(1000 HA) ,(1000 MT) ,(MT/HA)						

Commodities:

Oilseed, Rapeseed

Production:

According to the SSSU's planting data for 2018, farmers have already planted almost 1.3 million ha of winter rapeseed, a 28 percent increase compared to the previous year. Traditionally, over 90 percent of all rapeseed sown in Ukraine is a winter crop. Given that the autumn and winter weather conditions were generally favorable, Post is suggesting low winterkill rates.

According to the local seed association, only 10 percent of rapeseed, which is used as planting material, is domestic. The remaining 90 percent are hybrids of foreign selection. The foreign seeds feature higher yields and better resistance to adverse climatic conditions; however, they are more demanding in terms of agrichemicals and machinery.

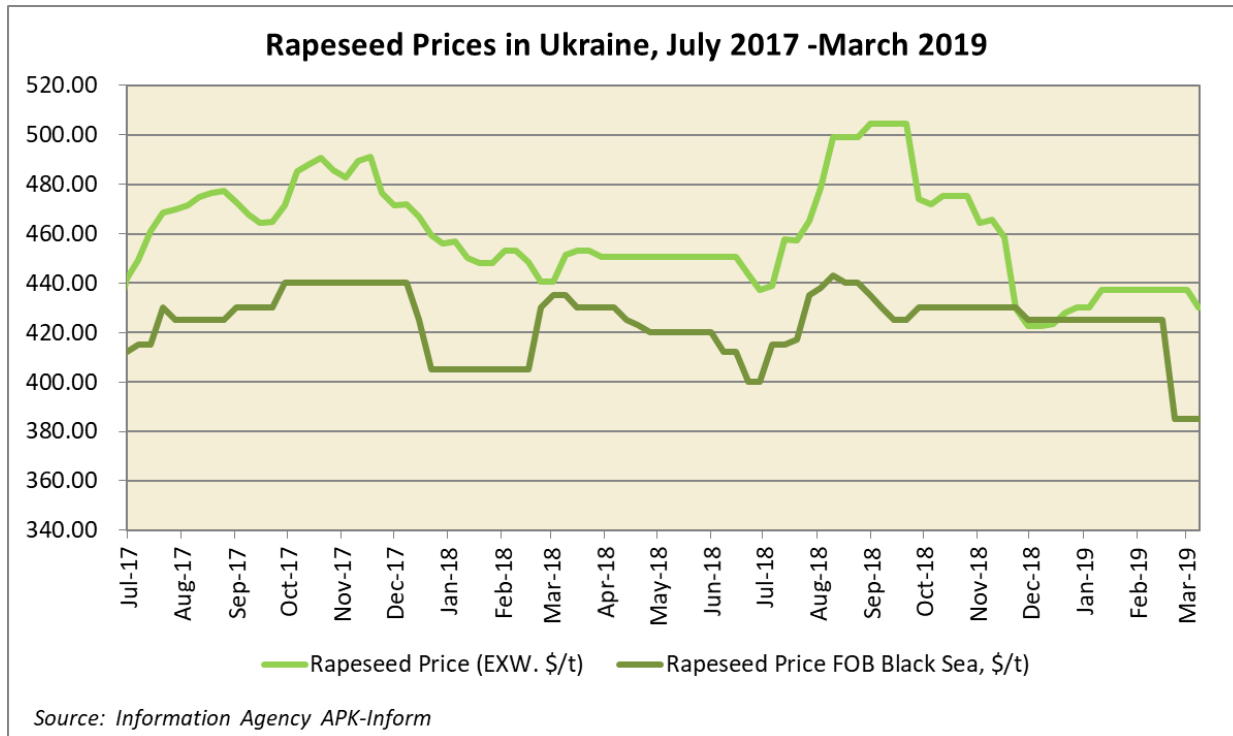
Based on area information, Post's rapeseed planted area forecast is set at 1.3 million ha for MY2019/20, a 24-percent increase from MY2018/19. Based on an assumption for average yields, MY2019/20 production of rapeseed is forecast to reach over 3.4 MMT, a 25-percent increase compared to the 2.7 MMT produced in MY2018/19.

Consumption:

Domestic rapeseed crush volumes depend largely on processors' accumulation of other oilseed (soybeans and sunflower seed) stocks to ensure seamless operation of their crushing facilities. When they are low on stocks, they compete with exports. Growth of overall oilseed crush capacity in Ukraine drives production and subsequent exports of rapeseed oil and meal (please refer to page 4 of General Outlook section for more details). Rapeseed crush in MY2019/20 is forecast to reach 380 thousand MT, a four-percent increase compared to the estimated 365 thousand MT for MY2018/19. A hike of MY2018/19 crush volume estimated (around 2.5-fold growth compared to MY2017/18) is based on available trade data indicating a sharp increase in rapeseed oil and meal exports, which is discussed further in the relevant sections of the report.

Trade:

The domestic rapeseed price (EXW) reflects fluctuations in the national currency rate changes, as well as spikes in demand from local crushers. At the same time, export prices (FOB) were relatively stable.



In MY2017/18, Ukraine exported over 2.1 MMT of rapeseed, a 2-fold increase compared to the previous MY. Over 81 percent of this volume was exported to the EU.

From July to December 2018, rapeseed exports reached 2.3 MMT, nearly a 12 percent increase compared to the same period in the previous year and the EU retained its position as the primary export destination. Based on trade data, MY2018/19 exports are estimated at 2.4 MMT, a 12 percent increase compared to the previous MY. Post forecasts MY2019/20 exports at 3 MMT, almost a 30 percent increase compared to the previous MY based on an increased production estimate for 2019.

Production, Supply and Demand Data Statistics:

Post's production estimate is four percent lower for MY2018/19 compared to USDA's official number based on available statistical data.

Post's import estimate is 10 percent lower for MY2017/18 compared to USDA's official number based on available trade data.

Post's export estimate is five percent lower for MY2018/19 compared to USDA's official number based on currently available trade data.

Post's crush estimates are two percent higher and four percent higher for MY2017/18 and MY2018/19, respectively, compared to USDA's official numbers based on available trade data.

Oilseed, Rapeseed Market Begin Year	2017/2018		2018/2019		2019/2020	
	Jul 2017		Jul 2018		Jul 2019	
	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post
Ukraine						
Area Planted	850	792	1000	1038	0	1292
Area Harvested	792	790	1000	1036	0	1270
Beginning Stocks	41	41	3	3	0	15
Production	2217	2223	2850	2751	0	3429
MY Imports	10	9	10	10	0	9
Total Supply	2268	2273	2863	2764	0	3453
MY Exports	2118	2118	2500	2380	0	3060
Crush	145	148	350	365	0	380
Food Use Dom. Cons.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Feed Waste Dom. Cons.	2	4	2	4	0	4
Total Dom. Cons.	147	152	352	369	0	384
Ending Stocks	3	3	11	15	0	9
Total Distribution	2268	2273	2863	2764	0	3453
Yield	2.7992	2.8139	2.85	2.6554	0	2.7

(1000 HA) ,(1000 MT) ,(MT/HA)

Commodities:

Oil, Sunflower seed

Oil, Soybean

Oil, Rapeseed

Oil, Palm

Production:

Production of sunflower oil has increased in Ukraine over the last decade, fueled by growth in the production of sunflower seed – from 3.5 MMT in 2000 reaching its peak of 6.3 MMT in MY2016/17 and fluctuating around six MMT during the subsequent couple of years.

FAS Kyiv estimates MY2018/19 sunflower oil production at the level of 6.6 MMT, a 13 percent increase compared to MY2017/18 and forecasts MY2019/20 production around 6.1 MMT, a nine percent decrease compared to the previous MY, valid under the assumptions stated in Production Section for Sunflower seed.

Sunflower oil production estimates were revised for several preceding seasons. Undeclared sales of sunflower seed are said to exist in Ukraine, so suspected underreporting of this oilseed and oil production is an issue every season. To revise sunflower seed, oil, and meal production estimates, Post relies mainly on official commodity export data and on estimated domestic sunflower oil consumption numbers. Production, Supply and Distribution (PSD) tables are located at the end of this section and reflect the most recent changes made.

Soybean oil production continues to climb in-line with the growing overall crop production. The rapid build-up of oilseed crushing facilities has caused underutilized capacities (please refer to the General Outlook section for more details). Thus, the majority of newly built processing facilities are capable of processing various oilseeds, including sunflower, soybean, and rapeseed. This allows producers to switch between different crops depending on the availability of the particular oilseed on the market. As a result, processors can keep facilities running and decrease dependence on sunflower seed producers. This added flexibility has a positive impact on profit margins.

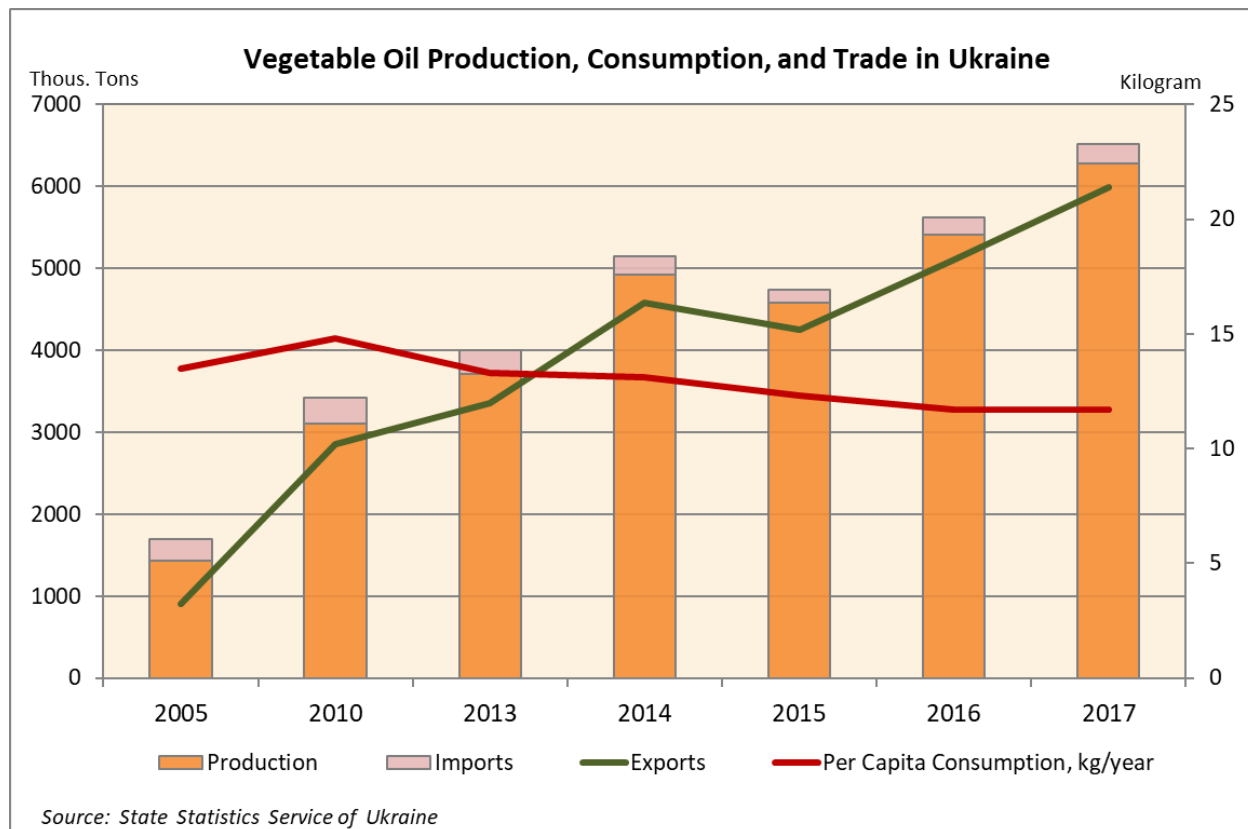
FAS Kyiv expects a further increase in soybean oil production stimulated by changes in Ukraine's taxation policy discussed in the Policy section of this report. Under Post's assumption that the mentioned tax policy stays in place, the soybean oil production forecast is set at the level of 300 TMT for both MY2018/19 and MY2019/20.

Rapeseed oil remains largely a niche product for Ukraine's crushers. Demand comes from the EU for biofuel production, and Asian countries for food. Many large crushers in Ukraine are now able to process rapeseed in their facilities, and thus include this product in their portfolios to ensure that capacities do not stand idle (usually soybeans are crushed in the second part of the marketing year and rapeseed in summer). MY2019/20 rapeseed oil production is forecast to reach 152 thousand MT, four

percent higher compared to the 146 TMT estimated for MY2018/19.

Consumption:

Per capita consumption of various vegetable oils in Ukraine has trended downward over the years since 2010 (please refer to Table 2 below) according to SSSU’s data. Ukraine’s slowly declining population is the main reason behind the decreased use of oils in the food production industry. Another recent factor is producers’ inability to supply the Crimean Peninsula and the zone of conflict in Donetsk and Lugansk regions.



Soybean and rapeseed oils have never been popular for Ukrainians, though sunflower oil traditionally is a staple food used in salads as well as for baking and frying purposes. Ukrainians are not used to consuming soybean or rapeseed oils for household food preparation. Thus, these oils are mostly destined for exports as value-added products, while soybean and rapeseed meal is fed to animals.

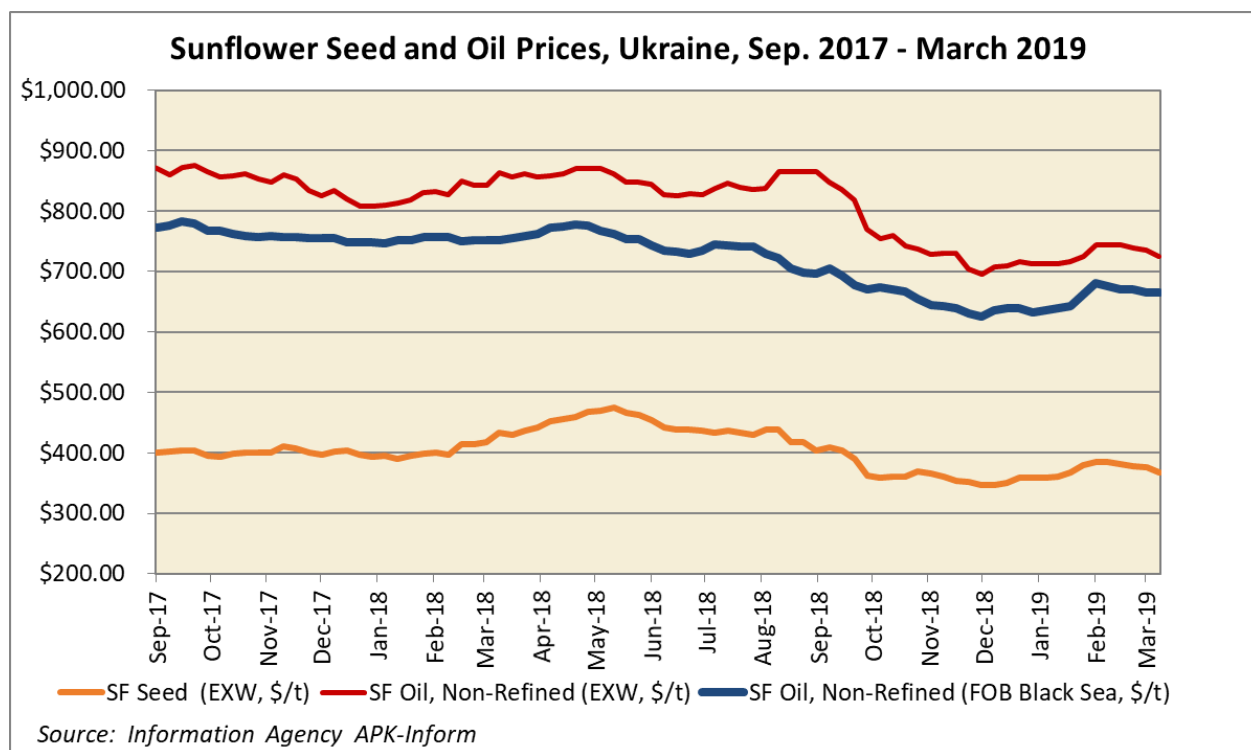
However, there is an observed increase in Ukrainian consumption of soybean and rapeseed oils in the last few years, mainly coming from food processing and other industrial uses. This trend can be explained by the fact that these oils are now produced in Ukraine in larger quantities and have become available for domestic consumption at competitive prices.

Palm oil is used for production of vegetable oil and fats, and indirectly in the confectionary and food processing industries in Ukraine. The decreased consumption of these products by the domestic market,

as well as the slash in exports to traditional markets in ex-USSR countries, and especially the Russian Federation, resulted in a major fall in domestic consumption of palm oil and triggered a subsequent cut of palm oil imports to Ukraine in 2014-2015. Currently, the Ukrainian economy has stabilized and is demonstrating a growth in GDP of over 2 percent, for the third year in a row (2016, 2017 and beginning of 2018), which is inducing growth of palm oil imports and consumption, reflected in PSD tables by FAS Kyiv. The only risk factor for palm oil consumption is a legislative initiative that threatens to ban/limit its use in the food industry (please refer to Policy section for more details).

Trade:

Demand for sunflower oil from foreign markets was the main factor behind expanding sunflower crushing capacity in Ukraine. With stable prices, sunflower seed and oil producers in Ukraine have made relatively good profits from these products compared to grains and sugar beet producers (please refer to Table 1 in General Outlook section). The domestic prices for sunflower oil, as well as seeds, remained stable over MY2017/18, with a downward trend in the beginning of MY2018/19.



In MY2017/18, over 5.3 MMT of Ukrainian sunflower oil was exported to over 160 countries across the world. India, the EU and China were the traditional top buyers that collectively purchased over 80 percent of annual exports from Ukraine. India bought over 2.4 MMT, a 20-percent increase compared to the previous MY; the EU bought 1.3 MMT, a 20-percent decrease; and China imported over 481 thousand MT, an 18 percent decrease.

During the September to December 2018 period, Ukraine exported almost two MMT of sunflower oil, more than a 14 percent increase from the same period of the previous year (please refer to statistical

tables at the end of the report for more details). India, the EU and China remain top buyers in the new season. At the same time, there is a growth in Ukraine's sunflower oil exports to Africa (2.2-fold increase compared to same period of the previous year) and the Middle East (around 43-percent increase).

Overall, Post forecasts sunflower oil exports from Ukraine in MY2019/20 to drop to 5.4 MMT, an 11 percent decrease compared to the 6.1 MMT estimated for MY2018/19. This forecasted decrease is based on lower sunflower production in 2019, compared to the bumper crop in 2018 (please refer to Production section for sunflower seed for more details).

In MY2017/18, Ukraine exported 191 TMT of soybean oil, an eight-percent increase compared to the previous MY. The EU retained its place as the largest export destination and bought almost 80 thousand MT, which were mainly brought through Poland (71 thousand MT). China bought 63 thousand MT, 21-percent increase compared to the previous MY, which came at the expense of around 60-percent drop of exports to India. Africa and Middle East became the most dynamic markets, which demonstrated 4.3-fold and 2-fold growth, respectively, for MY2017/18.

In September-December 2018, Ukraine exported over 67 thousand MT of soybean oil, 52 percent increase compared to the same period of the previous year. Over 50 percent of the total volume was exported to the EU (mainly thorough Poland) and over 17 percent to India.

Ukraine is expected to continue exporting increased volumes of soybean oil to various destinations in the coming seasons. The increase in soybean oil exports is driven by the growing soybean crush capacity and the increased competitiveness of crush versus soybean exports due to Ukraine's tax changes (please refer to Policy section for more details). Under this assumption, soybean oil exports are forecast to reach 295 thousand MT for both MY2018/19 and MY2019/20.

Ukraine's MY2017/18 rapeseed oil exports were around 60 thousand MT, a 14 percent decrease compared to the previous MY, stemming from decreased domestic production. Over 86 percent of this volume was exported to the EU (over 51 TMT), a 22 percent decrease compared to the previous MY. Supplies to East and Southeast Asia (mainly to China) grew to over eight TMT, three-fold increase compared to the previous MY. Exports to the EU are oriented more toward biofuels production, while exports to Asian countries are used for human consumption.

From July to December 2018, rapeseed oil exports reached 142 TMT, a 2.4-fold increase compared to the same period in the previous year. Over 52 percent of this volume went to European markets and 46 percent shipped to China, which imported over 66 TMT, compared to 7.7 thousand MT for the same period in the previous year.

In MY2019/20, Ukraine is forecast to export 152 TMT of rapeseed oil, five percent higher compared to the 145 TMT estimated for MY2018/19. This reflects the forecasted increase of rapeseed production for MY2019/20 based on winter crop data (please refer to Production Section for Rapeseeds for more information).

In MY2017/18, Ukraine imported 221 TMT of palm oil, four percent more than in the previous MY.

The major part of this oil was sourced from Indonesia (over 77 percent) and Malaysia (over 21 percent). This increase resulted from the continued recovery of Ukraine's economy, which is able to consume additional volumes for processed foods, and confectionary products (please refer to Consumption section for more details). Some of this volume (around 3 TMT for MY2017/18) was re-exported to neighboring countries: Russia (50 percent of total volume) and to Serbia, Moldova and Belarus.

Based on the upward trend in national economic growth, imports of palm oil for MY2019/20 are forecast at 235 TMT, a two percent increase from the 230 TMT estimated for MY2018/19. This scenario is valid under the assumption that Ukraine will continue its economic recovery and will be able to re-export some of these volumes to the Russian Federation and other neighboring countries like Moldova and Belarus. Another assumption Post has relied on in calculating the forecast is that the Ukrainian Government will not enact a ban on the use of palm oil in the domestic food industry (discussed in the Consumption section above).

Production, Supply and Demand Data Statistics:

Post's production estimate for sunflower oil is seven percent higher for MY2018/19 compared to USDA's official data.

Post's export estimate for sunflower oil is nine percent higher for MY2018/19 compared to USDA's official data, based on the increased production estimate.

Post's estimate for domestic consumption (food use) of sunflower oil is three percent lower for MY2018/19 compared to USDA's official data, based on the general trend for decreased per capita vegetable oil consumption in Ukraine.

Post's estimate for production of soybean oil is 64 percent higher for MY2018/19 compared to USDA's official data, based on impact of changes in taxation discussed in the Policy section.

Post's estimate for exports of soybean oil is 64 percent higher for MY2018/19 compared to USDA's official data, based on the increased production estimate.

Post's estimate for domestic consumption (food use) of soybean oil is 50 percent lower for MY2018/19 compared to USDA's official data, which is based on a relatively, low but stable, consumption trend for this product.

Post's estimates for production of rapeseed oil are two and four percent higher for MY2017/18 and MY2018/19, respectively, compared to USDA's official data.

Post's rapeseed oil export estimate is four percent higher for MY2018/19 than USDA's official data, based on the increased production estimate.

Post's estimate for imports of palm oil is five percent higher for MY2018/19 than USDA's official data, based on an increased consumption estimate.

Post's estimates for exports of palm oil are 50 percent and 17 percent lower for MY2017/18 and MY2018/19, respectively, compared to USDA's official data, based on the available information about export dynamics to neighboring countries.

Post's estimates for domestic consumption (industrial) of palm oil are 20 percent higher both for MY2017/18 and MY2018/19 compared to USDA's official data, based on the assumption of continued economic recovery in Ukraine (please refer to Consumption section for more details).

Post's estimates for domestic consumption (food use) of palm oil are four and seven percent higher for MY2017/18 and MY2018/19, respectively, compared to USDA's official data, based on the assumption of continued economic recovery in the county (please refer to Consumption section for more details).

Oil, Sunflowerseed Market Begin Year Ukraine	2017/2018		2018/2019		2019/2020	
	Sep 2017		Sep 2018		Sep 2019	
	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post
Crush	13700	13750	14500	15300	0	14100
Extr. Rate, 999.9999	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.435	0	0.43
Beginning Stocks	125	125	91	118	0	100
Production	5891	5913	6235	6656	0	6063
MY Imports	1	1	2	1	0	1
Total Supply	6017	6039	6328	6775	0	6164
MY Exports	5341	5341	5600	6100	0	5450
Industrial Dom. Cons.	30	30	30	30	0	30
Food Use Dom. Cons.	555	550	560	545	0	545
Feed Waste Dom. Cons.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dom. Cons.	585	580	590	575	0	575
Ending Stocks	91	118	138	100	0	139
Total Distribution	6017	6039	6328	6775	0	6164
(1000 MT) ,(PERCENT)						

Oil, Soybean Market Begin Year	2017/2018		2018/2019		2019/2020	
	Sep 2017		Sep 2018		Sep 2019	
	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post
Ukraine						
Crush	1020	1015	1000	1650	0	1610
Extr. Rate, 999.9999	0.1833	0.1833	0.183	0.1824	0	0.1826
Beginning Stocks	6	6	0	0	0	5
Production	187	186	183	301	0	294
MY Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Supply	193	192	183	301	0	299
MY Exports	192	191	180	295	0	295
Industrial Dom. Cons.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Food Use Dom. Cons.	1	1	2	1	0	1
Feed Waste Dom. Cons.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dom. Cons.	1	1	2	1	0	1
Ending Stocks	0	0	1	5	0	3
Total Distribution	193	192	183	301	0	299
(1000 MT) ,(PERCENT)						

Oil, Rapeseed Market Begin Year	2017/2018		2018/2019		2019/2020	
	Jul 2017		Jul 2018		Jul 2019	
	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post
Ukraine						
Crush	145	148	350	365	0	380
Extr. Rate, 999.9999	0.4	0.3986	0.4	0.4	0	0.4
Beginning Stocks	2	2	0	1	0	2
Production	58	59	140	146	0	152
MY Imports	1	1	1	1	0	1
Total Supply	61	62	141	148	0	155
MY Exports	60	60	140	145	0	152
Industrial Dom. Cons.	1	1	1	1	0	1
Food Use Dom. Cons.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Feed Waste Dom. Cons.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dom. Cons.	1	1	1	1	0	1
Ending Stocks	0	1	0	2	0	2
Total Distribution	61	62	141	148	0	155
(1000 MT) ,(PERCENT)						

Oil, Palm Market Begin Year	2017/2018		2018/2019		2019/2020	
	Jan 2018		Jan 2018		Jan 2019	
	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post
Ukraine						
Area Planted	0	0	0	0	0	0
Area Harvested	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trees	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beginning Stocks	6	6	10	5	0	4
Production	0	0	0	0	0	0
MY Imports	220	221	220	230	0	235
Total Supply	226	227	230	235	0	239
MY Exports	6	3	6	5	0	8
Industrial Dom. Cons.	5	6	5	6	0	6
Food Use Dom. Cons.	205	213	205	220	0	220
Feed Waste Dom. Cons.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dom. Cons.	210	219	210	226	0	226
Ending Stocks	10	5	14	4	0	5
Total Distribution	226	227	230	235	0	239
(1000 HA) ,(1000 TREES) ,(1000 MT) ,(MT/HA)						

Commodities:

Meal, Sunflower seed

Meal, Soybean

Meal, Rapeseed

Production:

Sunflower meal will continue to be produced in large quantities in Ukraine as a byproduct of oil production. In addition, more soybean meal is expected to be produced due to an increase in soybean production in response to the growth of the overall crush capacity and tax regime change. Rapeseed meal production, though insignificant, is anticipated to grow in-line with increased rapeseed oil production in Ukraine.

Consumption:

Oilseed meal in Ukraine is used for domestic poultry and animal production (as feed) and a large share is exported. Sunflower meal is a widely available feed component in Ukraine. Soybean meal has been gaining popularity in the country with the demand coming from large industrial poultry production facilities.

In accordance with SSSU’s information as of December 1, 2018, cattle and pig numbers decreased by three percent, while poultry numbers grew by four percent, compared to the same period in 2017. Post expects this flat trend to stretch into 2019. FAS Kyiv uses these numbers to justify a relatively unchanged total feed consumption forecast for all meals for MY2019/20 compared to the previous MY (please refer to Total Meal Consumption table below for more information).

Total Meal Consumption in Ukraine (SME Equivalent), 1000 MT			
	MY2017/18	MY2018/19	MY2019/20
Sunflower Meal	900.45	920.46	920.46
Soybean Meal	360	360	375
Rapeseed Meal	10.6725	36.998	14.9415
Total	1,271.1	1,317.5	1,310.4

Source: FAS Kyiv Estimate

Roundup Ready MON 40-3-2, in the form of soybean meal, was the only GE event on Ukraine’s official registry of approved feed sources that contain agricultural biotechnology. Its registration expired in July 2018. FAS Kyiv is unaware of any attempts to renew the registration. For more information about the biotechnology regulatory system in Ukraine, please refer to our [Biotechnology Report](#).

Trade:

In MY2017/18, Ukraine exported around 4.3 MMT of sunflower meal to international markets, with over 54 percent of this volume shipped to the EU. The rest went to other traditional buyers: Belarus (557 TMT) and Turkey (over 259 TMT). China became a new customer with 153 MMT in MY2017/18. This became possible due to a new bilateral protocol signed between Ukraine and China (please refer to Policy section for more information).

According to export data from September to December 2018, Ukraine exported over 1.5 MMT of sunflower meal, over a four percent increase compared to the same period in the previous year. It should be noted that Ukraine exported to China over 470 TMT for the mentioned period, which might be an indication of the growing importance of this market for Ukrainian exporters, especially under the assumption that there will be no significant developments in trade between the U.S. and China.

For MY2019/20, sunflower meal exports from Ukraine are forecast to drop to 4.6 MMT, an eight percent decrease compared to the five MMT estimated for MY2018/19 – based on forecast levels of sunflower seed production (please refer to Production section for Sunflower Seeds for more details) and stable animal numbers.

In MY2017/18, soybean meal exports reached 365 thousand MT, more than a 20 percent increase compared to the previous MY. Over a third of this volume (around 126 TMT) was sold to the neighboring EU, as well as to a number of other consumers: Belarus (around 95 TMT), Georgia and Azerbaijan (each over 40 TMT).

From September to December 2018, exports reached 172 TMT, a 58 percent increase from the same period in the previous year. This might be a clear indication that changes in the taxation regime (please refer to Policy section for more details) are creating more favorable conditions for domestic crushers.

For MY2019/20, soybean meal exports are forecast at 900 TMT, a 10 percent decrease compared to the one MMT estimated for MY2018/19 – in-line with Post’s forecast of decreased soybean production (please refer to Production section for Soybeans for more information).

In MY2017/18, Ukraine exported around 70 TMT of rapeseed meal, a nine percent decrease compared to the previous MY. Out of this volume, around 56 TMT went to the EU. The rest was supplied to Israel, which was the second-largest destination, importing around eight TMT of this product.

According to export data for July to December 2018, rapeseed meal exports reached 156 thousand MT, a 32 percent increase compared to the same period of the previous year.

For MY2019/20, rapeseed meal exports are forecast at 200 TMT, a 25 percent increase compared to the estimated 160 TMT for MY2018/19 – in-line with Post’s forecasted growth of production volumes and crush in 2019.

Production, Supply and Demand Data Statistics:

Post’s estimate for production of sunflower meal is four percent higher for MY2018/19 compared to USDA’s official data, based on estimated increase of sunflower crush.

Post’s estimate for export of sunflower meal is nine percent higher for MY2018/19 compared to USDA’s official data.

Post’s estimates for domestic feed consumption of sunflower meal are six and two percent higher for MY2017/18 and MY2018/19, respectively, compared to USDA’s official data, based on stable domestic animal numbers.

Post’s estimate for production of soybean meal is 64 percent higher for MY2018/19, compared to USDA’s official data based on reasons explained in the Policy section.

Post’s estimate for export of soybean meal is 2-fold higher for MY2018/19, compared to USDA’s official data based on an increase in the crush estimate.

Post’s estimates for domestic feed consumption of soybean meal are six and three percent higher for MY2017/18 and MY2018/19, respectively, compared to USDA’s official data, based on general feed estimates.

Post’s estimates for production of rapeseed meal are two and four percent higher for MY2017/18 and MY2018/19, respectively, compared to USDA’s official data.

Post's estimates for domestic feed consumption of rapeseed meal are 15 and 21 percent higher for MY2017/18 and MY2018/19, respectively, compared to USDA's official data, based on general feed estimates.

Meal, Sunflowerseed Market Begin Year Ukraine	2017/2018		2018/2019		2019/2020	
	Sep 2017		Sep 2018		Sep 2019	
	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post
Crush	13700	13750	14500	15300	0	14100
Extr. Rate, 999.9999	0.413	0.414	0.413	0.409	0	0.414
Beginning Stocks	434	434	593	548	0	427
Production	5658	5693	5989	6258	0	5837
MY Imports	9	9	0	1	0	1
Total Supply	6101	6136	6582	6807	0	6265
MY Exports	4238	4238	4600	5000	0	4600
Industrial Dom. Cons.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Food Use Dom. Cons.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Feed Waste Dom. Cons.	1270	1350	1350	1380	0	1380
Total Dom. Cons.	1270	1350	1350	1380	0	1380
Ending Stocks	593	548	632	427	0	285
Total Distribution	6101	6136	6582	6807	0	6265
(1000 MT) ,(PERCENT)						

Meal, Soybean Market Begin Year Ukraine	2017/2018		2018/2019		2019/2020	
	Sep 2017		Sep 2018		Sep 2019	
	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post
Crush	1020	1015	1000	1650	0	1610
Extr. Rate, 999.9999	0.7892	0.7892	0.79	0.7842	0	0.7845
Beginning Stocks	152	152	255	231	0	168
Production	805	801	790	1294	0	1263
MY Imports	3	3	2	3	0	2
Total Supply	960	956	1047	1528	0	1433
MY Exports	365	365	500	1000	0	900
Industrial Dom. Cons.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Food Use Dom. Cons.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Feed Waste Dom. Cons.	340	360	350	360	0	375
Total Dom. Cons.	340	360	350	360	0	375
Ending Stocks	255	231	197	168	0	158
Total Distribution	960	956	1047	1528	0	1433
(1000 MT) ,(PERCENT)						

Meal, Rapeseed Market Begin Year Ukraine	2017/2018		2018/2019		2019/2020	
	Jul 2017		Jul 2018		Jul 2019	
	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post	USDA Official	New Post
Crush	145	148	350	365	0	380
Extr. Rate, 999.9999	0.5793	0.5811	0.58	0.5808	0	0.5816
Beginning Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0
Production	84	86	203	212	0	221
MY Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Supply	84	86	203	212	0	221
MY Exports	71	71	160	160	0	200
Industrial Dom. Cons.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Food Use Dom. Cons.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Feed Waste Dom. Cons.	13	15	43	52	0	21
Total Dom. Cons.	13	15	43	52	0	21
Ending Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Distribution	84	86	203	212	0	221
(1000 MT) ,(PERCENT)						

Commodities:

Oilseed, Sunflower seed

Oilseed, Soybean

Oilseed, Rapeseed

Oil, Rapeseed

Oil, Sunflower seed

Oil, Soybean

Oil, Palm

Meal, Sunflower seed

Meal, Soybean

Meal, Rapeseed

Policy:

Agricultural policy in Ukraine with regard to oilseeds and oilseed products has not changed much over the last year. Recent developments, during the preparation of this report, and other developments are pending implementation as explained below.

The Government of Ukraine maintains Resolution #164 ([in Ukrainian](#)) that establishes guidelines for optimum crop rotations for various crops for different regions, including guidelines set for sunflower seed (between 5 to 15 percent of total area) and rapeseed (between 3 to 10 percent of total area). Although this Resolution has no enforcement mechanism, it could result in inconsistency/inaccuracy of reported production numbers for sunflowers by farmers (discussed in the Production section for Sunflower seeds).

Over the last few years, Ukrainian lawmakers have made numerous attempts to abolish the existing export duty for sunflower seed, which creates the underlying incentive for development of the oilseed crushing industry in Ukraine. At the time this report was prepared, there were no pending attempts to introduce such legislative amendments. However, if the export duty is ever abolished it will significantly change the ratio between domestic processing and subsequent exports of oils and meals vs. exports of raw oilseeds – in the favor of the latter.

In accordance with the [Deep and Comprehensive Trade Agreement](#) Ukraine has set the schedule for decreasing its own export duty for sunflower seed down to zero by 2027 for exports to EU Members States:

HS Code	EIF*	EIF+1	EIF+2	EIF+3	EIF+4	EIF+5	EIF+6	EIF+7	EIF+8	EIF+9	EIF+10
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
1206 00	9,1	8,2	7,3	6,4	5,5	4,5	3,6	2,7	1,8	0,9	0,0

*[year of entry into force](#)

With regard to other countries, the requirements that Ukraine accepted upon WTO accession in 2008 was a commitment to reduce export duties on oilseeds. Consequently, over the last several years, sunflower seed export duties were cut to their current level of 10 percent. No additional reduction is required by the WTO.

Protocol on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Requirements for Export of Sunflower Meal to China has been signed (please refer to our [GAIN Report UP1731](#) for more details). The list of Ukrainian sunflower meal exporters authorized for export is [available here](#).

Ukrainian legislation does not allow for the production of genetically engineered (GE) crops in the

country. Also, the Ministry of Agricultural Policy and Food of Ukraine requires all planting seeds intended for import into the country to be tested for GE presence. In order to promote the country's image as a non-GE soybean supplier, the representative of the MAPF [signed the Danube Soya Declaration](#) in June 2015. This action did not have an immediate effect on the market. However, it might be an indication that, in the long-term, Ukraine will likely follow the footsteps of the EU in a gradual opting-out from production of biotech crops.

In April 2014, the EU enacted [Regulation # 374/2014](#) providing a unilateral reduction or elimination of Union customs duties on goods originating from Ukraine. In accordance with the Regulation, the import duties for a number of commodities have been decreased to zero, including: sunflower seed oil (HS Code 1512), rapeseed oil (HS Code 1514) and soybean oil (HS 1507) from regular rates ranging between 3.2 - 9.6 percent. This measure has increased the competitiveness of Ukrainian oils in the EU Market.

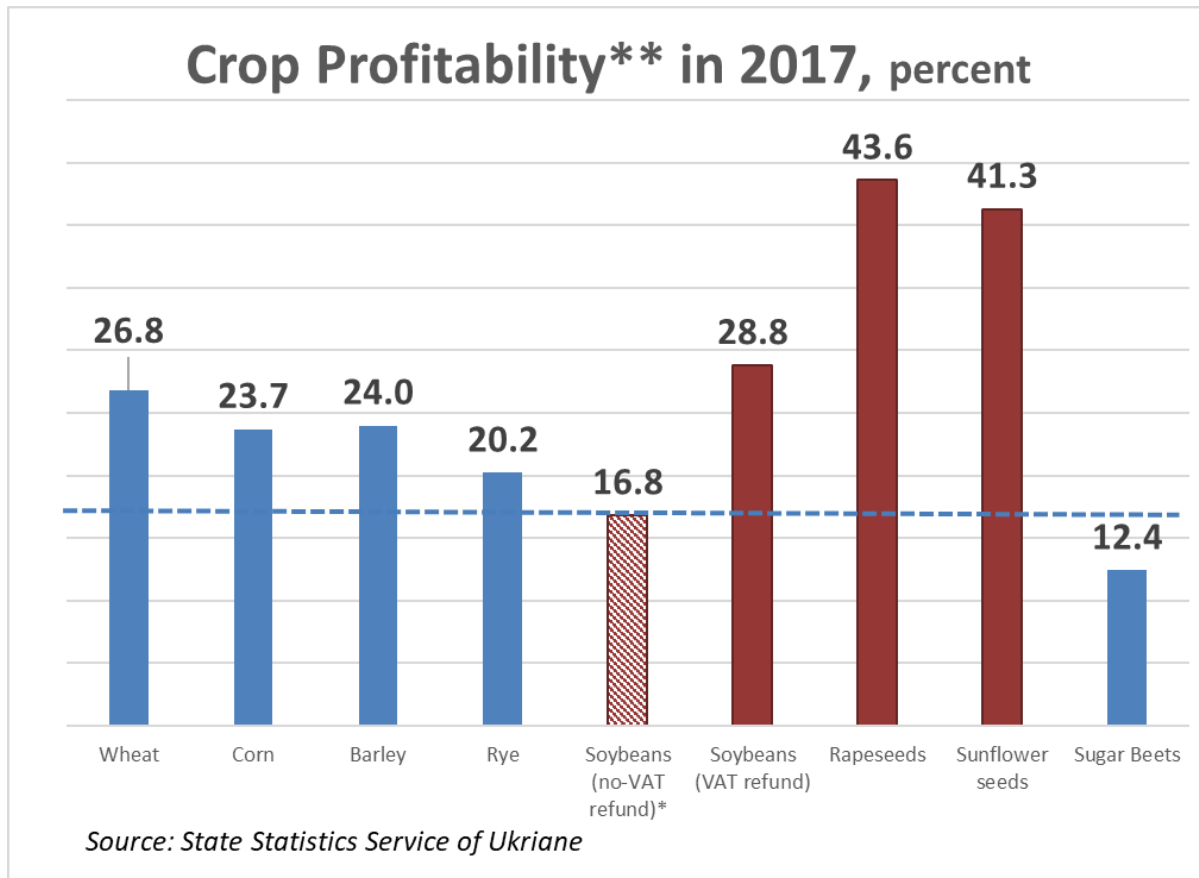
It should be noted that at the end of 2017, the Ukrainian Parliament changed its export policy for soybeans and rapeseed by canceling VAT refunds for those commodities (regular rate – 20 percent) effective the beginning of 2018. This resulted in a strong negative reaction among farmers. Thus, the cancelation of VAT refunds has been postponed for the following dates: Soybeans from September 1, 2018 until December 31, 2021; Rapeseed from January 1, 2020 until December 31, 2021.

In September 2018, lawmakers introduced a new set of amendments to the Tax Code ([in Ukrainian](#)) that restore exclusive ability of farmers who grew these crops on their own or rented land to claim an export VAT refund for soybeans and rapeseed. The norms about VAT non-refund were kept in place for exporters. Currently these norms are contested in the Parliament, as lawmakers intend to re-establish export VAT refunds for all exporters.

Based on the abovementioned changes in tax regime, FAS Kyiv estimates that soybean profitability for farmers will decrease by approximately 12 percent in the absence of the export VAT refund. This assumption is based on the fact that large farmers with the ability to accumulate export-size batches in their silos would be effectively buying soybeans from their small-scale neighbors and exporting as their own. This would slightly undercut the bargaining power of crushers and, subsequently, their ability to decrease soybean-purchase prices by 20 percent (the level that exporters will be able to offer in the absence of an export VAT refund).

Based on SSSU's data for 2017, FAS Kyiv tried to approximate profitability of soybeans for agricultural producers in the absence of export VAT refund. Under this estimate the soybean profitability is lower than the one for grains, and substantially lower than for the rest of oilseeds (please refer to Crop Profitability graph below). Based on this rationale, FAS Kyiv decreases MY2019/20 soybean production area forecast for soybeans.

Absence of the renewal of the Roundup Ready MON 40-3-2, in the form of soybean meal, which is discussed in the Consumption Section for Meals, might also be tied to the mentioned changes in tax policy. Animal producers foresee an abundance of soybean meal in the domestic market, decreasing the need for imports at the end of the marketing year when stocks are low.



A group of Ukrainian legislators have registered a draft law ([in Ukrainian](#)) suggesting limiting the use of palm oil in food manufacturing and dairy products. If it is voted into law, it will trigger a drop in palm oil consumption in Ukraine. FAS Kyiv continues monitoring this development and will make relevant updates to PSD tables as required to reflect shifts in domestic vegetable oil consumption.

Author Defined: Statistical Tables

Sunflower Seed

Sunflower Seed Exports from Ukraine by Destination, MY, 1000 MT (HS 1206)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Sept 15-Aug 16)		MY 2016/17 (Sept 16-Aug 17)		MY 2017/18 (Sept 17-Aug 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	83.4	100.00	191.3	100.00	38.5	100.00	- 79.86
EU-28	50.6	60.73	129.4	67.68	30.2	78.42	- 76.66
Middle East	25.5	30.59	52.3	27.37	4.9	12.71	- 90.65
South Asia	0.6	0.66	2.7	1.43	1.0	2.52	- 64.61
Africa	1.3	1.60	1.0	0.52	0.7	1.91	- 25.66
East & Southeast Asia	0.2	0.21	0.4	0.19	0.6	1.44	51.56
Eurasian Economic Union	0.2	0.26	1.3	0.66	0.1	0.20	- 93.95
Italy	0.0	0.01	6.0	3.16	10.2	26.47	68.62
Netherlands	2.4	2.94	40.2	21.03	4.5	11.76	- 88.73
Germany	8.9	10.71	10.1	5.30	3.2	8.21	- 68.78
Romania	3.5	4.15	4.2	2.18	3.2	8.19	- 24.23
Estonia	0.4	0.47	0.6	0.32	2.3	5.98	275.25
Finland	0.0	0.03	0.4	0.20	2.1	5.43	452.36
Turkey	16.7	20.08	43.2	22.59	2.0	5.07	- 95.48
Poland	3.1	3.67	1.7	0.88	1.7	4.42	1.22
Bulgaria	6.2	7.48	5.0	2.62	1.4	3.53	- 72.86
Iraq	2.4	2.90	1.2	0.63	0.9	2.23	- 28.07
Georgia	2.5	3.05	1.8	0.94	0.8	2.07	- 55.69
Lebanon	0.9	1.06	1.1	0.60	0.8	1.95	- 34.20
India	0.6	0.66	1.3	0.66	0.7	1.81	- 44.58
France	0.3	0.38	38.0	19.87	0.7	1.71	- 98.27
Sweden	0.2	0.26	0.7	0.35	0.6	1.57	- 9.14
Egypt	1.0	1.25	0.4	0.21	0.6	1.55	46.95
Spain	0.1	0.07	17.2	9.00	0.4	1.08	- 97.59
Philippines	0.1	0.09	0.1	0.03	0.4	1.01	645.43
Moldova	4.6	5.52	2.3	1.22	0.3	0.85	- 85.98
Iran	0.5	0.65	1.2	0.63	0.3	0.81	- 73.99
Portugal	18.6	22.25	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Other	10.3	0.1	14.5	0.1	1.7	0.0	-88.61

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Sunflower Seed Export Statistics by Month and Destination, Ukraine, 1000 MT (HS 1206)

Destination	Sept-Dec 2017	MY 2017/18	Sep-18	Oct-18	Nov-18	Dec-18	Sept-Dec 2018	% Change Sept-Dec 2018 to Sept-Dec 2017
World	16.2	38.5	2.7	10.4	12.8	10.5	36.4	124.4
EU-28	13.2	30.2	1.7	1.7	2.6	1.0	6.9	-47.5
Turkey	0.9	2.0	0.2	7.4	7.5	7.7	22.8	2,488.5
Azerbaijan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.9	0.9	3.4	8,042.9
Finland	1.4	2.1	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.6	3.0	116.4
Sweden	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.3	1.2	247.0
Romania	0.9	3.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.1	1.0	20.2
Iraq	0.0	0.9	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	1,421.7
Poland	0.7	1.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	-36.3
Iran	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	67.5
Georgia	0.3	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	-20.5
India	0.1	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	198.3
China	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	∞
Germany	1.7	3.2	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.0	1.2	-31.7
Estonia	1.8	2.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.3	-83.3
Bulgaria	1.0	1.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	-89.4
Netherlands	4.5	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Other	2.4	15.0	0.2	0.3	0.9	0.2	1.7	-29.2

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Sunflower Seed Imports to Ukraine by Origin, MY, MT (HS 1206)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Sept 15-Aug 16)		MY 2016/17 (Sept 16-Aug 17)		MY 2017/18 (Sept 17-Aug 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	21,719.0	100.00	23,514.0	100.00	30,151.0	100.00	28.23
Middle East	7,111.0	32.74	8,451.0	35.94	8,429.0	27.96	- 0.26
EU-28	5,474.0	25.20	6,431.0	27.35	6,853.0	22.73	6.55
Turkey	7,111.0	32.74	8,451.0	35.94	8,408.0	27.89	- 0.51
United States	6,788.0	31.25	7,019.0	29.85	6,138.0	20.36	- 12.54
France	1,558.0	7.17	3,244.0	13.80	3,938.0	13.06	21.39
Russia	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	2,992.0	9.92	∞
Kazakhstan	8.0	0.03	0.0	0.00	2,803.0	9.30	0.00
Chile	1,140.0	5.25	707.0	3.01	1,304.0	4.33	84.41
Spain	1,653.0	7.61	1,896.0	8.06	884.0	2.93	- 53.36
Romania	1,159.0	5.34	740.0	3.15	847.0	2.81	14.44
Hungary	435.0	2.01	313.0	1.33	812.0	2.69	159.82
Argentina	597.0	2.75	469.0	2.00	750.0	2.49	59.93
Serbia	102.0	0.47	230.0	0.98	526.0	1.75	128.47
Moldova	500.0	2.30	205.0	0.87	355.0	1.18	72.77
Italy	192.0	0.88	65.0	0.27	144.0	0.48	123.76
Germany	57.0	0.26	122.0	0.52	91.0	0.30	- 25.80
Portugal	177.0	0.81	27.0	0.12	60.0	0.20	117.59
Austria	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	29.0	0.10	∞
Switzerland	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	27.0	0.09	0.00
Azerbaijan	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	20.0	0.07	0.00
Bulgaria	210.0	0.97	24.0	0.10	20.0	0.07	- 16.75
Israel	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	1.0	0.00	0.00
Bolivia	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	1.0	0.00	0.00
Belgium	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	- 17.58
Australia	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	- 70.87
Poland	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
South Africa	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	- 98.84
China	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Croatia	34.0	0.15	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
Egypt	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
Georgia	1.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Sunflower Seed Import Statistics by Month and Origin, Ukraine, MT (HS 1206)

Destination	Sept-Dec 2017	MY 2017/18	Sep-18	Oct-18	Nov-18	Dec-18	Sept-Dec 2018	% Change Sept-Dec 2018 to Sept-Dec 2017
World	5,148	30,149	1	347	1,327	3,207	4,882	-5.2
EU-28	1,290	6,851	0	53	56	896	1,005	-22.1
United States	308	6,140	0	5	66	1,328	1,399	354.2
Turkey	1,644	8,409	1	180	501	775	1,457	-11.4
Spain	72	884	0	0	0	480	480	566.7
France	942	3,938	0	7	56	395	458	-51.4
Chile	1,079	1,304	0	32	660	129	821	-23.9
Moldova	33	354	0	73	44	79	196	493.9
Romania	120	847	0	25	0	21	46	-61.7
Russia	370	2,992	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Serbia	5	525	0	4	0	0	4	-20.0
South Africa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Poland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Portugal	0	60	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Switzerland	0	27	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Germany	0	91	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Hungary	132	811	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Israel	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Italy	24	145	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Kazakhstan	366	2,803	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Argentina	53	748	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Australia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Austria	0	30	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Azerbaijan	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Belgium	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Bolivia	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Bulgaria	0	20	0	21	0	0	21	∞

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Sunflowerseed Oil Exports from Ukraine by Destination, MY, 1000 MT (HS 151211, 151219)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Sept 15-Aug 16)		MY 2016/17 (Sept 16-Aug 17)		MY 2017/18 (Sept 17-Aug 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	4,499.9	100.00	5,850.6	100.00	5,341.5	100.00	- 8.70
Africa	232.3	5.16	396.3	6.77	137.5	2.57	- 65.30
East & Southeast Asia	760.2	16.89	728.8	12.46	599.3	11.22	- 17.77
EU-28	1,368.1	30.40	1,683.8	28.78	1,340.8	25.10	- 20.37
Eurasian Economic Union	41.6	0.92	30.2	0.52	22.2	0.42	- 26.41
Middle East	624.0	13.87	901.3	15.41	703.6	13.17	- 21.93
South Asia	1,429.2	31.76	2,048.7	35.02	2,461.9	46.09	20.17
India	1,415.5	31.46	2,035.2	34.79	2,452.0	45.91	20.48
China	617.6	13.72	587.8	10.05	481.3	9.01	- 18.12
Netherlands	377.5	8.39	423.0	7.23	347.1	6.50	- 17.94
Spain	382.9	8.51	538.8	9.21	330.0	6.18	- 38.76
Italy	284.8	6.33	335.2	5.73	321.3	6.02	- 4.14
Iraq	12.4	0.27	81.5	1.39	263.6	4.94	223.35
Iran	143.3	3.18	361.0	6.17	126.7	2.37	- 64.91
Malaysia	131.0	2.91	122.1	2.09	91.6	1.71	- 25.02
France	150.5	3.34	115.1	1.97	89.3	1.67	- 22.38
United Kingdom	65.5	1.46	99.9	1.71	83.6	1.56	- 16.40
United Arab Emirates	67.6	1.50	87.7	1.50	76.4	1.43	- 12.88
Turkey	177.4	3.94	189.4	3.24	62.7	1.17	- 66.92
Poland	15.3	0.34	54.6	0.93	62.1	1.16	13.80
Egypt	95.8	2.13	204.0	3.49	62.1	1.16	- 69.56
Lebanon	71.0	1.58	43.8	0.75	47.6	0.89	8.72
Saudi Arabia	62.2	1.38	61.6	1.05	41.6	0.78	- 32.41
Jordan	19.6	0.44	24.8	0.42	33.0	0.62	33.26
Lithuania	4.9	0.11	31.1	0.53	31.4	0.59	0.81
Oman	41.8	0.93	29.0	0.50	26.2	0.49	- 9.68
Sudan	48.8	1.08	42.5	0.73	23.2	0.43	- 45.46
Belarus	37.3	0.83	28.0	0.48	20.3	0.38	- 27.27
Portugal	9.7	0.22	21.7	0.37	18.0	0.34	- 16.87
United States	3.4	0.08	16.2	0.28	16.8	0.31	3.61
Belgium	0.9	0.02	8.5	0.14	15.1	0.28	79.08
Palestine	7.1	0.16	13.0	0.22	14.0	0.26	7.34
Greece	18.0	0.40	7.4	0.13	13.8	0.26	86.72
Nepal	12.7	0.28	8.3	0.14	8.0	0.15	- 4.26
Georgia	12.3	0.27	7.8	0.13	4.4	0.08	- 43.49
Morocco	19.5	0.43	31.7	0.54	1.8	0.03	- 94.44
Bulgaria	15.2	0.34	0.2	0.00	0.1	0.00	- 4.65
Algeria	46.4	1.03	78.4	1.34	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
Other	115.94	2.58	132.35	2.26	133.10	2.49	0.6

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Sunflowerseed Oil Export Statistics by Month and Destination, Ukraine, 1000 MT (HS 151211, 151219)

Destination	Sept-Dec 2017	MY 2017/18	Sep-18	Oct-18	Nov-18	Dec-18	Sept-Dec 2018	% Change Sept-Dec 2018 to Sept-Dec 2017
World	1,713.6	5,341.5	250.4	541.9	574.7	592.6	1,959.6	14.4
Africa	26.5	137.5	18.4	22.9	29.9	13.3	84.4	218.3
East & Southeast Asia	303.1	599.3	22.1	76.7	95.2	86.6	280.7	-7.4
EU-28	510.7	1,340.8	45.9	119.5	172.3	184.1	521.8	2.2
Eurasian Economic Union	8.8	22.2	3.1	2.1	2.3	2.8	10.3	17.7
Middle East	122.7	703.6	60.3	148.7	64.4	24.7	298.0	142.9
South Asia	724.1	2,461.9	95.5	162.2	199.8	271.7	729.2	0.7
India	718.2	2,452.0	95.1	161.2	198.9	270.4	725.6	1.0
China	257.2	481.3	17.6	66.5	87.4	71.0	242.6	-5.7
Netherlands	136.7	347.1	1.0	17.5	38.9	63.8	121.1	-11.4
Spain	135.6	330.0	9.0	41.9	47.3	32.6	130.8	-3.6
France	27.6	89.3	0.3	17.7	3.8	23.5	45.3	64.2
Italy	107.7	321.3	14.3	23.4	47.5	23.4	108.6	0.9
United Kingdom	27.9	83.6	12.5	3.8	15.1	18.0	49.3	76.8
Malaysia	38.5	91.6	2.7	5.0	4.4	11.0	23.1	-39.9
United Arab Emirates	17.2	76.4	0.9	6.9	2.2	8.3	18.3	6.1
Germany	0.3	1.3	0.0	2.4	5.4	6.7	14.5	4,403.1
Egypt	5.9	62.1	9.2	17.2	12.6	6.5	45.6	670.2
Portugal	12.0	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	6.0	-50.0
Jordan	11.3	33.0	1.0	3.0	3.2	4.6	11.7	3.5
Poland	25.2	62.1	3.8	5.1	6.7	3.8	19.4	-23.0
Lebanon	12.1	47.6	1.4	14.7	8.5	3.6	28.2	133.2
Australia	1.1	11.6	1.2	2.8	2.3	2.8	9.0	758.7
Belarus	8.1	20.3	2.9	2.1	2.2	2.7	9.8	20.5
Saudi Arabia	5.4	41.6	2.3	4.3	0.4	2.4	9.4	73.2
Lithuania	12.4	31.4	2.5	2.0	2.5	2.4	9.5	-23.7
Israel	1.7	9.8	0.5	1.6	2.0	2.4	6.5	279.1
Djibouti	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.0	1.2	2.4	3.7	4,579.7
United States	2.8	16.8	0.0	1.3	1.9	2.1	5.3	90.5
Taiwan	5.1	13.0	0.1	2.7	0.9	2.0	5.8	13.9
Qatar	0.8	4.7	0.1	0.1	1.3	1.4	2.9	255.3
Tanzania	0.0	4.8	0.7	0.9	0.7	1.2	3.4	∞
Austria	0.4	2.5	0.0	0.5	0.9	1.2	2.5	556.7
Angola	0.5	1.2	0.3	0.2	0.0	1.1	1.6	218.0
Palestine	3.6	14.0	0.9	2.0	1.1	1.1	5.1	41.9
Korea South	0.5	4.7	0.7	1.0	0.8	0.9	3.5	615.4
Oman	5.6	26.2	0.4	3.8	0.8	0.9	5.8	3.2
Kenya	0.6	1.7	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.8	1.9	229.2
Venezuela	0.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.8	1.4	1,016.8
Belgium	3.1	15.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	0.7	5.6	83.7
Algeria	0.0	0.0	4.3	0.0	5.1	0.4	9.8	∞
Turkey	6.8	62.7	0.0	17.6	1.4	0.1	19.1	181.0
Iraq	33.5	263.6	35.0	64.5	32.2	0.0	131.7	293.2
Greece	9.5	13.8	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0	2.1	-77.8
Sudan	5.2	23.2	0.8	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.8	11.0
Nepal	5.6	8.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	-97.4
Iran	25.0	126.7	17.1	30.7	11.2	0.0	59.0	136.1
Other	42.7	125.9	9.8	13.3	16.0	9.9	49.0	15.0

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Sunflowerseed Oil Imports to Ukraine by Origin, MY, MT (HS 151211, 151219)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Sept 15-Aug 16)		MY 2016/17 (Sept 16-Aug 17)		MY 2017/18 (Sept 17-Aug 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	1,121.0	100.00	312.0	100.00	680.0	100.00	117.88
EU-28	50.0	4.45	42.0	13.62	414.0	60.97	875.21
Eurasian Economic Union	1,032.0	92.10	138.0	44.37	20.0	2.93	- 85.63
Hungary	0.0	0.00	3.0	0.87	304.0	44.68	∞
Nepal	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	217.0	31.99	0.00
China	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	26.0	3.84	0.00
Italy	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	25.0	3.75	0.00
Germany	5.0	0.43	5.0	1.73	22.0	3.19	300.77
Netherlands	18.0	1.62	19.0	5.95	21.0	3.16	15.69
Belarus	0.0	0.00	6.0	2.00	20.0	2.93	218.68
Lithuania	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	20.0	2.89	0.00
United Kingdom	0.0	0.02	0.0	0.00	19.0	2.84	0.00
Switzerland	2.0	0.21	5.0	1.70	3.0	0.43	- 44.80
Sweden	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	2.0	0.28	0.00
Romania	4.0	0.34	1.0	0.40	0.0	0.02	- 89.11
Belgium	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Poland	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Russia	1,032.0	92.10	132.0	42.37	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
United States	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Uzbekistan	0.0	0.00	131.0	41.99	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
Turkey	14.0	1.28	0.0	0.02	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
Slovakia	20.0	1.82	9.0	2.98	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
Czech Republic	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Egypt	24.0	2.17	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Latvia	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Sunflowerseed Meal Exports from Ukraine by Destination, MY, 1000 MT (HS 230630)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Sept 15-Aug 16)		MY 2016/17 (Sept 16-Aug 17)		MY 2017/18 (Sept 17-Aug 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	3,817.3	100.00	4,807.2	100.00	4,238.1	100.00	- 11.84
EU-28	2,118.4	55.49	2,701.5	56.20	2,323.1	54.81	- 14.01
Eurasian Economic Union	510.1	13.36	546.3	11.36	557.4	13.15	2.03
East & Southeast Asia	77.2	2.02	144.2	3.00	453.8	10.71	214.62
Middle East	628.9	16.47	617.2	12.84	439.3	10.36	- 28.83
Africa	259.7	6.80	363.2	7.56	325.1	7.67	- 10.49
South Asia	218.0	5.71	419.5	8.73	98.3	2.32	- 76.56
Belarus	508.5	13.32	545.6	11.35	557.4	13.15	2.17
France	567.4	14.86	644.7	13.41	519.2	12.25	- 19.47
Spain	280.0	7.33	482.3	10.03	449.5	10.61	- 6.81
Poland	387.5	10.15	428.6	8.92	409.6	9.67	- 4.43
Netherlands	239.7	6.28	343.6	7.15	359.8	8.49	4.70
Italy	277.0	7.26	437.8	9.11	260.5	6.15	- 40.49
Turkey	363.3	9.52	374.0	7.78	259.5	6.12	- 30.63
Morocco	204.3	5.35	269.0	5.60	210.5	4.97	- 21.76
China	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	153.0	3.61	0.00
Israel	176.7	4.63	158.1	3.29	149.6	3.53	- 5.38
United Kingdom	133.4	3.49	83.6	1.74	133.5	3.15	59.71
Thailand	58.8	1.54	91.9	1.91	130.1	3.07	41.58
Vietnam	8.8	0.23	31.7	0.66	109.4	2.58	245.49
Egypt	52.2	1.37	72.1	1.50	101.7	2.40	41.04
Belgium	45.4	1.19	85.8	1.78	78.3	1.85	- 8.78
India	146.4	3.83	264.4	5.50	65.8	1.55	- 75.11
Lithuania	61.4	1.61	41.7	0.87	36.2	0.85	- 13.23
Malaysia	7.0	0.18	11.5	0.24	29.5	0.70	156.69
Saudi Arabia	82.5	2.16	82.5	1.72	27.3	0.64	- 66.87
Myanmar	4.4	0.12	14.1	0.29	24.9	0.59	77.16
Pakistan	64.9	1.70	144.5	3.01	21.4	0.51	- 85.18
Germany	31.1	0.82	35.7	0.74	18.5	0.44	- 48.22
Indonesia	0.3	0.01	0.9	0.02	18.4	0.43	1881.57
Cyprus	14.7	0.38	40.9	0.85	15.2	0.36	- 62.77
Monaco	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	14.6	0.34	0.00
Denmark	32.7	0.86	26.4	0.55	12.9	0.30	- 51.13
Algeria	0.0	0.00	15.8	0.33	11.6	0.27	- 26.59
Korea South	1.8	0.05	8.2	0.17	11.3	0.27	37.33
Portugal	3.1	0.08	10.0	0.21	10.6	0.25	6.14
Bangladesh	6.6	0.17	9.2	0.19	10.6	0.25	14.62
Greece	19.6	0.51	17.5	0.36	8.8	0.21	- 49.86
Other	37.9	1.0	34.9	0.7	18.9	0.4	-45.80

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Sunflowerseed Meal Export Statistics by Month and Destination, Ukraine, 1000 MT (HS 230630)

Destination	Sept-Dec 2017	MY 2017/18	Sep-18	Oct-18	Nov-18	Dec-18	Sept-Dec 2018	% Change Sept-Dec 2018 to Sept-Dec 2017
World	1,506.0	4,238.1	132.5	307.5	538.3	596.4	1,574.7	4.6
East & Southeast Asia	108.9	453.8	18.4	79.2	205.3	256.9	559.8	414.0
EU-28	926.1	2,323.1	83.3	137.3	262.9	235.4	718.9	-22.4
Eurasian Economic Union	204.3	557.4	23.5	36.7	35.4	42.6	138.3	-32.3
Middle East	138.6	439.3	1.8	15.7	3.9	42.3	63.7	-54.0
Africa	79.2	325.1	0.0	18.6	14.3	8.9	41.7	-47.3
South Asia	25.7	98.3	4.3	14.2	13.5	7.9	39.9	55.4
China	4.2	153.0	9.6	56.6	175.3	229.1	470.5	11,194.9
France	220.3	519.2	18.0	26.4	100.3	83.7	228.4	3.7
Spain	202.1	449.5	10.4	16.4	38.5	60.0	125.3	-38.0
Belarus	204.3	557.4	23.5	36.7	35.4	42.6	138.3	-32.3
Poland	159.0	409.6	21.3	30.8	29.2	35.4	116.7	-26.6
Saudi Arabia	0.0	27.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	27.5	27.5	∞
Netherlands	110.1	359.8	31.9	12.6	50.4	25.2	120.1	9.1
Italy	91.5	260.5	0.0	20.7	12.6	20.8	54.1	-40.9
Vietnam	30.4	109.4	2.4	9.8	18.3	16.7	47.1	55.0
Israel	44.1	149.6	0.0	6.5	0.0	9.1	15.6	-64.6
Morocco	57.5	210.5	0.0	12.4	14.3	8.9	35.6	-38.0
India	0.0	65.8	4.3	13.5	12.3	7.9	38.0	∞
Switzerland	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.7	0.3	6.0	7.0	∞
Turkey	93.9	259.5	1.8	8.8	3.7	5.6	20.0	-78.7
Thailand	47.7	130.1	1.3	2.3	6.9	4.2	14.7	-69.2
Malaysia	8.7	29.5	4.2	8.3	4.0	3.3	19.9	128.9
Myanmar	12.6	24.9	1.3	5.3	3.0	2.3	11.9	-5.9
Cyprus	8.0	15.2	0.0	2.2	4.4	1.6	8.2	1.9
Lithuania	9.5	36.2	0.8	0.3	1.5	1.6	4.1	-57.1
Hong Kong	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.1	2.2	∞
Korea South	5.9	11.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.1	1.3	-78.7
Taiwan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	∞
United Kingdom	76.0	133.5	0.0	27.1	1.4	0.9	29.5	-61.2
Indonesia	11.1	18.4	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.4	2.0	-82.4
Denmark	7.2	12.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Egypt	21.2	101.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Belgium	33.0	78.3	0.0	0.0	18.0	0.0	18.0	-45.5
Monaco	9.9	14.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Pakistan	21.4	21.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Portugal	5.1	10.6	0.0	0.0	5.9	0.0	5.9	15.4
Other	12.4	85.6	1.6	8.5	1.8	0.5	12.4	0.2

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Sunflowerseed Meal Imports to Ukraine by Origin, MY, 1000 MT (HS 230630)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Sept 15-Aug 16)		MY 2016/17 (Sept 16-Aug 17)		MY 2017/18 (Sept 17-Aug 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	0.8	100.00	0.7	100.00	8.6	100.00	1097.66
Eurasian Economic Union	0.8	91.97	0.4	56.08	8.0	93.08	1887.81
EU-28	0.1	8.03	0.3	43.92	0.6	6.92	88.70
Belarus	0.8	91.97	0.4	56.08	8.0	93.08	1887.81
Poland	0.1	8.03	0.0	0.00	0.4	4.18	0.00
Lithuania	0.0	0.00	0.3	43.92	0.2	2.74	- 25.18

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Soybean

Soybean Exports from Ukraine by Destination, MY, 1000 MT (HS 1201)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Sept 15-Aug 16)		MY 2016/17 (Sept 16-Aug 17)		MY 2017/18 (Sept 17-Aug 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	2,369.1	100.00	2,903.5	100.00	2,757.4	100.00	- 5.03
Middle East	1,382.0	58.33	1,535.5	52.88	1,320.9	47.91	- 13.97
EU-28	328.3	13.86	619.4	21.33	841.0	30.50	35.76
Africa	592.5	25.01	604.9	20.83	304.6	11.05	- 49.64
Eurasian Economic Union	53.3	2.25	119.7	4.12	285.8	10.36	138.70
East & Southeast Asia	4.3	0.18	22.3	0.77	3.1	0.11	- 85.93
South Asia	1.7	0.07	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Turkey	927.9	39.17	748.5	25.78	764.6	27.73	2.15
Iran	194.7	8.22	583.0	20.08	355.5	12.89	- 39.02
Egypt	575.3	24.28	567.2	19.54	293.3	10.64	- 48.29
Belarus	53.3	2.25	119.7	4.12	285.8	10.36	138.72
Netherlands	1.6	0.07	52.7	1.81	219.0	7.94	315.93
Italy	10.5	0.44	141.6	4.88	177.1	6.42	25.04
Lebanon	156.6	6.61	67.6	2.33	171.8	6.23	154.02
Greece	140.7	5.94	124.7	4.30	108.0	3.92	- 13.39
Poland	48.4	2.04	84.5	2.91	104.6	3.79	23.70
Germany	5.0	0.21	13.2	0.46	66.8	2.42	404.84
Hungary	18.8	0.79	6.4	0.22	63.5	2.30	894.47
Spain	61.1	2.58	66.3	2.28	49.3	1.79	- 25.67
Israel	65.4	2.76	99.7	3.43	25.8	0.94	- 74.11
Lithuania	5.7	0.24	3.9	0.14	20.2	0.73	414.27
Tunisia	12.0	0.51	25.6	0.88	11.3	0.41	- 55.81
Romania	30.4	1.28	2.0	0.07	0.1	0.00	- 96.47
Portugal	0.0	0.00	30.0	1.03	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
Denmark	0.0	0.00	87.4	3.01	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
Other	61.5	2.6	79.4	2.7	40.7	1.5	-48.7

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Soybeans Export Statistics by Month and Destination, 1000 MT, Ukraine (HS 1201)

Destination	Sept-Dec 2017	MY 2017/18	Sep-18	Oct-18	Nov-18	Dec-18	Sept-Dec 2018	% Change Sept-Dec 2018 to Sept-Dec 2017
World	1,225.5	2,757.4	11.9	132.9	287.6	277.4	709.8	-42.1
Middle East	555.9	1,320.9	5.2	99.6	144.5	185.0	434.2	-21.9
Eurasian Economic Union	80.9	285.8	6.4	29.2	63.7	51.0	150.4	85.9
EU-28	418.5	841.0	0.0	3.1	46.3	40.8	90.2	-78.5
Africa	167.4	304.6	0.3	0.5	33.0	0.0	33.7	-79.8
East & Southeast Asia	2.5	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Turkey	319.4	764.6	0.0	93.0	144.3	170.6	407.9	27.7
Belarus	80.9	285.8	6.4	29.2	63.7	51.0	150.4	85.9
Italy	75.2	177.1	0.0	0.0	5.5	19.5	25.0	-66.8
Poland	65.3	104.6	0.0	1.4	4.7	11.9	18.0	-72.5
Lebanon	55.2	171.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.6	9.6	-82.6
Greece	31.3	108.0	0.0	0.0	11.6	6.6	18.2	-42.0
Israel	25.8	25.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	3.2	-87.6
Georgia	1.1	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	1.6	40.9
Germany	24.7	66.8	0.0	1.7	2.0	1.5	5.3	-78.6
Hungary	23.1	63.5	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.2	2.6	-88.7
Turkmenistan	0.2	1.6	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.7	1.3	580.4
Lithuania	10.2	20.2	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	1.1	-89.3
Kuwait	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	∞
United Kingdom	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	∞
Moldova	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Netherlands	152.5	219.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Romania	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbia	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
South Africa	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.7	∞
Spain	19.0	49.3	0.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	20.0	5.3
Switzerland	0.6	12.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Tajikistan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	∞
Tunisia	0.0	11.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	∞
Iran	154.4	355.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Iraq	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	∞
Japan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Kazakhstan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	∞
Korea North	0.3	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Algeria	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.0	0.0	33.0	∞
Austria	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	∞
Azerbaijan	0.0	1.5	5.2	6.6	0.0	0.0	11.8	∞
Belgium	16.4	16.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
China	2.1	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Czech Republic	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3
Egypt	167.4	293.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
France	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	∞

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Soybean Imports to Ukraine by Origin, MY, MT (HS 1201)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Sept 15-Aug 16)		MY 2016/17 (Sept 16-Aug 17)		MY 2017/18 (Sept 17-Aug 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	4,765.0	100.00	6,638.0	100.00	8,371.0	100.00	26.12
Eurasian Economic Union	1,715.0	35.98	4,512.0	67.97	5,150.0	61.52	14.15
EU-28	558.0	11.70	499.0	7.52	1,799.0	21.49	260.54
Belarus	1,715.0	35.98	4,512.0	67.97	5,150.0	61.52	14.15
Poland	0.0	0.00	107.0	1.61	1,330.0	15.89	1143.23
Canada	2,335.0	49.01	1,264.0	19.05	1,307.0	15.61	3.32
Austria	148.0	3.11	66.0	0.99	287.0	3.43	335.78
United States	121.0	2.53	344.0	5.18	99.0	1.18	- 71.32
France	20.0	0.42	171.0	2.58	77.0	0.91	- 55.21
Czech Republic	107.0	2.24	149.0	2.24	54.0	0.65	- 63.71
Romania	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	27.0	0.33	∞
Slovakia	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	22.0	0.26	0.00
China	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	11.0	0.13	0.00
Serbia	37.0	0.77	18.0	0.28	6.0	0.07	- 66.26
Switzerland	0.0	0.01	0.0	0.00	1.0	0.01	867.35
Germany	23.0	0.49	6.0	0.09	0.0	0.00	- 96.49
Italy	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Latvia	127.0	2.66	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Lithuania	119.0	2.49	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Hungary	4.0	0.09	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Croatia	10.0	0.21	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Brazil	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	- 100.00

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Soybean Import Statistics by Month and Origin, Ukraine, MT (HS 1201)

Destination	Sept-Dec 2017	MY 2017/18	Sep-18	Oct-18	Nov-18	Dec-18	Sept-Dec 2018	% Change Sept-Dec 2018 to Sept-Dec 2017
World	3,989	8,373	0	314	268	334	916	-77.0
Eurasian Economic Union	3,334	5,151	0	192	268	334	794	-76.2
EU-28	655	1,799	0	122	0	0	122	-81.4
East & Southeast Asia	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Belarus	3,334	5,151	0	192	268	334	794	-76.2
France	0	77	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Germany	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Hungary	0	0	0	122	0	0	122	∞
Italy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Poland	655	1,330	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Romania	0	28	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Serbia	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Slovakia	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Switzerland	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	∞
United States	0	99	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Canada	0	1,307	0	0	0	0	0	∞
China	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Czech Republic	0	54	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Austria	0	287	0	0	0	0	0	∞

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Soybean Oil Exports from Ukraine by Destination, MY, MT (HS 1507)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Sept 15-Aug 16)		MY 2016/17 (Sept 16-Aug 17)		MY 2017/18 (Sept 17-Aug 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	152,453	100.00	177,046	100.00	191,548	100.00	8.19
EU-28	60,647	39.78	71,208	40.22	79,931	41.73	12.25
East & Southeast Asia	86,383	56.66	54,610	30.85	64,699	33.78	18.47
Middle East	790	0.52	13,470	7.61	26,469	13.82	96.51
South Asia	418	0.27	35,160	19.86	11,114	5.80	- 68.39
Africa	1,228	0.81	2,016	1.14	8,692	4.54	331.26
Eurasian Economic Union	2,454	1.61	583	0.33	125	0.07	- 78.63
Poland	46,568	30.55	62,051	35.05	71,492	37.32	15.21
China	82,304	53.99	52,076	29.41	63,013	32.90	21.00
India	418	0.27	27,552	15.56	11,114	5.80	- 59.66
Saudi Arabia	0	0.00	5,870	3.32	10,259	5.36	74.78
United Arab Emirates	0	0.00	2,638	1.49	9,514	4.97	260.66
Morocco	0	0.00	0	0.00	4,000	2.09	0.00
Ethiopia	526	0.34	1,062	0.60	3,538	1.85	233.28
Kuwait	0	0.00	0	0.00	3,006	1.57	0.00
Lithuania	3,981	2.61	5,323	3.01	2,716	1.42	- 48.97
Israel	66	0.04	768	0.43	1,733	0.90	125.53
Italy	0	0.00	0	0.00	1,497	0.78	0.00
Romania	1,692	1.11	390	0.22	1,105	0.58	183.22
Oman	0	0.00	0	0.00	1,000	0.52	0.00
Yemen	329	0.22	220	0.12	933	0.49	324.10
United Kingdom	0	0.00	2,253	1.27	916	0.48	- 59.34
Malaysia	4,079	2.68	1,746	0.99	909	0.47	- 47.95
Cyprus	88	0.06	88	0.05	737	0.38	734.92
Kenya	218	0.14	0	0.00	694	0.36	0.00
Virgin Islands (British)	0	0.00	0	0.00	518	0.27	0.00
Djibouti	0	0.00	690	0.39	460	0.24	- 33.33
Slovakia	20	0.01	183	0.10	447	0.23	144.28
Czech Republic	0	0.00	118	0.07	312	0.16	164.39
Switzerland	0	0.00	298	0.17	266	0.14	- 10.64
Hong Kong	0	0.00	48	0.03	263	0.14	449.40
Singapore	0	0.00	0	0.00	248	0.13	0.00
Vietnam	0	0.00	740	0.42	215	0.11	- 70.87
Denmark	0	0.00	0	0.00	213	0.11	0.00
Germany	2	0.00	0	0.00	163	0.08	0.00
Belarus	2,365	1.55	581	0.33	124	0.06	- 78.57
Nepal	0	0.00	549	0.31	0	0.00	- 100.00
Lebanon	0	0.00	1,100	0.62	0	0.00	- 100.00
Mauritius	485	0.32	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Madagascar	0	0.00	264	0.15	0	0.00	- 100.00
Bangladesh	0	0.00	7,059	3.99	0	0.00	- 100.00
Canada	484	0.32	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Iran	0	0.00	2,874	1.62	0	0.00	- 100.00
Spain	8,295	5.44	500	0.28	0	0.00	- 100.00
Other	533.00	0.35	7.00	0.00	143.00	0.07	1,942.9

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Soybean Oil Export Statistics by Month and Destination, Ukraine, MT (HS 1507)

Destination	Sept-Dec 2017	MY 2017/18	Sep-18	Oct-18	Nov-18	Dec-18	Sept-Dec 2018	% Change Sept-Dec 2018 to Sept-Dec 2017
World	44,155	191,548	11,497	25,186	10,009	20,658	67,350	52.5
South Asia	176	11,114	120	2,642	352	8,524	11,638	6,512.5
EU-28	25,645	79,930	8,781	10,264	8,341	6,862	34,248	33.5
East & Southeast Asia	15,368	64,700	2,476	1,581	811	3,235	8,103	-47.3
Middle East	947	26,469	0	3,704	240	1,176	5,120	440.7
Africa	1,376	8,692	120	6,864	264	672	7,920	475.6
Eurasian Economic Union	124	124	0	130	0	190	320	158.1
India	176	11,114	120	2,642	261	8,524	11,547	6,460.8
Poland	22,798	71,494	8,088	9,662	7,544	6,570	31,864	39.8
Hong Kong	0	263	0	0	0	1,987	1,987	∞
China	14,697	63,015	2,476	1,558	535	1,081	5,650	-61.6
Israel	230	1,733	0	0	0	480	480	108.7
Lebanon	0	0	0	0	0	360	360	∞
Ethiopia	1,146	3,538	0	0	264	360	624	-45.5
Tanzania	0	0	0	624	0	312	936	∞
Yemen	214	934	0	192	0	192	384	79.4
Belarus	124	124	0	130	0	190	320	158.1
Vietnam	215	215	0	0	0	167	167	-22.3
Lithuania	1,513	2,715	341	291	537	130	1,299	-14.1
Jordan	0	0	0	220	240	120	580	∞
Netherlands	0	0	0	0	0	66	66	∞
Slovakia	185	448	24	24	24	48	120	-35.1
Cyprus	293	737	24	120	120	48	312	6.5
Saudi Arabia	0	10,260	0	0	0	0	0	∞
United Arab Emirates	0	9,513	0	768	0	0	768	∞
United Kingdom	398	916	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Oman	0	1,000	0	2,500	0	0	2,500	∞
Romania	97	1,105	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Malaysia	307	909	0	24	275	0	299	-2.6
Morocco	0	4,000	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Czech Republic	98	313	188	73	70	0	331	237.8
Djibouti	230	460	0	240	0	0	240	4.3
Algeria	0	0	0	6,000	0	0	6,000	∞
Kenya	0	694	120	0	0	0	120	∞
Kuwait	503	3,006	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Italy	0	1,497	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Virgin Islands (British)	518	518	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Other	415	1,033	116	117	138	24	395	-4.8

Soybean Oil Imports to Ukraine by Origin, MY, MT (HS 1507)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Sept 15-Aug 16)		MY 2016/17 (Sept 16-Aug 17)		MY 2017/18 (Sept 17-Aug 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	85	100.00	12	100.00	13	100.00	4.64
EU-28	8	8.93	10	81.15	7	51.92	- 33.05
Middle East	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.76	0.00
East & Southeast Asia	43	50.84	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Canada	0	0.00	0	0.00	5	43.46	0.00
Belgium	0	0.00	4	33.44	3	24.23	- 24.18
Germany	1	0.76	2	19.52	2	19.77	5.98
France	0	0.00	1	8.09	1	6.38	- 17.53
United States	34	40.23	2	18.85	0	3.86	- 78.59
Netherlands	3	4.02	1	6.34	0	1.51	- 75.00
Turkey	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.76	0.00
Italy	0	0.02	2	13.76	0	0.03	- 99.81
Slovakia	4	4.12	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Thailand	0	0.53	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Hong Kong	43	50.31	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Soybean Meal Exports from Ukraine by Destination, MY, MT (HS 2304, 230250, 120810)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Sept 15-Aug 16)		MY 2016/17 (Sept 16-Aug 17)		MY 2017/18 (Sept 17-Aug 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	347,324	100.00	303,299	100.00	365,370	100.00	20.47
Africa	21,657	6.24	15,607	5.15	26,223	7.18	68.02
East & Southeast Asia	1,062	0.31	755	0.25	555	0.15	- 26.46
EU-28	45,186	13.01	111,912	36.90	125,620	34.38	12.25
Eurasian Economic Union	109,499	31.53	55,704	18.37	97,132	26.58	74.37
Middle East	123,602	35.59	96,716	31.89	98,620	26.99	1.97
South Asia	28,045	8.07	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Belarus	109,499	31.53	55,704	18.37	94,648	25.90	69.91
Hungary	9,875	2.84	71,996	23.74	66,782	18.28	- 7.24
Georgia	47,271	13.61	39,021	12.87	41,290	11.30	5.82
Azerbaijan	5,834	1.68	13,751	4.53	40,114	10.98	191.72
Poland	27,084	7.80	14,898	4.91	35,495	9.71	138.26
Libya	5,000	1.44	15,564	5.13	26,178	7.16	68.19
Moldova	16,374	4.71	17,347	5.72	16,190	4.43	- 6.66
Romania	880	0.25	22	0.01	10,538	2.88	∞
Turkey	54,812	15.78	28,764	9.48	9,588	2.62	- 66.67
Italy	0	0.00	0	0.00	6,275	1.72	0.00
Lebanon	2,101	0.61	9,668	3.19	5,100	1.40	- 47.25
Lithuania	838	0.24	3,166	1.04	4,175	1.14	31.89
Turkmenistan	1,834	0.53	5,258	1.73	3,387	0.93	- 35.58
Armenia	0	0.00	0	0.00	2,484	0.68	0.00
Estonia	1,078	0.31	1,870	0.62	2,354	0.64	25.88
Korea South	1,062	0.31	755	0.25	222	0.06	- 70.58
Philippines	0	0.00	0	0.00	200	0.05	0.00
Malaysia	0	0.00	0	0.00	133	0.04	0.00
Uzbekistan	65	0.02	0	0.00	126	0.03	0.00
Israel	13,583	3.91	5,502	1.81	44	0.01	- 99.20
South Africa	0	0.00	0	0.00	25	0.01	0.00
Uganda	0	0.00	0	0.00	20	0.01	0.00
Spain	0	0.00	1,248	0.41	0	0.00	- 100.00
Sri Lanka	518	0.15	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Tanzania	22	0.01	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Tunisia	3,028	0.87	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Mauritius	0	0.00	43	0.01	0	0.00	- 100.00
Slovakia	0	0.00	23	0.01	0	0.00	- 100.00
Oman	0	0.00	10	0.00	0	0.00	- 100.00
Latvia	391	0.11	22	0.01	0	0.00	- 100.00
India	27,332	7.87	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
France	3,898	1.12	18,668	6.16	0	0.00	- 100.00
Afghanistan	195	0.06	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Bulgaria	593	0.17	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Cyprus	549	0.16	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Egypt	13,607	3.92	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Soybean Meal Export Statistics by Month and Destination, Ukraine, MT (HS 2304, 230250, 120810)

Destination	Sept-Dec 2017	MY 2017/18	Sep-18	Oct-18	Nov-18	Dec-18	Sept-Dec 2018	% Change Sept-Dec 2018 to Sept-Dec 2017
World	108,760	365,369	19,223	38,695	50,795	63,214	171,927	58.1
Africa	0	26,223	0	0	0	6,136	6,136	∞
East & Southeast Asia	244	555	0	38	0	0	38	-84.4
EU-28	35,462	125,620	11,428	22,033	27,444	26,198	87,103	145.6
Eurasian Economic Union	36,644	97,133	1,881	7,546	12,134	12,443	34,004	-7.2
Middle East	31,502	98,620	5,664	8,215	10,252	14,604	38,735	23.0
Hungary	23,170	66,784	4,149	9,180	6,301	12,477	32,107	38.6
Belarus	35,165	94,649	1,881	7,546	12,134	12,443	34,004	-3.3
Poland	9,446	35,495	5,901	7,378	17,065	10,014	40,358	327.2
Georgia	15,842	41,289	1,596	1,484	7,450	6,638	17,168	8.4
Libya	0	26,178	0	0	0	5,697	5,697	∞
Azerbaijan	11,053	40,113	250	1,500	22	4,609	6,381	-42.3
Turkey	3,083	9,588	3,818	5,231	2,755	3,307	15,111	390.1
Turkmenistan	941	3,386	0	122	187	3,109	3,418	263.2
Italy	0	6,275	0	0	2,040	1,982	4,022	∞
Romania	976	10,537	983	0	983	1,199	3,165	224.3
Moldova	5,445	16,191	251	740	779	725	2,495	-54.2
Mauritius	0	0	0	0	0	439	439	∞
Estonia	638	2,354	308	242	352	330	1,232	93.1
Lithuania	1,232	4,176	88	396	704	132	1,320	7.1
Netherlands	0	0	0	0	0	64	64	∞
Jordan	0	0	0	0	25	50	75	∞
Korea South	111	222	0	38	0	0	38	-65.8
Lebanon	0	5,100	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Philippines	0	200	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Malaysia	133	133	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Armenia	1,479	2,484	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Germany	0	0	0	4,837	0	0	4,837	∞
Israel	44	44	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
South Africa	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Uganda	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Uzbekistan	0	126	0	0	0	0	0	∞

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Soybean Meal Imports to Ukraine by Origin, MT (HS 2304, 230250, 120810)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Sept 15-Aug 16)		MY 2016/17 (Sept 16-Aug 17)		MY 2017/18 (Sept 17-Aug 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	1,883	100.00	2,104	100.00	3,223	100.00	53.16
East & Southeast Asia	913	48.51	1,052	49.99	1,355	42.03	28.76
EU-28	896	47.59	895	42.54	1,074	33.32	19.98
Eurasian Economic Union	1	0.05	0	0.00	692	21.48	0.00
China	913	48.51	1,052	49.99	1,355	42.03	28.76
Belarus	0	0.00	0	0.00	692	21.48	0.00
Denmark	801	42.56	799	37.97	539	16.71	- 32.60
Netherlands	7	0.40	2	0.10	345	10.70	∞
Poland	22	1.17	42	2.00	112	3.48	166.81
Serbia	53	2.83	145	6.88	98	3.03	- 32.46
Germany	14	0.72	19	0.89	53	1.63	180.30
Austria	8	0.44	12	0.58	14	0.43	13.17
Belgium	0	0.00	0	0.00	12	0.38	∞
Canada	0	0.00	5	0.25	4	0.13	- 16.28
United States	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	- 96.00
Slovakia	0	0.00	4	0.19	0	0.00	- 100.00
Spain	22	1.15	17	0.82	0	0.00	- 100.00
Brazil	19	1.01	7	0.34	0	0.00	- 100.00
Russia	1	0.05	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Estonia	22	1.17	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Soybean Meal Import Statistics by Month and Origin, Ukraine, MT (HS 2304, 230250, 120810)

Destination	Sept-Dec 2017	MY 2017/18	Sep-18	Oct-18	Nov-18	Dec-18	Sept-Dec 2018	% Change Sept-Dec 2018 to Sept-Dec 2017
World	814	3,224	201	192	125	439	957	17.6
East & Southeast Asia	500	1,356	106	135	117	136	494	-1.2
EU-28	276	1,075	95	58	9	87	249	-9.8
Eurasian Economic Union	0	692	0	0	0	195	195	∞
Belarus	0	692	0	0	0	195	195	∞
China	500	1,356	106	135	117	136	494	-1.2
Denmark	190	540	14	42	5	64	125	-34.2
Serbia	35	97	0	0	0	20	20	-42.9
Belgium	0	12	11	14	0	7	32	∞
Germany	10	53	0	0	0	7	7	-30.0
Netherlands	22	345	68	0	2	6	76	245.5
Austria	8	15	2	1	2	3	8	0.0
Poland	46	112	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Canada	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Spain	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	∞
United States	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Rapeseed

Rapeseed Exports from Ukraine by Destination, MY, 1000 MT (HS 1205)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (July 15-June 16)		MY 2016/17 (July 16-June 17)		MY 2017/18 (July 17-June 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	1,437.3	100.00	1,033.1	100.00	2,118.3	100.00	105.05
EU-28	1,115.2	77.59	951.0	92.06	1,721.1	81.25	80.97
South Asia	213.4	14.85	31.8	3.07	259.4	12.25	716.90
Middle East	105.4	7.34	46.5	4.50	125.9	5.94	170.79
East & Southeast Asia	0.3	0.02	0.5	0.05	11.7	0.55	2046.20
Africa	0.1	0.01	0.2	0.02	0.3	0.01	80.40
Eurasian Economic Union	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
Netherlands	96.8	6.73	132.6	12.83	573.7	27.08	332.76
Germany	16.2	1.13	145.0	14.04	457.3	21.59	215.32
Belgium	256.1	17.82	202.6	19.61	427.2	20.17	110.86
Pakistan	135.9	9.45	0.0	0.00	184.0	8.68	0.00
France	484.9	33.74	181.1	17.53	110.5	5.22	- 38.98
Portugal	186.9	13.00	79.0	7.65	77.0	3.64	- 2.59
Poland	71.7	4.99	205.0	19.85	68.6	3.24	- 66.56
Bangladesh	49.2	3.42	23.5	2.27	66.8	3.16	184.58
United Arab Emirates	58.5	4.07	0.0	0.00	52.5	2.48	0.00
Israel	38.8	2.70	30.5	2.96	45.7	2.16	49.66
Iran	0.0	0.00	14.6	1.42	27.6	1.30	88.29
Vietnam	0.0	0.00	0.5	0.05	10.1	0.48	1755.19
Nepal	25.8	1.80	8.3	0.80	6.5	0.31	- 21.82
Italy	0.0	0.00	2.8	0.28	3.3	0.16	17.76
India	2.5	0.18	0.0	0.00	2.1	0.10	0.00
Czech Republic	0.2	0.02	0.9	0.09	1.9	0.09	110.27
Malaysia	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	1.4	0.06	0.00
Austria	0.4	0.03	1.0	0.10	1.1	0.05	8.68
Estonia	0.7	0.05	0.8	0.08	0.5	0.03	- 34.37
Algeria	0.1	0.01	0.2	0.02	0.3	0.01	53.42
Indonesia	0.3	0.02	0.0	0.00	0.2	0.01	0.00
Lebanon	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.1	0.00	224.83
Tunisia	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Turkey	8.1	0.56	1.3	0.12	0.0	0.00	- 98.28
Hungary	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	∞
Kazakhstan	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
Greece	0.0	0.00	0.1	0.01	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
Belarus	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Denmark	0.6	0.04	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Romania	0.6	0.04	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Spain	0.2	0.01	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
United States	2.8	0.19	3.1	0.30	0.0	0.00	- 100.00

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Rapeseed Export Statistics by Month and Destination, 1000 MT, Ukraine (HS 1205)

Destination	MY 2017/18	July-Dec 2017	Jul-18	Aug-18	Sep-18	Oct-18	Nov-18	Dec-18	July-Dec 2018	% Change Jul-Dec 2018 to Jul-Dec 2017
World	2,118.3	2,068.2	329.4	656.2	586.2	337.6	324.1	78.5	2,311.9	11.8
EU-28	1,721.1	1,696.3	265.2	588.9	474.5	328.8	320.2	69.3	2,046.9	20.7
Middle East	125.9	111.6	0.0	63.0	39.3	0.0	0.3	7.8	110.3	-1.2
South Asia	259.4	248.5	63.5	1.9	28.9	8.2	3.1	1.2	106.8	-57.0
Africa	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	163.1
East & Southeast Asia	11.7	11.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	-99.5
Germany	457.3	456.0	134.4	185.4	68.3	130.6	148.5	63.8	731.0	60.3
Israel	45.7	31.5	0.0	0.0	5.3	0.0	0.0	7.8	13.0	-58.7
Poland	68.6	46.8	23.2	33.2	13.0	7.2	9.1	5.0	90.7	93.7
Bangladesh	66.8	55.9	0.5	1.0	2.0	6.7	3.1	1.1	14.4	-74.3
France	110.5	109.4	27.0	75.3	175.2	1.0	39.0	0.5	318.0	190.6
Algeria	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	59.5
Nepal	6.5	6.5	0.0	0.9	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.1	2.5	-60.8
Indonesia	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-81.4
Moldova	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	∞
Iran	27.6	27.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Italy	3.3	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Lebanon	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	118.8
Malaysia	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-98.5
Mexico	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	42.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	42.0	∞
Austria	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	2.3	114.1
Hungary	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
India	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-99.0
Belgium	427.2	427.2	55.6	259.3	118.2	138.8	123.5	0.0	695.4	62.8
Cyprus	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	∞
Czech Republic	1.9	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	-94.3
Estonia	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Netherlands	573.7	573.4	0.0	0.0	96.9	49.5	0.0	0.0	146.4	-74.5
Pakistan	184.0	184.0	63.0	0.0	26.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	89.9	-51.1
Portugal	77.0	77.0	25.0	35.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	60.8	-21.1
Romania	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	∞
Tunisia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	∞
Turkey	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	1,172.7
United Arab Emirates	52.5	52.5	0.0	63.0	34.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	97.0	84.7
United States	0.0	0.0	0.7	2.3	1.5	0.6	0.5	0.0	5.6	∞
Vietnam	10.1	10.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Rapeseed Import Statistics by Month and Origin, Ukraine, MT (HS 1205)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (July 15-June 16)		MY 2016/17 (July 16-June 17)		MY 2017/18 (July 17-June 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	2,186	100.00	5,907	100.00	9,536	100.00	61.44
EU-28	2,168	99.21	5,865	99.29	9,518	99.81	62.30
Poland	0	0.00	3,516	59.53	3,477	36.47	- 1.11
Germany	1,139	52.11	1,532	25.94	3,077	32.27	100.80
Portugal	0	0.00	0	0.00	1,977	20.73	0.00
France	575	26.29	599	10.14	749	7.86	25.04
Spain	185	8.48	122	2.07	188	1.97	53.43
Italy	0	0.00	24	0.41	38	0.40	54.83
Moldova	0	0.00	0	0.00	15	0.16	0.00
Hungary	139	6.34	68	1.15	10	0.10	- 85.66
Argentina	4	0.20	32	0.55	3	0.03	- 91.07
Czech Republic	0	0.00	2	0.03	2	0.02	- 25.00
Austria	131	5.98	0	0.00	0	0.00	1391.85
Belgium	0	0.01	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Romania	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Serbia	0	0.00	10	0.17	0	0.00	- 100.00
New Zealand	13	0.59	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Rapeseed Oil Exports from Ukraine by Destination, MY, MT (HS 1514)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (July 15-June 16)		MY 2016/17 (July 16-June 17)		MY 2017/18 (July 17-June 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	154,911	100.00	69,694	100.00	59,786	100.00	- 14.22
EU-28	93,584	60.41	66,804	95.85	51,565	86.25	- 22.81
East & Southeast Asia	44,786	28.91	2,682	3.85	8,216	13.74	206.31
Eurasian Economic Union	1	0.00	53	0.08	4	0.01	- 92.29
Middle East	3,046	1.97	155	0.22	0	0.00	- 99.76
South Asia	13,493	8.71	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Poland	13,950	9.00	24,930	35.77	21,483	35.93	- 13.83
Spain	0	0.00	4,000	5.74	18,112	30.29	352.80
Lithuania	11,491	7.42	15,025	21.56	11,376	19.03	- 24.29
China	40,521	26.16	2,445	3.51	7,709	12.89	215.25
Latvia	23	0.01	201	0.29	564	0.94	180.23
Malaysia	4,265	2.75	237	0.34	507	0.85	113.98
Czech Republic	4,047	2.61	695	1.00	23	0.04	- 96.66
Germany	476	0.31	0	0.00	6	0.01	7729.62
Russia	1	0.00	53	0.08	3	0.00	- 95.22
Kazakhstan	0	0.00	0	0.00	2	0.00	518.30
United States	1	0.00	0	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
Hungary	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Israel	45	0.03	155	0.22	0	0.00	- 99.76
Moldova	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	557.27
Bulgaria	4,532	2.93	0	0.00	0	0.00	92.54
Slovakia	1,724	1.11	676	0.97	0	0.00	- 99.99
United Kingdom	179	0.12	0	0.00	0	0.00	- 100.00
Romania	0	0.00	45	0.06	0	0.00	- 100.00
Austria	1,616	1.04	0	0.00	0	0.00	- 100.00
Greece	950	0.61	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
France	0	0.00	6,004	8.62	0	0.00	- 100.00
Georgia	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Netherlands	897	0.58	9,895	14.20	0	0.00	- 100.00
Italy	53,699	34.66	5,332	7.65	0	0.00	- 100.00
India	13,493	8.71	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Iran	3,000	1.94	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Rapeseed Oil Export Statistics by Month and Destination, Ukraine, MT (HS 1514)

Destination	MY 2017/18	July-Dec 2017	Jul-18	Aug-18	Sep-18	Oct-18	Nov-18	Dec-18	July-Dec 2018	% Change Jul-Dec 2018 to Jul-Dec 2017
World	59,785	58,741	15,785	27,343	56,061	26,130	16,047	1,162	142,528	142.6
EU-28	51,565	50,524	13,034	21,156	29,219	6,931	4,364	805	75,509	49.5
East & Southeast Asia	8,216	8,216	2,751	6,187	26,843	19,199	11,683	357	67,020	715.7
Poland	21,484	20,700	2,568	8,869	7,195	5,814	4,125	490	29,061	40.4
China	7,709	7,709	2,751	5,703	26,843	19,199	11,683	357	66,536	763.1
Latvia	565	565	0	960	973	973	120	291	3,317	487.1
Lithuania	11,375	11,118	189	3,823	2,614	24	24	25	6,699	-39.7
Moldova	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞
India	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Israel	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Kazakhstan	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Austria	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	23	∞
Bulgaria	0	0	0	1,504	1,500	0	0	0	3,004	∞
Czech Republic	23	23	0	0	75	0	0	0	75	226.1
Estonia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞
France	0	0	10,000	0	0	0	0	0	10,000	∞
Germany	6	5	0	0	0	120	71	0	191	3,720.0
Hungary	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	25	∞
Netherlands	0	0	0	6,000	16,838	0	0	0	22,838	∞
Malaysia	507	507	0	484	0	0	0	0	484	-4.5
Russia	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Slovakia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Spain	18,112	18,112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-100.0
Switzerland	0	0	276	0	0	0	0	0	276	∞
United States	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Rapeseed Oil Imports to Ukraine by Origin, MY, MT (HS 1514)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (July 15-June 16)		MY 2016/17 (July 16-June 17)		MY 2017/18 (July 17-June 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	931	100.00	979	100.00	1,409	100.00	43.84
EU-28	734	78.76	766	78.21	1,079	76.59	40.88
Eurasian Economic Union	194	20.84	206	21.06	328	23.31	59.23
Middle East	2	0.21	7	0.74	0	0.02	- 96.46
Poland	702	75.42	680	69.45	1,014	71.98	49.09
Russia	151	16.21	170	17.35	214	15.22	26.18
Belarus	43	4.63	36	3.70	114	8.09	214.12
Germany	31	3.34	41	4.16	65	4.61	59.50
Sweden	2	0.18	0	0.00	1	0.08	0.00
Turkey	2	0.21	7	0.74	0	0.02	- 96.46
Netherlands	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.01	0.00
United States	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
France	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Belgium	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	- 44.44
Slovakia	0	0.00	0	0.01	0	0.00	- 100.00
Romania	0	0.00	45	4.60	0	0.00	- 100.00

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Rapeseed Meal Exports from Ukraine by Destination, MY, MT (HS 230640, 230641 and 230649)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (July 15-June 16)		MY 2016/17 (July 16-June 17)		MY 2017/18 (July 17-June 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	187,710	100.00	78,032	100.00	70,645	100.00	- 9.47
Africa	0	0.00	5,272	6.76	0	0.00	- 100.00
East & Southeast Asia	0	0.00	1,597	2.05	3,035	4.30	90.01
EU-28	159,548	85.00	52,581	67.38	56,185	79.53	6.85
Eurasian Economic Union	0	0.00	7,544	9.67	0	0.00	- 100.00
Middle East	28,118	14.98	11,016	14.12	11,425	16.17	3.72
Lithuania	43,815	23.34	22,431	28.75	29,815	42.20	32.92
Poland	24,322	12.96	12,719	16.30	8,382	11.86	- 34.10
Israel	23,021	12.26	10,484	13.44	8,184	11.58	- 21.94
Latvia	8,203	4.37	3,434	4.40	5,664	8.02	64.97
Portugal	0	0.00	0	0.00	4,944	7.00	0.00
Spain	66,100	35.21	12,494	16.01	4,034	5.71	- 67.71
Estonia	848	0.45	1,503	1.93	3,346	4.74	122.58
Turkey	5,097	2.72	0	0.00	3,241	4.59	0.00
Vietnam	0	0.00	1,597	2.05	3,035	4.30	90.01
United Arab Emirates	0	0.00	532	0.68	0	0.00	- 100.00
United Kingdom	233	0.12	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Moldova	44	0.02	22	0.03	0	0.00	- 100.00
Morocco	0	0.00	5,272	6.76	0	0.00	- 100.00
Italy	12,725	6.78	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Belarus	0	0.00	7,544	9.67	0	0.00	- 100.00
Bulgaria	570	0.30	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Cyprus	2,733	1.46	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Rapeseed Meal Export Statistics by Month and Destination, Ukraine, MT (HS 230640, 230641 and 230649)

Destination	MY 2017/18	July-Dec 2017	Jul-18	Aug-18	Sep-18	Oct-18	Nov-18	Dec-18	July-Dec 2018	% Change Jul-Dec 2018 to Jul-Dec 2017
World	70,645	67,519	4,930	53,646	57,844	26,811	1,322	12,311	156,864	132.3
Africa	0	0	0	6,600	12,600	2,482	0	0	21,682	∞
East & Southeast Asia	3,035	3,035	0	0	0	0	0	459	459	-84.9
EU-28	56,184	53,058	4,930	34,156	45,034	22,996	1,322	7,295	115,733	118.1
Eurasian Economic Union	0	0	0	1,890	210	0	0	0	2,100	∞
Middle East	11,425	11,425	0	11,000	0	1,333	0	4,556	16,889	47.8
Spain	4,034	4,034	0	12,582	22,343	12,961	0	6,600	54,486	1,250.7
Israel	8,184	8,184	0	11,000	0	0	0	4,556	15,556	90.1
Lithuania	29,815	28,258	3,031	9,101	3,445	2,687	860	544	19,668	-30.4
Vietnam	3,035	3,035	0	0	0	0	0	459	459	-84.9
Estonia	3,347	2,681	263	374	308	242	286	88	1,561	-41.8
Poland	8,381	7,478	1,497	4,840	6,901	220	176	44	13,678	82.9
Slovakia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	20	∞
Belarus	0	0	0	1,890	210	0	0	0	2,100	∞
Turkey	3,241	3,241	0	0	0	1,333	0	0	1,333	-58.9
Portugal	4,944	4,944	0	6,293	5,497	0	0	0	11,790	138.5
Morocco	0	0	0	6,600	12,600	2,482	0	0	21,682	∞
Ireland	0	0	0	0	6,299	0	0	0	6,299	∞
Italy	0	0	0	0	0	5,483	0	0	5,483	∞
Latvia	5,665	5,665	138	966	241	1,404	0	0	2,749	-51.5

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Palm Oil

Palm Oil Imports to Ukraine by Origin, MY, 1000 MT (HS 1511)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Jan 16-Dec 16)		MY 2016/17 (Jan 17-Dec 17)		MY 2017/18 (Jan 18-Dec 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	193.5	100.00	212.8	100.00	220.9	100.00	3.79
Indonesia	164.6	85.05	175.4	82.41	170.5	77.19	- 2.78
Malaysia	27.5	14.22	20.7	9.73	48.2	21.82	132.65
Sweden	1.0	0.49	0.9	0.44	1.0	0.46	10.30
Netherlands	0.0	0.02	0.0	0.02	0.5	0.20	1063.14
Belgium	0.4	0.18	0.5	0.22	0.4	0.19	- 10.86
Germany	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.2	0.11	∞
Italy	0.0	0.02	0.0	0.02	0.0	0.01	- 29.33
India	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.01	0.00
Ghana	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	31.43
Poland	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Russia	0.0	0.01	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00
Honduras	0.0	0.00	12.2	5.75	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
Colombia	0.0	0.00	3.0	1.41	0.0	0.00	- 100.00
Latvia	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine

Palm Oil Exports from Ukraine by Destination, MY, MT (HS 1511)

Destination	MY 2015/16 (Jan 16-Dec 16)		MY 2016/17 (Jan 17-Dec 17)		MY 2017/18 (Jan 18-Dec 18)		% Change MY 2017/18 to 2016/17
	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	Quantity	% Share	
World	4,771	100.00	11,153	100.00	3,002	100.00	- 73.09
Russia	1,907	39.96	8,959	80.32	1,518	50.57	- 83.06
Serbia	41	0.86	231	2.07	546	18.19	136.36
Moldova	1,190	24.94	1,454	13.03	399	13.27	- 72.58
Belarus	166	3.48	68	0.61	320	10.64	370.54
Armenia	231	4.85	235	2.10	123	4.11	- 47.43
Georgia	32	0.67	0	0.00	54	1.79	0.00
Macedonia	0	0.00	63	0.56	42	1.40	- 33.33
Albania	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	0.03	0.00
Poland	109	2.28	38	0.34	0	0.00	- 99.93
Romania	502	10.53	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Kazakhstan	180	3.77	66	0.59	0	0.00	- 100.00
Lithuania	330	6.91	39	0.35	0	0.00	- 100.00
Azerbaijan	42	0.87	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Bulgaria	41	0.87	2	0.02	0	0.00	- 100.00
Czech Republic	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	- 100.00

Source: State Fiscal Service of Ukraine